

# **National Pollution Discharge Elimination System**

Permit Application for Discharge of  
Storm Water to Surface Water of the State from a  
Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System



**VILLAGE OF VICKSBURG  
KALAMAZOO COUNTY, MICHIGAN**

**July 2018**

**Prein&Newhof**

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# Chapter 1 – Storm Water Discharge Permit Application

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Village of Vicksburg

**National Pollution Discharge Elimination System**

July 2018

2150121



# **State of Michigan**

## **National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System**

### **Permit Application for Discharge of Storm Water to Surface Waters of the State from a Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System**

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY  
WATER RESOURCES DIVISION  
PERMITS SECTION  
P.O. BOX 30458  
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Michigan Department of Environmental Quality – Water Resources Division

# STORM WATER DISCHARGE PERMIT APPLICATION

**Do Not Return This Page with the Completed Application**

## PURPOSE AND AUTHORITY

The National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Program protects the surface waters of the state by assuring that discharges of wastewater comply with state and federal regulations. Anyone discharging or proposing to discharge wastewater to the surface waters of the state are required to make application for and obtain a valid NPDES permit prior to wastewater discharge.

NPDES permits are required under Section 402 of the Federal Clean Water Act (the “Federal Act”), as amended (33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq., P.L. 92-500, 95-217), and under Part 31, Water Resources Protection, of Michigan’s “Natural Resources and Environmental Protection Act”, 1994 PA 451, as amended (NREPA). Part 31 of the NREPA also provides authority for the State to issue NPDES permits. The Michigan Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) administers the NPDES permit program for the State of Michigan.

This Application should be used to apply for a storm water discharge from a regulated Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4) to the surface waters of the state.

## ELIGIBLE PERMITTEES

Except as excluded below, any public body that owns or operates a regulated MS4 may be eligible for permit coverage including, but not limited to, the United States, the State of Michigan, a city, village, township, county, public school district, public college or university, a single purpose governmental agency, or any other governing body which is created by federal or state statute or law.

The DEQ will determine eligibility for permit coverage.

Nongovernmental entities, such as individuals, private schools, private colleges, and private universities, or industrial and commercial entities, are not eligible for permit coverage.

## PENALTIES

The information in this Application is required by the Part 21 Rules of the NREPA. A municipality, business, or industry that violates the Part 21 Rules may be enjoined by action commenced by the Attorney General in a court of competent jurisdiction.

Federal and State laws provide penalties for submitting false application information. The laws imposing those penalties are cited below.

The Federal Act, Section 309(c)(4): “Any person who knowingly makes any false material statement, representation, or certification in any application, record, report, plan, or other document filed or required to be maintained under this chapter or who knowingly falsifies, tampers with, or renders inaccurate any monitoring device or method required to be maintained under this chapter, shall upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000, or by imprisonment for not more than 2 years, or by both. If a conviction of a person is for a violation committed after a first conviction of such person under this paragraph, punishment shall be a fine of not more than \$20,000 per day of violation, or by imprisonment of not more than 4 years, or by both.”

The NREPA, Section 3115(2): “A person who at the time of the violation knew or should have known that he or she discharged a substance contrary to this part, or contrary to a permit or order issued or rule promulgated under this part, or who intentionally makes a false statement, representation, or certification in an application form pertaining to a permit or in a notice or report required by the terms and conditions of an issued permit, or who intentionally renders inaccurate a monitoring device or record required to be maintained by the department, is guilty of a felony and shall be fined not less than \$2,500.00 or more than \$25,000.00 for each violation. The court may impose an additional fine of not more than \$25,000.00 for each day during which the unlawful discharge occurred. If the conviction is for a violation committed after a first conviction of the person under this subsection, the court shall impose a fine of not less than \$25,000.00 per day and not more than \$50,000.00 per day of violation. Upon conviction, in addition to a fine, the court, in its discretion may sentence the defendant to imprisonment for not more than 2 years or impose probation upon a person for a violation of this part. With the exception of the issuance of criminal complaints, issuance of warrants, and the holding of an arraignment, the circuit court for the county in which the violation occurred has exclusive jurisdiction. However, the person shall not be subject to the penalties of this subsection if the discharge of the effluent is in conformance with and obedient to a rule, order, or permit of the department. In addition to a fine, the attorney general may file a civil suit in a court of competent jurisdiction to recover the full value of the injuries done to the natural resources of the state and the costs of surveillance and enforcement by the state resulting from the violation.”

The Michigan Department of Environmental Quality will not discriminate against any individual or group on the basis of race, sex, religion, age, national origin, color, marital status, disability, or political beliefs. Questions or concerns should be directed to the Office of Personnel Services, P.O. Box 30473, Lansing, MI 48909.

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**PLEASE TYPE OR PRINT**

**Applicants for either new permit coverage or reissuance of a permit shall include all of the following requested information for Sections I-VIII.**

**SECTION I. APPLICANT NAME AND MAILING ADDRESS**

Current Permit/COC Number (if applicable)

Village of Vicksburg

MIG610330

Additional Applicant Name Information

Street Address or P.O. Box

e-mail

126 North Kalamazoo Avenue

kschippers@vicksburgmi.org

City or Village

State

ZIP Code

Vicksburg

Michigan

49097

Telephone (with area code)

FAX Number (with area code)

(269) 649-1919

(269) 649-3997

**SECTION II. CONTACTS**

- ☒ Application Contact  
☐ Storm Water Program Manager  
☒ Storm Water Billing

First Name

Tracy

Last Name

Locey

Title

Clerk

Business

Address 1

126 North Kalamazoo Avenue

Address 2

City

Vicksburg

State

MI

ZIP Code

49097

Telephone (with area code)

(269) 649-1919

FAX (with area code)

(269) 649-3997

e-mail

tlocey@vicksburgmi.org

- ☐ Application Contact  
☒ Storm Water Program Manager  
☐ Storm Water Billing

First Name

Randy

Last Name

Schippers

Title

Street Administrator

Business

Address 1

126 North Kalamazoo Avenue

Address 2

City

Vicksburg

State

MI

ZIP Code

49097

Telephone (with area code)

(269) 649-1919

FAX (with area code)

(269) 649-3997

e-mail

rschippers@vicksburgmi.org

- ☐ Application Contact  
☐ Storm Water Program Manager  
☐ Storm Water Billing

First Name

Last Name

Title

Business

Address 1

Address 2

City

State

Zip Code

Telephone (with area code)

FAX (with area code)

e-mail

**SECTION III.**

PERMIT ACTION REQUESTED:

- ☐ New Authorization  
☒ Reissuance of Previous Authorization  
☐ Modification of Current Permit

**SECTION IV. REGULATED AREA**

Provide a map identifying the urbanized area within the applicant's jurisdictional boundary as defined by the 2010 Census. The regulated municipal separate storm sewer system (MS4) means an MS4 owned or operated by a city, village, township, county, district, association, or other public body created by or pursuant to state law and the nested MS4 identified in Section VI. that is located in an urbanized area and discharges storm water into surface waters of the state. The 2010 Census maps are located at [http://www.michigan.gov/documents/deq/wrd-stormwater-urbanizedareas\\_374344\\_7.pdf](http://www.michigan.gov/documents/deq/wrd-stormwater-urbanizedareas_374344_7.pdf)

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**SECTION V. OUTFALLS AND POINTS OF DISCHARGE**

Identify and provide the surface water of the state that receives the discharge from each of the applicant's outfalls and points of discharge in Table 1 or an alternative format. Please note that an MS4 is not a surface water of the state. For example, an open county drain that is a surface water of the state is not an MS4.

**SECTION VI. NESTED JURISDICTIONS**

Submit the name and general description of each nested MS4 for which a cooperative agreement has been reached to carry out the terms and conditions of the permit for the nested jurisdiction. The applicant shall be responsible for assuring compliance with the permit for those nested jurisdictions with which they have entered into an agreement and listed as part of the Application. If the primary jurisdiction and the nested jurisdiction agree to cooperate so that the terms and conditions of the permit are met for the nested MS4, the nested jurisdiction does not need to apply for a separate permit. A city, village, or township shall not be a nested jurisdiction.

**NESTED JURISDICTION NAME AND GENERAL DESCRIPTION:**

See Chapter 4

**SECTION VII. STORM WATER MANAGEMENT PROGRAM**

This Application requires a description of the Best Management Practices (BMPs) the applicant will implement for each minimum control measure and the applicable water quality requirements during this permit cycle. The applicant shall incorporate the BMPs to develop a Storm Water Management Program (SWMP) as part of the Application. The SWMP shall be developed, implemented, and enforced to reduce the discharge of pollutants from the MS4 to the Maximum Extent Practicable and protect water quality in accordance with the appropriate water quality requirements of the NREPA 451, Public Acts of 1994, Part 31, and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended, (33 U.S.C. 1251 *et seq.*). The Maximum Extent Practicable may be met by implementing the BMPs identified in the SWMP and demonstrating the effectiveness of the BMPs. The applicant shall attach any appropriate and necessary documentation to demonstrate compliance with the six minimum control measures and applicable water quality requirements as part of the Application.

The applicant shall complete this Application to the best of its knowledge and ensure that it is true, accurate, and meets the minimum requirements for a SWMP to the Maximum Extent Practicable.

When answering the questions in this section of the Application, the applicant's MS4 encompasses what the applicant identified in Sections IV, V, and VI, above. The applicant shall include a measurable goal for each BMP. Each measurable goal shall include, as appropriate, a schedule for BMP implementation (months and years), including interim milestones and the frequency of the action. Each measurable goal shall have a measure of assessment to measure progress towards achieving the measurable goal. A United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) guidance document on measurable goals is available at <http://www.epa.gov/npdes/pubs/measurablegoals.pdf>.

Several minimum control measures include a statement requesting the applicant to indicate in the response if you are, or will be, working collaboratively with watershed or regional partners on any or all activities to meet the minimum control measure requirements. If the applicant chooses to work collaboratively with watershed or regional partners to implement parts of the SWMP, each applicant will be responsible for complying with the minimum permit requirements.

***For purposes of this Application a procedure means a written process, policy or other mechanism describing how the applicant will implement minimum requirements. It may be helpful to read all questions in each section first.***

**Enforcement Response Procedure (ERP)**

The applicant shall describe the current and proposed enforcement responses to address violations of the applicant's ordinances and regulatory mechanisms identified in the SWMP. The following question represents the minimum requirement for the ERP. Please complete the question below.

1. Provide the ERP. The ERP shall include the applicant's expected response to violations to compel compliance with an ordinance or regulatory mechanism implemented by the applicant in the SWMP (e.g., written notices, citations, and fines). The ERP shall contain a method for tracking instances of non-compliance, including, as appropriate, the name of the person responsible for violating the applicant's ordinance or regulatory mechanism, the date and location of the violation, a description of the violation, a description of the enforcement response used, a schedule for returning to compliance, and the date the violation was resolved. The applicant may keep an electronic file or hard copy file of the enforcement tracking.

ERP Reference (page and paragraph of attachments): *e.g., Attachment A, Page 3, Section b.* See Chapter 5

**Public Participation/Involvement Program (PPP)**

The applicant shall describe the current and proposed BMPs to meet the minimum control measure requirements for the PPP to the maximum extent practicable, which shall be incorporated into the SWMP. Please indicate in your response if you are, or will be, working collaboratively with watershed or regional partners on any or all activities in the PPP during the permit cycle (i.e., identify collaborative efforts in the procedures). The following questions represent the minimum control measure requirements for the PPP. Please complete all the questions below. A measurable goal with a measure of assessment shall be included for each BMP, and, as appropriate, a schedule for implementation (months and years), including interim milestones and the frequency of the BMP.

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2. Provide the procedure for making the SWMP available for public inspection and comment. The procedure shall include a process for notifying the public when and where the SWMP is available and of opportunities to provide comment. The procedure shall also include a process for complying with local public notice requirements, as appropriate.

Procedure Reference (page and paragraph of attachments): *e.g., Attachment A, Page 3, Section b. See Chapter 6*

3. Provide the procedure for inviting public involvement and participation in the implementation and periodic review of the SWMP.

Procedure Reference (page and paragraph of attachments): See Chapter 6

**Public Education Program (PEP)**

The applicant shall describe the current and proposed BMPs to meet the minimum control measure requirements for the PEP to the maximum extent practicable, which shall be incorporated into the SWMP. Please indicate in your response if you are, or will be, working collaboratively with watershed or regional partners on any or all activities in the PEP during the permit cycle. The following questions represent the minimum requirements for the PEP. Please complete all the questions below. A measurable goal with a measure of assessment shall be included for each BMP, and, as appropriate, a schedule for implementation (months and years), including interim milestones and the frequency of the BMP. The responses shall reflect the nested MS4s identified in Section VI.

4. Provide the procedure with the assessment of high priority, community-wide issues and targeted issues to reduce pollutants in storm water runoff as part of the PEP. The assessment shall include a list of the priority issues.

☐ Procedure Reference (page and paragraph of attachments): *e.g., Attachment A, Page 3, Section b \_\_\_\_\_*

☒ Not applicable – PEP topics will not be prioritized.

5. The applicant shall identify applicable PEP topics below and, if prioritizing topics, prioritize based on the assessment in Question 4. The PEP topics may be prioritized as high, medium, and low or in order from 1-11 based on the assigned priority level (e.g., 1 being the highest priority topic and 11 being the lowest priority topic). For each applicable topic, identify the target audience; key message; delivery mechanism; year and frequency the BMP will be implemented; and the responsible party.

For each topic below, complete one or more of the following

- Fill out Table 2 for each applicable PEP topic.
- Reference the page number in your existing PEP document.
- Explain why the PEP activity is not applicable or a priority issue.

- A. Promote public responsibility and stewardship in the applicant's watershed(s).

Priority Ranking \_\_\_\_\_

☐ See Table 2

☒ Attach existing approved PEP (page and paragraph of attachments): Chapter 7, Table 2, PEP Objective 1

☐ Not applicable. Provide explanation below.

- B. Inform and educate the public about the connection of the MS4 to area waterbodies and the potential impacts discharges could have on surface waters of the state.

Priority Ranking \_\_\_\_\_

☐ See Table 2

☒ Attach existing approved PEP (page and paragraph of attachments): Chapter 7, Table 2, PEP Objective 2

☐ Not applicable. Provide explanation below.

- C. Educate the public on illicit discharges and promote public reporting of illicit discharges and improper disposal of materials into the MS4.

Priority Ranking \_\_\_\_\_

☐ See Table 2

☒ Attach existing approved PEP (page and paragraph of attachments): Chapter 7, Table 2, PEP Objective 3

☐ Not applicable. Provide explanation below.

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- D. Promote preferred cleaning materials and procedures for car, pavement, and power washing.

Priority Ranking \_\_\_\_\_

☐ See Table 2

☒ Attach existing approved PEP (page and paragraph of attachments): Chapter 7, Table 2, PEP Objective 4

☐ Not applicable. Provide explanation below.

- E. Inform and educate the public on proper application and disposal of pesticides, herbicides, and fertilizers.

Priority Ranking \_\_\_\_\_

☐ See Table 2

☒ Attach existing approved PEP (page and paragraph of attachments): Chapter 7, Table 2, PEP Objective 4

☐ Not applicable. Provide explanation below.

- F. Promote proper disposal practices for grass clippings, leaf litter, and animal wastes that may enter into the MS4.

Priority Ranking \_\_\_\_\_

☐ See Table 2

☒ Attach existing approved PEP (page and paragraph of attachments): Chapter 7, Table 2, PEP Objective 4

☐ Not applicable. Provide explanation below.

- G. Identify and promote the availability, location, and requirements of facilities for collection or disposal of household hazardous wastes, travel trailer sanitary wastes, chemicals, and motor vehicle fluids.

Priority Ranking \_\_\_\_\_

☐ See Table 2

☒ Attach existing approved PEP (page and paragraph of attachments): Chapter 7, Table 2, PEP Objective 5

☐ Not applicable. Provide explanation below.

- H. Inform and educate the public on proper septic system care and maintenance, and how to recognize system failure.

Priority Ranking \_\_\_\_\_

☐ See Table 2

☐ Attach existing approved PEP (page and paragraph of attachments): \_\_\_\_\_

☒ Not applicable. Provide explanation below.

Village is 100% public sanitary sewer

- I. Educate the public on, and promote the benefits of, green infrastructure and Low Impact Development.

Priority Ranking \_\_\_\_\_

☐ See Table 2

☒ Attach existing approved PEP (page and paragraph of attachments): Chapter 7, Table 2, PEP Objective 4

☐ Not applicable. Provide explanation below.

- J. Promote methods for managing riparian lands to protect water quality.

Priority Ranking \_\_\_\_\_

☐ See Table 2

☒ Attach existing approved PEP (page and paragraph of attachments): Chapter 7, Table 2, PEP Objective 6

☐ Not applicable. Provide explanation on the next page.

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K. Identify and educate commercial, industrial, and institutional entities likely to contribute pollutants to storm water runoff.

Priority Ranking \_\_\_\_\_

☐ See Table 2

☒ Attach existing approved PEP (page and paragraph of attachments): Chapter 7, Page 2, last paragraph

☐ Not applicable. Provide explanation below.

6. Provide the procedure for evaluating and determining the effectiveness of the overall PEP. The procedure shall include a method for assessing changes in public awareness and behavior resulting from the implementation of the PEP and the process for modifying the PEP to address ineffective implementation.

Procedure Reference (page and paragraph of attachments): Chapter 7, page 3 and Table 2 "Measure of assessment"

**Illicit Discharge Elimination Program (IDEP)**

The applicant shall describe the current and proposed BMPs to meet the minimum control measure requirements for the IDEP to the Maximum Extent Practicable, which shall be incorporated into the SWMP. Please indicate in your response if you are or will be working collaboratively with watershed or regional partners on any or all BMPs in the IDEP during the permit cycle (e.g., identify collaborative efforts in the procedures). The following questions represent the minimum control measure requirements for the IDEP. Please complete all the questions below. A measurable goal with a measure of assessment shall be included for each BMP, and, as appropriate, a schedule for implementation (months and years), including interim milestones and the frequency of the BMP. The responses shall reflect the nested MS4s identified in Section VI.

The following definitions apply to the terms used below:

- Illicit Discharge: Any discharge to, or seepage into, an MS4 that is not composed entirely of storm water or uncontaminated groundwater except discharges pursuant to an NPDES permit. A discharge that originates from the applicant's property and meets the illicit discharge definition is considered an illicit discharge.
- Illicit Connection: A physical connection to an MS4 that primarily conveys non-storm water discharges other than uncontaminated groundwater into the MS4; or a physical connection not authorized or permitted by the local authority, where a local authority requires authorization or a permit for physical connections.

The Center for Watershed Protection has a guide on developing and implementing an IDEP available at <http://www.epa.gov/npdes/pubs/idd manualwithappendices.pdf>. This guide is a useful tool to assist with completing the Application.

Storm Sewer System Map

7. Provide the location where an up-to-date storm sewer system map(s) is available. The map(s) shall identify the following: the storm sewer system, the location of all outfalls and points of discharge, and the names and location of the surface waters of the state that receive discharges from the permittee's MS4 (for both outfalls and points of discharge). A separate storm sewer system includes: roads, catch basins, curbs, gutters, parking lots, ditches, conduits, pumping devices, and man-made channels. A storm sewer system map(s) may include available diagrams, such as certification maps, road maps showing rights-of-way, as-built drawings, or other hard copy or digital representation of the storm sewer system.

The map (or maps) is available at the following location: *e.g., The Department of Public Works front office* Combination of Village DPW Office and Village Hall

Illicit Discharge Identification and Investigation

8. Provide the procedure for prioritizing the applicant's MS4 for detecting non-storm water discharges. The goal of the prioritization process is to target areas with high illicit discharge potential. The procedure shall document the process for selecting each priority area using the list below.
- Areas with older infrastructure
  - Industrial, commercial, or mixed use areas
  - Areas with a history of past illicit discharges
  - Areas with a history of illegal dumping
  - Areas with septic systems
  - Areas with older sewer lines or with a history of sewer overflows or cross-connections
  - Areas with sewer conversions or historic combined sewer systems
  - Areas with poor dry-weather water quality
  - Areas with water quality impacts, including waterbodies identified in a Total Maximum Daily Load
  - Priority areas applicable to the applicant not identified above

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- ☐ Procedure Reference (page and paragraph of attachments): *e.g., Attachment A, Page 3, Section b* \_\_\_\_\_
- ☒ Not applicable – The applicant will perform illicit discharge identification and investigation throughout the entire MS4. Skip to Question 10.

9. Provide the geographical location of each prioritized area using either a narrative description or map and identify the prioritized areas that will be targeted during the permit cycle.

IDEP Prioritized Areas (page and paragraph of attachments): \_\_\_\_\_

10. Provide the procedure for performing field observations at all outfalls and points of discharge in the priority areas as identified in the procedure above or for the entire MS4 during dry-weather at least once during the permit cycle. The procedure shall include a schedule for completing the field observations during the permit cycle or more expeditiously if the applicant becomes aware of a non-storm water discharge. *As part of the procedure, the applicant may submit an interagency agreement with the owner or operator of the downstream MS4 identifying responsibilities for ensuring an illicit discharge is eliminated if originating from the applicant's point(s) of discharge. The interagency agreement would eliminate the requirement for performing a field observation at that point(s) of discharge.*

The focus of the field observation shall be to observe the following:

- Presence/absence of flow
- Deposits/stains on the discharge structure or bank
- Vegetation condition
- Structural condition
- Biology, such as bacterial sheens, algae, and slimes
- Water clarity
- Color
- Odor
- Floatable materials

Procedure Reference (page and paragraph of attachments): See Chapter 8, SOP, page 8

11. Provide the procedure for performing field screening if flow is observed at an outfall or point of discharge and the source of an illicit discharge is not identified during the field observation. Field screening shall include analyzing the discharge for indicator parameters (e.g., ammonia, fluoride, detergents, and pH). The procedure shall include a schedule for performing field screening.

Procedure Reference (page and paragraph of attachments): See Chapter 8 page 2, SOP, page 9

12. Provide the procedure for performing a source investigation if the source of an illicit discharge is not identified by field screening. The procedure shall include a schedule for performing a source investigation.

Procedure Reference (page and paragraph of attachments): See Chapter 8 page 2-3, SOP, page 11

13. Provide the procedure for responding to illegal dumping/spills. The procedure shall include a schedule for responding to complaints, performing field observations, and follow-up field screening and source investigations as appropriate.

Procedure Reference (page and paragraph of attachments): See Chapter 8, page 3-5

14. Provide the procedure for responding to illicit discharges upon becoming aware of such a discharge outside of the priority areas. The procedure shall include a schedule for performing field observations, and follow-up field screening and source investigations as appropriate.

- ☐ Procedure Reference (page and paragraph of attachments): \_\_\_\_\_
- ☒ Not applicable – Field observations will be conducted at all outfalls and points of discharge

15. Provide the procedure that includes a requirement to immediately report any release of any polluting materials from the MS4 to the surface waters or groundwaters of the state, unless a determination is made that the release is not in excess of the threshold reporting quantities in the [Part 5 Rules](#), by calling the appropriate [MDEQ District Office](#), or if the notice is provided after regular working hours call the MDEQ's 24-Hour Pollution Emergency Alerting System telephone number: 800-292-4706.

Procedure Reference (page and paragraph of attachments): See Chapter 8, page 5

16. If the procedures requested in Questions 8 through 14 do not accurately reflect the applicant's procedure(s), describe the alternative approach to meet the minimum requirements.

- ☒ Not applicable

17. Provide the procedure for responding to illicit discharges once the source is identified. The procedure shall include a schedule to eliminate the illicit discharge and pursue enforcement actions. The procedure shall also address illegal spills/dumping.

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Procedure Reference (page and paragraph of attachments): See Chapter 8, page 4

IDEP Training and Evaluation

18. Provide the program to train staff employed by the applicant on the following topics. The program shall include a training schedule for this permit cycle. *It is recommended that staff be trained more than once per permit cycle.*
- Techniques for identifying an illicit discharge or connection, including field observation, field screening, and source investigation.
  - Procedures for reporting, responding to, and eliminating an illicit discharge or connection and the proper enforcement response.
  - The schedule and requirement for training at least once during the term of this permit cycle for existing staff and within the first year of hire for new staff.

Program Reference (page and paragraph of attachments): See Chapter 8, page 1 and 4

19. Provide the procedure for evaluating and determining the overall effectiveness of the IDEP. The procedure shall include a schedule for implementation. *Examples of evaluating overall effectiveness include, but are not limited to, the following: evaluate the prioritization process to determine if efforts are being maximized in areas with high illicit discharge potential; evaluate the effectiveness of using different detection methods; evaluate the number of discharges and/or quantity of discharges eliminated using different enforcement methods; and evaluate program efficiency and staff training frequency.*

Procedure Reference (page and paragraph of attachments): See Chapter 8, Page 5

Illicit Discharge Ordinance

20. Provide the ordinance or regulatory mechanism in effect that prohibits non-storm water discharges into the applicant's MS4 (except the non-storm water discharges addressed in Questions 21 and 22).

Ordinance number(s) or regulatory mechanism title(s) (attach a copy): Included in Chapter 13 (Chapter 75 ordinance)

21. Does the ordinance or other regulatory mechanism exclude prohibiting the discharges or flows from firefighting activities to the applicant's MS4 and require that these discharges or flows only be addressed if they are identified as significant sources of pollutants to waters of the State? The ordinance shall not authorize illicit discharges; however, the applicant may choose to exclude prohibiting the discharges and flows from firefighting activities if they are identified as not being significant sources of pollutants to waters of the state.

☒ Yes, ordinance or regulatory mechanism reference (page and paragraph of attachments): Chapter 13 (Chapter 75 ordinance, section 75-12)

☐ Not applicable – All non-storm water discharges into the applicant's MS4 will be prohibited.

22. Does the ordinance or other regulatory mechanism prohibit the following categories of non-storm water discharges or flows if identified as significant contributors to violations of Water Quality Standards? The ordinance shall not authorize illicit discharges; however, the applicant may choose to exclude prohibiting the following discharges or flows if they are identified as not being a significant contributor to violations of Water Quality Standards.

- a. Water line flushing and discharges from potable water sources
- b. Landscape irrigation runoff, lawn watering runoff, and irrigation waters
- c. Diverted stream flows and flows from riparian habitats and wetlands
- d. Rising groundwaters and springs
- e. Uncontaminated groundwater infiltration and seepage
- f. Uncontaminated pumped groundwater, except for groundwater cleanups specifically authorized by NPDES permits
- g. Foundation drains, water from crawl space pumps, footing drains, and basement sump pumps
- h. Air conditioning condensation
- i. Waters from noncommercial car washing
- j. Street wash water
- k. Dechlorinated swimming pool water from single, two, or three family residences. (A swimming pool operated by the permittee shall not be discharged to a separate storm sewer or to surface waters of the state without NPDES permit authorization from the MDEQ.)

☒ Yes, ordinance or regulatory mechanism reference (page and paragraph of attachments): Chapter 13, section 75-12

☐ Not applicable – All non-storm water discharges into the applicant's MS4 will be prohibited.

23. Provide the ordinance or regulatory mechanism that regulates the contribution of pollutants to the applicant's MS4.

Ordinance or regulatory mechanism reference (page and paragraph of attachments): Chapter 13, section 75-1

24. Provide the ordinance or regulatory mechanism that prohibits illicit discharges, including illicit connections and the direct dumping or disposal of materials into the applicant's MS4.



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Ordinance or regulatory mechanism reference (page and paragraph of attachments): Chapter 13, section 75-1

25. Provide the ordinance or regulatory mechanism with the authority established to inspect, investigate, and monitor suspected illicit discharges into the applicant's MS4.

Ordinance or regulatory mechanism reference (page and paragraph of attachments): Chapter 14 (82-168 item 6; Ch 13, section 75-31 (2j), section 75-41 a.d.e, article VI-75-50 thru 55

26. Provide the ordinance or regulatory mechanism that requires and enforces elimination of illicit discharges into the applicant's MS4, including providing the applicant the authority to eliminate the illicit discharge.

Ordinance or regulatory mechanism reference (page and paragraph of attachments): Chapter 14 (82-168 item 6; Ch 13, section 75-31 (2j), section 75-41 a.d.e, article VI-75-50 thru 55

**Construction Storm Water Runoff Control Program**

The applicant shall describe the current and proposed BMPs to meet the minimum control measure requirements for the construction storm water runoff control program to the maximum extent practicable, which shall be incorporated into the SWMP. Please indicate in your response if you are or will be working collaboratively with watershed or regional partners on any or all requirements of this program during the permit cycle. The following questions represent the minimum control measure requirements for the construction storm water runoff control program. Please complete all the questions below. A measurable goal with a measure of assessment shall be included for each BMP, and, as appropriate, a schedule for implementation (months and years), including interim milestones and the frequency of the BMP. The responses shall reflect the nested MS4s identified in Section VI.

Qualifying Local Soil Erosion and Sedimentation Control Programs

27. Is the applicant a Part 91 Agency? A list of Part 91 agencies is available at [http://www.michigan.gov/deq/0,4561,7-135-3311\\_4113-8870--,00.html](http://www.michigan.gov/deq/0,4561,7-135-3311_4113-8870--,00.html).

Yes. Choose type: ☐ County Enforcing Agency ☐ Municipal Enforcing Agency ☐ Authorized Public Agency

☒ No, the applicant relies on the following Qualifying Local Soil Erosion and Sedimentation Control Program (Part 91 Agency)  
Kalamazoo County Soil Erosion Agent (KCDC)

Construction Storm Water Runoff Control

28. Provide the procedure with the process for notifying the Part 91 Agency or appropriate staff when soil or sediment is discharged to the applicant's MS4 from a construction activity. The procedure shall allow for the receipt and consideration of complaints or other information submitted by the public or identified internally as it relates to construction storm water runoff control. For non-Part 91 agencies, consideration of complaints may include referring the complaint to the qualifying local Soil Erosion and Sedimentation Control Program as appropriate. Construction activity is defined pursuant to Part 21, Wastewater Discharge Permits, Rule 323.2102 (K). The applicant may consider as part of their procedure when and under what circumstances the Part 91 Agency or appropriate staff will be contacted.

Procedure Reference (page and paragraph of attachments): *e.g., Attachment A, Page 3, Section b* See Chapter 9

29. Provide the procedure for when to notify the MDEQ when soil, sediment, or other pollutants are discharged to the applicant's MS4 from a construction activity. Other pollutants include pesticides, petroleum derivatives, construction chemicals, and solid wastes that may become mobilized when land surfaces are disturbed. The applicant may consider as part of their procedure when and under what circumstances the MDEQ will be contacted.

Procedure Reference (page and paragraph of attachments): See Chapter 9

30. Provide the procedure for ensuring that construction activity one acre or greater in total earth disturbance with the potential to discharge to the applicant's MS4 obtains a Part 91 permit, or is conducted by an approved Authorized Public Agency as appropriate. Note: For applicants that conduct site plan review, the procedure must be triggered at the site plan review stage.

Procedure Reference (page and paragraph of attachments): See Chapter 9

31. Provide the procedure to advise the landowner or recorded easement holder of the property where the construction activity will occur of the State of Michigan Permit by Rule (Rule 323.2190).

Procedure Reference (page and paragraph of attachments): See Chapter 9

**Post-Construction Storm Water Runoff Program**

Post-construction storm water runoff controls are necessary to maintain or restore stable hydrology in receiving waters by limiting surface runoff rates and volumes and reducing pollutant loadings from sites that undergo development or significant redevelopment.

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The applicant shall describe the current and proposed BMPs to meet the minimum control measure requirements for the post-construction storm water runoff program to the maximum extent practicable, which shall be incorporated into the SWMP. Please complete the questions below as appropriate. If the "No" response is selected but a date is requested for the minimum requirement to

be available, please provide a date to meet the minimum requirement. All dates provided by the applicant in this Application should be on or before **October 1, 2015**. Some questions are set up to allow for additional responses to meet the minimum requirements. If space is not available for an additional response, then the minimum requirement must be met in accordance with the question. A measurable goal with a measure of assessment shall be included for each BMP, and, as appropriate, a schedule for implementation (months and years), including interim milestones and the frequency of the BMP. The responses shall reflect the nested MS4s identified in Section VI.

An applicant may reference in its ordinance or regulatory mechanism other technical documents used to implement the post-construction storm water runoff program. For example, an applicant may answer a question with a reference to a performance or technical standards document in the ordinance **and** the reference in the technical document. When referencing the ordinance, regulatory mechanism, or other technical documents, attach the document and provide the page and paragraph reference.

The MDEQ has the following resources available to assist with development of a Post-Construction Storm Water Runoff Program.

- A Post-Construction Storm Water Runoff Program Compliance Assistance Document available at [www.michigan.gov/documents/deq/wrd-storm-MS4-ComplianceAssistance\\_470350\\_7.pdf](http://www.michigan.gov/documents/deq/wrd-storm-MS4-ComplianceAssistance_470350_7.pdf)
- A manual titled *Low Impact Development Manual for Michigan* available at <http://www.semcog.org/LowImpactDevelopment.aspx>. Chapter 9 of the manual provides a methodology for addressing post-construction storm water runoff.

Ordinance or Other Regulatory Mechanism

32. Is an ordinance or other regulatory mechanism in effect to address post-construction storm water runoff from new development and redevelopment projects, including preventing or minimizing water quality impacts? The ordinance or other regulatory mechanism shall apply to private, commercial, and public projects, including projects where the applicant is the developer. This requirement may be met using a single ordinance or regulatory mechanism or a combination of ordinances and regulatory mechanisms.

☒ Yes, ordinance or regulatory mechanism reference (page and paragraph of attachments): *e.g., Attachment A, Pages 1-15 See Chapter 10, & Chapter 13*

☐ No, the ordinance or regulatory mechanism will be available on \_\_\_\_\_

33. Does the ordinance or other regulatory mechanism apply to projects that disturb at least one or more acres, including projects less than an acre that are part of a larger common plan of development or sale and discharge into the applicant's MS4?

☒ Yes, ordinance or regulatory mechanism reference (page and paragraph of attachments): *by requirement of site plan review*

☐ No, the ordinance or regulatory mechanism will be available on \_\_\_\_\_

Federal Facilities

Federal facilities are subject to the Energy Independence and Security Act of 2007. Section 438 of this legislation establishes post-construction storm water runoff requirements for federal development and redevelopment projects.

34. Is the applicant the owner or operator of a federal facility with a storm water discharge?

☐ Yes

☒ No, skip to Question 36

35. Is the applicant implementing the post-construction storm water runoff control requirements in Section 438 of the Energy Independence and Security Act? A guidance document is available at

[http://www.epa.gov/greeningepa/documents/epa\\_swm\\_guidance.pdf](http://www.epa.gov/greeningepa/documents/epa_swm_guidance.pdf)

☐ Yes, regulatory mechanism reference (page and paragraph of attachments): \_\_\_\_\_

☐ No, the regulatory mechanism will be available on \_\_\_\_\_

Water Quality Treatment Performance Standard

36. Does the ordinance or other regulatory mechanism include one or more of the following water quality treatment standards?

☒ Treat the first one inch of runoff from the entire project site. Ordinance or other regulatory mechanism reference (page and paragraph of attachments) *See Chapter 13, section 75-31* Skip to Question 38.

☐ Treat the runoff generated from 90 percent of all runoff-producing storms for the project site. Ordinance or other regulatory mechanism reference (page and paragraph of attachments) \_\_\_\_\_

☐ No, the ordinance or other regulatory mechanism will be available on \_\_\_\_\_

☐ The ordinance or other regulatory mechanism is/will be available on \_\_\_\_\_ and includes the following water quality treatment standard. Provide an explanation as to how the water quality treatment standard will prevent or minimize water quality impacts.

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37. What is the source of the rainfall data if the applicant has chosen the water quality treatment standard of requiring the treatment of the runoff generated from 90 percent of all runoff-producing storms?
- ☐ The MDEQ's memo dated March 24, 2006 providing the 90 percent annual non-exceedance storm statistics. The memo is available at [http://www.michigan.gov/documents/deq/lwm-hsu-nps-ninety-percent\\_198401\\_7.pdf](http://www.michigan.gov/documents/deq/lwm-hsu-nps-ninety-percent_198401_7.pdf).
- ☐ An analysis of at least ten years of local published rain gauge data following the method in the March 25, 2006, MDEQ memo titled *90 Percent Annual Non-Exceedance Storms* cited above.
- ☐ Other rainfall data source (page and paragraph of attachments) \_\_\_\_\_
38. Does the ordinance or other regulatory mechanism require that BMPs be **designed** on a site-specific basis to reduce post-development total suspended solids loadings by 80 percent or achieve a discharge concentration of total suspended solids not to exceed 80 milligram per liter?
- ☒ Yes, ordinance or other regulatory mechanism reference (page and paragraph of attachments): See Chapter 13, section 75-31
- ☐ No, the ordinance or other regulatory mechanism will be available on \_\_\_\_\_
- ☐ The ordinance or other regulatory mechanism defines treatment as follows:

Channel Protection Performance Standard

39. Does the ordinance or other regulatory mechanism require that the post-construction runoff rate and volume of discharges not exceed the pre-development rate and volume for all storms up to the two-year, 24-hour storm at the project site? At a minimum, pre-development is the last land use prior to the planned new development or redevelopment. *A spreadsheet to assist with these calculations is available at [www.michigan.gov/documents/deq/wb-storm-MS4-RunoffVolume\\_331235\\_7.xls](http://www.michigan.gov/documents/deq/wb-storm-MS4-RunoffVolume_331235_7.xls)*
- ☒ Yes, ordinance or other regulatory mechanism reference (page and paragraph of attachments): See Chapter 13, section 75-31
- ☐ No, the ordinance or other regulatory mechanism will be available on \_\_\_\_\_
- ☐ The ordinance or other regulatory mechanism is/will be available on \_\_\_\_\_ and includes the following channel protection standard. Provide an explanation as to how the channel protection standard will prevent or minimize water quality impacts.

40. Does the ordinance or other regulatory mechanism exclude any waterbodies from the channel protection performance standard? The channel protection performance standard is not required for the following waterbodies: the Great Lakes or connecting channels of the Great Lakes; Rouge River downstream of the Turning Basin; Saginaw River; Mona Lake and Muskegon Lake (Muskegon County); and Lake Macatawa and Spring Lake (Ottawa County).
- ☐ Yes, ordinance or other regulatory mechanism reference (page and paragraph of attachments): \_\_\_\_\_
- ☐ No, the ordinance or other regulatory mechanism will be available on \_\_\_\_\_
- ☒ Not applicable

Site-Specific Requirements

41. Provide the procedure for reviewing the use of infiltration BMPs to meet the water quality treatment and channel protection standards for new development or redevelopment projects in areas of soil or groundwater contamination in a manner that does not exacerbate existing conditions. The procedure shall include the process for coordinating with MDEQ staff as appropriate.

Procedure Reference (page and paragraph of attachments): See Chapter 13, section 75-34

42. Does the ordinance or other regulatory mechanism require BMPs to address the associated pollutants in potential hot spots as part of meeting the water quality treatment and channel protection standards for new development or redevelopment projects? Hot spots include areas with the potential for significant pollutant loading such as gas stations, commercial vehicle maintenance and repair, auto recyclers, recycling centers, and scrap yards. Hot spots also include areas with the potential for contaminating public water supply intakes.
- ☒ Yes, ordinance or other regulatory mechanism reference (page and paragraph of attachments): See Chapter 13, section 75-33
- ☐ No, the ordinance or other regulatory mechanism will be available on \_\_\_\_\_

Off-Site Mitigation and Payment in Lieu Programs

43. Does the ordinance or other regulatory mechanism allow for the approval of off-site mitigation for redevelopment projects that cannot meet 100 percent of the performance standards on-site after maximizing storm water retention? Off-site mitigation refers to BMPs implemented at another location within the same jurisdiction and watershed/sewershed as the original project. *A watershed is the*

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*geographic area included in a 10-digit Hydrologic Unit Code and a sewershed is the area where storm water is conveyed by the applicant's MS4 to a common outfall or point of discharge.*

- ☐ Yes, ordinance or other regulatory mechanism reference (page and paragraph of attachments): \_\_\_\_\_
- ☐ No, the ordinance or other regulatory mechanism will be available on \_\_\_\_\_
- ☒ Not pursuing this option

44. Does the ordinance or other regulatory mechanism allow for the approval of payment in lieu for projects that cannot meet 100 percent of the performance standards on-site after maximizing storm water retention? A payment in lieu program refers to a developer paying a fee to the applicant that is applied to a public storm water management project within the same jurisdiction and watershed/sewershed as the original project in lieu of installing the required BMPs onsite. The storm water management project may be either a new BMP or a retrofit to an existing BMP and shall be developed in accordance with the applicant's performance standards. *A watershed is the geographic area included in a 10-digit Hydrologic Unit Code and a sewershed is the area where storm water is conveyed by the applicant's MS4 to a common outfall or point of discharge.*
- ☐ Yes, ordinance or other regulatory mechanism reference (page and paragraph of attachments): \_\_\_\_\_
- ☐ No, the ordinance or other regulatory mechanism will be available on \_\_\_\_\_
- ☒ Not pursuing this option. If "not pursuing this option" was selected for both Questions 43 and 44, skip to Question 52.
45. Does the ordinance or other regulatory mechanism establish criteria for determining the conditions under which off-site mitigation and/or payment in lieu are available and require technical justification as to the infeasibility of on-site management? The determination that performance standards cannot be met on-site shall not be based solely on the difficulty or cost of implementing, but shall be based on multiple criteria related to the physical constraints of the project site, such as: too small of a lot outside of the building footprint to create the necessary infiltrative capacity even with amended soils; soil instability as documented by a thorough geotechnical analysis; a site use that is inconsistent with the capture and reuse of storm water; too much shade or other physical conditions that preclude adequate use of plants. The criteria shall also include consideration of the stream order and location within the watershed/sewershed as it relates to the water quality impacts from the original project site (*e.g., the water quality impact from a project site with a discharge to a small-sized stream would be greater than a project site on a large river and an offset downstream of the project site may provide less water quality benefit.*) The highest preference for off-site mitigation and in lieu projects shall be given to locations that yield benefits to the same receiving water that received runoff from the original project site.
- ☐ Yes, ordinance or other regulatory mechanism reference (page and paragraph of attachments): \_\_\_\_\_
- ☐ No, the ordinance or other regulatory mechanism will be available on \_\_\_\_\_
46. Does the ordinance or other regulatory mechanism establish a minimum amount of storm water to be managed on-site as a first tier for off-site mitigation or payment in lieu? A higher offset ratio is required if off-site mitigation or payment in lieu is requested for the amount of storm water identified as the first tier. *For example, a minimum of 0.4 inches of storm water runoff shall be managed on-site as a first tier.*
- ☐ Yes, ordinance or other regulatory mechanism reference (page and paragraph of attachments): \_\_\_\_\_
- ☐ No, the ordinance or other regulatory mechanism will be available on \_\_\_\_\_
- ☐ The ordinance or other regulatory mechanism requires the following:
- 
47. Does the ordinance or other regulatory mechanism require an offset ratio of 1:1.5 for the amount of storm water above the first tier (identified in Question 46) not managed on-site to the amount of storm water required to be mitigated at another site or for which in-lieu payments shall be made?
- ☐ Yes, ordinance or other regulatory mechanism reference (page and paragraph of attachments): \_\_\_\_\_
- ☐ No, the ordinance or other regulatory mechanism will be available on \_\_\_\_\_
- ☐ The ordinance or other regulatory mechanism requires the following:
- 
48. Does the ordinance or other regulatory mechanism require that if demonstrated by the developer to the applicant that it is completely infeasible to manage the first tier of storm water identified in Question 47 on-site, the offset ratio for the unmanaged portion is 1:2?
- ☐ Yes, ordinance or other regulatory mechanism reference (page and paragraph of attachments): \_\_\_\_\_
- ☐ No, the ordinance or other regulatory mechanism will be available on \_\_\_\_\_
- ☐ The ordinance or other regulatory mechanism requires the following:
- 
49. Does the ordinance or other regulatory mechanism require a schedule for completing off-site mitigation and in-lieu projects? *Off-site mitigation and in-lieu projects should be completed within 24 months after the start of the original project site construction.*
- ☐ Yes, ordinance or other regulatory mechanism reference (page and paragraph of attachments): \_\_\_\_\_
- ☐ No, the ordinance or other regulatory mechanism will be available on \_\_\_\_\_
- ☐ The ordinance or other regulatory mechanism requires the following:

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50. Does the ordinance or other regulatory mechanism require that offsets and in-lieu projects be preserved and maintained in perpetuity, such as deed restrictions and long-term operation and maintenance?

☐ Yes, ordinance or other regulatory mechanism reference (page and paragraph of attachments): \_\_\_\_\_  
☐ No, the ordinance or other regulatory mechanism will be available on \_\_\_\_\_  
☐ The ordinance or other regulatory mechanism requires the following: \_\_\_\_\_

51. Describe the tracking system implemented, or to be implemented, to track off-site mitigation and/or in-lieu projects.

52. Are there any other exceptions to the performance standards, other than off-site mitigation and payment in lieu, being implemented or to be implemented during the permit cycle? The applicant shall demonstrate how the exception provides an equivalent or greater level of protection as the performance standards.

☐ Yes, demonstration reference (page and paragraph of attachments): \_\_\_\_\_ ☒ No

Site Plan Review

53. Does the ordinance or other regulatory mechanism include a requirement to submit a site plan for review and approval of post-construction storm water runoff BMPs?

☒ Yes, ordinance or regulatory mechanism reference (page and paragraph of attachments): See Ch13, 75-40 thru 41  
☐ No, the ordinance or regulatory mechanism will be available on \_\_\_\_\_

54. Provide the procedure for site plan review and approval.

Procedure Reference (page and paragraph of attachments): Chapter 10, table 4, See Ch13, 75-40 thru 41

55. Provide the reference in the site plan review and approval procedure to the process for determining how the developer meets the performance standards and ensures long-term operation and maintenance of BMPs.

Procedure Reference (page and paragraph of attachments): Chapter 10, table 4, See Ch16, storm water work sheets

Long-Term Operation and Maintenance of BMPs

56. Does the ordinance or other regulatory mechanism require the long-term operation and maintenance of all structural and vegetative BMPs installed and implemented to meet the performance standards in perpetuity?

☒ Yes, ordinance or other regulatory mechanism reference (page and paragraph of attachments): Chapter 10, & Chapter 15 BMP agreement  
☐ No, the ordinance or other regulatory mechanism will be available on \_\_\_\_\_

57. Does the ordinance or other regulatory mechanism require a maintenance agreement between the applicant and owners or operators responsible for the long-term operation and maintenance of structural and vegetative BMPs installed and implemented to meet the performance standards?

☒ Yes, ordinance or other regulatory mechanism reference (page and paragraph of attachments): Chapter 10, & Chapter 15 BMP agreement  
☐ No, the ordinance or other regulatory mechanism will be available on \_\_\_\_\_  
☐ The ordinance or other regulatory mechanism requires the following: \_\_\_\_\_

58. Does the maintenance agreement or other legal mechanism allow the applicant to complete the following? (Check if yes)

☒ Inspect the structural or vegetative BMP  
☒ Perform the necessary maintenance or corrective actions neglected by the BMP owner or operator  
☒ Track the transfer of operation and maintenance responsibility of the BMP (e.g., deed restrictions)

If any of the boxes above were not checked, provide a response explaining how the maintenance agreement or other legal

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mechanism allows the applicant to verify and ensure maintenance of the BMP.

59. Provide the procedure for tracking compliance with a maintenance agreement or other legal mechanism to ensure the performance standards are met in perpetuity.

Procedure Reference (page and paragraph of attachments): See Chapter 10, Table 4, records retention

**Pollution Prevention and Good Housekeeping Program**

The applicant shall describe the current and proposed BMPs to meet the minimum control measure requirements for the Pollution Prevention and Good Housekeeping Program to the maximum extent practicable, which shall be incorporated into the SWMP. The applicant shall develop and implement a Pollution Prevention and Good Housekeeping Program to prevent or reduce the discharge of pollutants from municipal facilities and operations.

The following definitions apply to the terms used below:

- Fleet: A group of vehicles owned or operated as a unit.
- Maintenance (includes, but not limited to): adding/changing vehicle fluids, fueling, lubrication, painting, mechanical repairs, parts degreasing, and vehicle/equipment washing.
- Storage Yard (includes, but not limited to): areas where vehicles are stored longer than overnight/weekend; areas where road maintenance materials are stored; areas where vehicle maintenance materials are stored; areas where chemicals in bulk are stored; areas where catch basin cleaning wastes are stored; and areas where maintenance equipment such as mowers, tractors, vector trucks, and sweepers is stored.

Please complete the questions below as appropriate. A "Not Applicable" response is appropriate in cases where the applicant does not own or operate a municipal facility or storm water structural control or does not perform the operation in the question. A measurable goal with a measure of assessment shall be included for each BMP, and, as appropriate, a schedule for implementation (months and years), including interim milestones and the frequency of the BMP. The responses shall reflect the nested MS4s identified in Section VI.

Municipal Facility and Structural Storm Water Control Inventory

60. Provide an up-to-date inventory of applicant-owned or operated facilities and storm water structural controls with a discharge of storm water to surface waters of the state. The inventory shall include the location of each facility. **Provide an estimate of the number of structural storm water controls throughout the entire MS4 for each applicable category below (e.g., 100 catch basins and 7 detention basins).**

Inventory Reference (Page and Paragraph of Attachments): *e.g., Attachment A, Page 3, Section b Chapter 11, page 1*

Check all applicant-owned or operated facilities with a discharge of storm water to surface waters of the state:

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Administration buildings              | <input type="checkbox"/> Animal Control Building                          |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Airports   | <input type="checkbox"/> Bus Stations and Garages                         |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Cemeteries                                       | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Composting facilities                 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Equipment storage and maintenance facilities     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fire Stations                         |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Fuel Farms                                       | <input type="checkbox"/> Hazardous waste disposal facilities              |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Hazardous waste handling and transfer facilities | <input type="checkbox"/> Landfills  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Landscape maintenance facilities                 | <input type="checkbox"/> Libraries  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Materials storage yards                          | <input type="checkbox"/> Mosquito Control Facility                        |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Parks                                 | <input type="checkbox"/> Pesticide storage facilities                     |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Police stations                       | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Public golf courses                   |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Public parking lots                   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Public schools                        |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Public works yards                    | <input type="checkbox"/> Recycling facilities                             |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Salt storage facilities               | <input type="checkbox"/> Solid waste handling and transfer facilities     |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Vacant land and open space                       | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Vehicle storage and maintenance yards |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Outdoor wash areas                               | <input type="checkbox"/> Other facilities – Provide a description below:  |

Check all applicant-owned or operated structural storm water controls with a discharge of storm water to surface waters of the state:

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Catch basins | <input type="checkbox"/> Constructed wetlands             |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Detention basins        | <input type="checkbox"/> Infiltration basins and trenches |

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- |   |   |
|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Oil/water separators<br><input type="checkbox"/> Pump Stations<br><input type="checkbox"/> Secondary containment<br><input type="checkbox"/> Vegetated swales<br><input type="checkbox"/> Other structural storm water controls – Provide a description below: | <input type="checkbox"/> Porous pavement<br><input type="checkbox"/> Rain gardens<br><input type="checkbox"/> Underground storage vaults or tanks |
|---|---|

61. Provide the location where an up-to-date map (or maps) is available with the location of the facilities and structural storm water controls identified in Question 60. *The location of the facilities and structural storm water controls may be included on the storm sewer system map maintained for the IDEP.*

The map (or maps) is available at the following location: DPW Office

62. Provide the procedure for updating and revising the inventory in Question 60 and map (or maps) identified in Question 61 as facilities and structural storm water controls are added, removed, or no longer owned or operated by the applicant. *A suggested timeframe for updating/revising the inventory and map(s) is 30 days following adding/removing a facility or structural storm water control.*

Procedure Reference (page and paragraph of attachments): See Chapter 8, Table 3, Administrative procedures

Facility-Specific Storm Water Management

63. Provide the procedure for assessing each facility identified in Question 60 for the potential to discharge pollutants to surface waters of the state. The procedure shall include a process for updating and revising the assessment. *A recommended timeframe for updating/revising the assessment is 30 days prior to discharging storm water from a new facility and within 30 days of determining a need to update/revise the facility assessment.*

The applicant should consider the following factors when assessing each facility:

- Amount of urban pollutants stored at the site (e.g., sediment, nutrients, metals, hydrocarbons, pesticides, fertilizers, herbicides, chlorides, trash, bacteria, or other site-specific pollutants)
- Identification of improperly stored materials
- The potential for polluting activities to be conducted outside (e.g., vehicle washing)
- Proximity to waterbodies
- Poor housekeeping practices
- Discharge of pollutants of concern to impaired waters

☒ Procedure Reference (page and paragraph of attachments): See Chapter 11, page 1, Table 3

☐ Not Applicable – The applicant does not own a facility that discharges storm water to surface waters of the state. Skip to Question 71.

64. Provide the list of prioritized facilities using the assessment in Question 63. Each facility shall be prioritized based on having the high, medium, or low potential to discharge pollutants to surface waters of the state. Facilities with the high potential for pollutant runoff shall include, but are not limited to, the applicant's fleet maintenance and storage yards. The applicant may submit a demonstration with a description of how the applicant's fleet maintenance and storage yard has the low potential to discharge pollutants to surface waters of the state.

☒ Prioritized Facility List (page and paragraph of attachments): See Chapter 11, page 1 and 2

☒ Fleet Maintenance and Storage Yard Demonstrations (page and paragraph of attachments): See Chapter 11, page 1 and 2

65. Is a site-specific standard operating procedure (SOP) available identifying the structural and non-structural storm water controls implemented and maintained to prevent or reduce pollutant runoff at each facility with the high potential for pollutant runoff? The SOP shall be available at each facility with the high potential for pollutant runoff and upon request from the MDEQ. The SOP shall identify the person responsible for oversight of the facility. *The MDEQ may request the submission of the SOP during the application review process.*

☒ Yes, a site-specific SOP is available at each facility with the high potential for pollutant runoff

☐ Not Applicable – The applicant does not own or operate any facilities with the high potential for pollutant runoff. Skip to Question 70.

66. Provide the reference in the SOP, for each facility with the high potential for pollutant runoff, to the following: the list of significant materials stored on-site that could pollute storm water; the description of the handling and storage requirements for each significant material; and the potential to discharge the significant material.

SOP Reference (page and paragraph of attachments): See back section of Chapter 11 - VCS - SOP

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*This space is available to reference multiple site-specific SOPs*

67. Provide the reference in the SOP, for each facility with the high potential for pollutant runoff, identifying the good housekeeping practices implemented at the site. *Good housekeeping practices include keeping the facility neat and orderly, properly storing and covering materials, and minimizing pollutant sources to prevent or reduce pollutant runoff.*

SOP Reference (page and paragraph of attachments): See back section of Chapter 11 - VCS - SOP

*This space is available to reference multiple site-specific SOPs*

68. Provide the reference in the SOP, for each facility with the high potential for pollutant runoff, to the description and schedule for conducting routine maintenance and inspections of storm water management and control devices to ensure materials and equipment are clean and orderly and to prevent or reduce pollutant runoff. *A biweekly schedule is recommended for routine inspections.*

SOP Reference (page and paragraph of attachments): See back section of Chapter 11 - VCS - SOP

*This space is available to reference multiple site-specific SOPs*

69. Provide the reference in the SOP, for each facility with the high potential for pollutant runoff, to the description and schedule for conducting a comprehensive site inspection at least once every six months. The comprehensive inspection shall include an inspection of all structural storm water controls and a review of non-structural storm water controls to prevent or reduce pollutant runoff.

SOP Reference (page and paragraph of attachments): See back section of Chapter 11 - VCS - SOP

*This space is available to reference multiple site-specific SOPs*

70. Provide the procedure identifying the BMPs currently implemented or to be implemented during the permit cycle to prevent or reduce pollutant runoff at each facility with the **medium and lower potential for the discharge of pollutants** to surface waters of the state using the assessment and prioritized list in Questions 63 and 64.

Procedure Reference (page and paragraph of attachments): See Chapter 11, page 1 and 2

Structural Storm Water Control Operation and Maintenance Activities

71. Provide the procedure for prioritizing each catch basin for routine inspection, maintenance, and cleaning based on preventing or reducing pollutant runoff. The procedure shall include assigning a priority level for each catch basin and the associated inspection, maintenance and cleaning schedule based on preventing or reducing pollutant runoff. The procedure shall include a process for updating/revising the priority level for a catch basin giving consideration to inspection findings and citizen complaints. *A recommended timeframe for updating/revising the procedure is 30 days following the construction of a catch basin or a change in priority level.*

☒ Procedure Reference (page and paragraph of attachments): See Chapter 11, page 2

☐ Not Applicable – The applicant does not own or operate catch basins. Skip to Question 75.

72. Provide the geographic location of the catch basins in each priority level using either a narrative description or map.

Catch Basin Priority Location (page and paragraph of attachments): See Chapter 11, page 2

73. Provide the procedure for inspecting, cleaning, and maintaining catch basins to ensure proper performance. Proper cleaning methods include ensuring accumulated pollutants are not discharged during cleaning and are removed prior to discharging to surface waters of the state. *A compliance assistance document titled Catch Basin Cleaning Activities Guidance Document is available at [http://www.michigan.gov/documents/deq/wb-stormwater-CatchBasinGuidance\\_216198\\_7.pdf](http://www.michigan.gov/documents/deq/wb-stormwater-CatchBasinGuidance_216198_7.pdf).*



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Procedure Reference (page and paragraph of attachments): See Chapter 11, page 2

74. Provide the procedure for dewatering, storage, and disposal of materials extracted from catch basins. *A compliance assistance document titled Catch Basin Cleaning Activities Guidance Document is available at [http://www.michigan.gov/documents/deq/wb-stormwater-CatchBasinGuidance\\_216198\\_7.pdf](http://www.michigan.gov/documents/deq/wb-stormwater-CatchBasinGuidance_216198_7.pdf).*

Procedure Reference (page and paragraph of attachments): See Chapter 11, page 3

75. Provide the procedure for inspecting and maintaining the structural storm water controls identified in Question 60, excluding the structural storm water controls included in an SOP as part of Question 65 and catch basins. The procedure shall include a description and schedule for inspecting and maintaining each structural storm water control and the process for disposing of maintenance waste materials. The procedure shall require that controls be maintained to reduce to the maximum extent practicable the contribution of pollutants to storm water. The procedure shall include a process for updating/revising the procedure to ensure a maintenance and inspection program for each structural storm water control. *A recommended timeframe for updating/revising the procedure is 30 days following the implementation of a new structural storm water control.*

- ☐ Procedure Reference (page and paragraph of attachments): \_\_\_\_\_  
☒ Not Applicable – Applicant does not own or operate any structural storm water controls

76. Provide the procedure requiring new applicant-owned or operated facilities or new structural storm water controls for water **quantity** be designed and implemented in accordance with the post-construction storm water runoff control performance standards and long-term operation and maintenance requirements.

Procedure Reference (page and paragraph of attachments): See Chapter 10, page 1, Table 4 in chapter 10, and Table 5 in Chapter 11

Municipal Operations and Maintenance Activities

77. Provide the procedure with the assessment of the applicant's operation and maintenance activities for the potential to discharge pollutants to surface waters of the state. The assessment shall identify all pollutants that could be discharged from each applicable operation and maintenance activity and the BMPs being implemented or to be implemented to prevent or reduce pollutant runoff. The procedure shall include a process for updating and revising the assessment. *A suggested timeframe for updating/revising the assessment is 30 days following adding/removing BMPs to address new and existing operation and maintenance activities.*

At a minimum, the procedure shall include assessing the following municipal operation and maintenance activities if applicable (check all that apply):

- ☒ Road, parking lot, and sidewalk maintenance (e.g., pothole, sidewalk, and curb and gutter repair)  
☐ Bridge maintenance  
☐ Right-of-way maintenance  
☐ Unpaved road maintenance  
☒ Cold weather operations (e.g., plowing, sanding, application of deicing agents, and snow pile disposal)  
☒ Vehicle washing and maintenance of applicant-owned vehicles (e.g., police, fire, school bus, public works)

- ☒ Procedure Reference (page and paragraph of attachments): See Chapter 11, page 3-5, also Chapter 11 VCS-SOP  
☐ Not Applicable – Provide an explanation below.

78. Provide the procedure for prioritizing applicant-owned or operated streets, parking lots, and other impervious infrastructure for street sweeping based on the potential to discharge pollutants to surface waters of the state. The procedure shall include assigning a priority level for each parking lot and street and the associated cleaning schedule (i.e., sweeping frequency and timing) based on preventing or reducing pollutant runoff. The procedure shall include a process for updating/revising the priority level giving consideration to street sweeping findings and citizen complaints. *A recommended timeframe for updating/revising the prioritization is 30 days following the construction of a new street, parking lot, or other applicant-owned or operated impervious surface or within 30 days of identifying a need to revise a priority level.*

- ☒ Procedure Reference (page and paragraph of attachments): See Chapter 11, page 2  
☐ Not Applicable – The applicant does not own or operate any streets, parking lots, or other impervious infrastructure. Skip to Question 82.

79. Provide the geographic location of the streets, parking lots, and other impervious surfaces in each priority level using either a narrative description or map.

Street Sweeping Priority Location (page and paragraph of attachments): NA, not prioritized

80. Provide the procedure identifying the sweeping methods based on the applicant's sweeping equipment and use of additional

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**STORM WATER DISCHARGE PERMIT APPLICATION**

resources in sweeping seasonal leaves or pick-up of other materials. *Proper sweeping methods include operating sweeping equipment according to the manufacturers' operating instructions and to protect water quality.*

Procedure Reference (page and paragraph of attachments): See Chapter 11, page 4

81. Provide the procedure for dewatering, storage, and disposal of street sweeper waste material. *A compliance assistance document titled Catch Basin Cleaning Activities Guidance Document is available at [http://www.michigan.gov/documents/deq/wb-stormwater-CatchBasinGuidance\\_216198\\_7.pdf](http://www.michigan.gov/documents/deq/wb-stormwater-CatchBasinGuidance_216198_7.pdf).*

Procedure Reference (page and paragraph of attachments): See Chapter 11, page 4 and Table 5

Managing Vegetated Properties

82. Provide the procedure requiring the applicant's pesticide applicator to be certified by the State of Michigan as an applicator in the applicable category, to prevent or reduce pollutant runoff from vegetated land. A description of the categories is located at [http://www.michigan.gov/mdard/0,4610,7-125-1569\\_16988\\_35289-11992--,00.html](http://www.michigan.gov/mdard/0,4610,7-125-1569_16988_35289-11992--,00.html)

☐ Procedure Reference (page and paragraph of attachments): \_\_\_\_\_

☒ Not Applicable – Provide an explanation below (e.g., the applicant's pesticide applicator only uses ready-to-use products from the original container).

Chapter 11, page 5-6

Contractor Requirements and Oversight

83. Provide the procedure requiring contractors hired by the applicant to perform municipal operation and maintenance activities comply with all pollution prevention and good housekeeping BMPs as appropriate. The procedure shall include the process implemented for providing oversight of contractor activities to ensure compliance.

Procedure Reference (Page and Paragraph of Attachments): See Chapter 11, page 5 (sidewalk, curb and gutter repair and pothole patching) and pg 6 (Contractor)

Employee Training

84. Provide the employee training program to train employees involved in implementing or overseeing the pollution prevention and good housekeeping program. The program shall include the training schedule. At a minimum, existing staff shall be trained once during the permit cycle and within the first year of hire for new staff.

Program Reference (Page and Paragraph of Attachments): See Chapter 11, page 6

**Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) Implementation Plan**

The following questions address discharges to impaired waters with a USEPA approved TMDL that includes a pollutant load allocation assigned to the permittee's MS4. BMPs shall be implemented to reduce the discharge of the TMDL pollutant from the MS4 to make progress in meeting Water Quality Standards. Applicable TMDLs are TMDLs approved prior to the applicant being notified of the need to apply for permit reissuance. Applicable TMDLs for the applicant were provided in the application notice letter.

The applicant shall describe the current and proposed BMPs to meet the minimum requirements for the TMDL Implementation Plan, which shall be incorporated into the SWMP. Please indicate in your response, if you are or will be working collaboratively with watershed or regional partners on any or all activities in the TMDL Implementation Plan during the permit cycle. The following questions represent the minimum requirements for a TMDL Implementation Plan. Please complete the following questions as appropriate. A measurable goal with a measure of assessment shall be included for each BMP, and, as appropriate, a schedule for implementation (months and years), including interim milestones and the frequency of the BMP. The responses shall reflect the nested MS4s identified in Section VI.

The USEPA has a document to assist with developing a TMDL Implementation Plan available at [http://water.epa.gov/lawsregs/lawsguidance/cwa/tmdl/upload/region3\\_factsheet\\_tmdl.pdf](http://water.epa.gov/lawsregs/lawsguidance/cwa/tmdl/upload/region3_factsheet_tmdl.pdf).

85. Was a TMDL included in the applicant's application notice?

☐ Yes, the following approved USEPA TMDL(s) was included in my application notice letter:

Michigan Department of Environmental Quality – Water Resources Division  
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☒ No, Skip to Section VIII.

86. Provide the procedure for identifying and prioritizing BMPs currently being implemented or to be implemented during the permit cycle to make progress toward achieving the pollutant load reduction requirement in each TMDL identified in Question 85. The procedure shall include a process for reviewing, updating, and revising BMPs implemented or to be implemented to ensure progress in achieving the TMDL pollutant load reduction.

Procedure Reference (page and paragraph of attachments): *e.g., Attachment A, Page 3, Section b* \_\_\_\_\_

87. Provide the list of prioritized BMPs currently being implemented or to be implemented during the permit cycle to make progress toward achieving the pollutant load reduction requirement in each TMDL identified in Question 85. Each BMP shall include a reference to the targeted TMDL pollutant.

TMDL BMP Priority List (page and paragraph of attachments): \_\_\_\_\_

88. Provide the monitoring plan for assessing the effectiveness of the BMPs currently being implemented, or to be implemented, in making progress toward achieving the TMDL pollutant load reduction requirement, including a schedule for completing the monitoring. Monitoring shall be specifically for the pollutant identified in the TMDL. Monitoring may include, but is not limited to, outfall monitoring, in-stream monitoring, or modeling. At a minimum, monitoring shall be conducted two times during the permit cycle or at a frequency sufficient to determine if the BMPs are adequate in making progress toward achieving the TMDL pollutant load reduction. *Existing monitoring data may be submitted for review as part of the plan to meet part of the monitoring requirement.*

TMDL Monitoring Plan (page and paragraph of attachments): \_\_\_\_\_

**SECTION VIII. CERTIFICATION**

Rule 323.2114(1-4), promulgated under the NREPA, requires that this Application be signed by either a principal executive officer or ranking elected official (e.g., mayor, village president, city or village manager, or clerk). Note: If the signatory is not a principal executive officer or ranking elected official, but is authorized to sign the Application, please provide documentation of the authorization.

*"I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for having knowledge of violations."*

I understand that my signature constitutes a legal agreement to comply with the requirements of the NPDES Permit. I certify under penalty of law that I possess full authority on behalf of the legal owner/permittee to sign and submit this Application. I certify to the best of my knowledge that it is true, accurate and meets the minimum permit requirements for a SWMP to the MEP.

Print Name: Jim Mallery

Title: Village Manager

Representing: Village of Vicksburg

Signature:

Date:

**Please submit this completed Application and attachments to:**

**MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY  
WATER RESOURCES DIVISION  
PERMITS SECTION  
P.O. BOX 30458  
LANSING, MICHIGAN 48909-7958**

Michigan Department of Environmental Quality – Water Resources Division  
**STORM WATER DISCHARGE PERMIT APPLICATION**

86. Provide the procedure for identifying and prioritizing BMPs currently being implemented or to be implemented during the permit cycle to make progress toward achieving the pollutant load reduction requirement in each TMDL identified in Question 85. The procedure shall include a process for reviewing, updating, and revising BMPs implemented or to be implemented to ensure progress in achieving the TMDL pollutant load reduction.

Procedure Reference (page and paragraph of attachments): e.g., *Attachment A, Page 3, Section b* \_\_\_\_\_

87. Provide the list of prioritized BMPs currently being implemented or to be implemented during the permit cycle to make progress toward achieving the pollutant load reduction requirement in each TMDL identified in Question 85. Each BMP shall include a reference to the targeted TMDL pollutant.

TMDL BMP Priority List (page and paragraph of attachments): \_\_\_\_\_

88. Provide the monitoring plan for assessing the effectiveness of the BMPs currently being implemented, or to be implemented, in making progress toward achieving the TMDL pollutant load reduction requirement, including a schedule for completing the monitoring. Monitoring shall be specifically for the pollutant identified in the TMDL. Monitoring may include, but is not limited to, outfall monitoring, in-stream monitoring, or modeling. At a minimum, monitoring shall be conducted two times during the permit cycle or at a frequency sufficient to determine if the BMPs are adequate in making progress toward achieving the TMDL pollutant load reduction. *Existing monitoring data may be submitted for review as part of the plan to meet part of the monitoring requirement.*

TMDL Monitoring Plan (page and paragraph of attachments): \_\_\_\_\_

**SECTION VIII. CERTIFICATION**

Rule 323.2114(1-4), promulgated under the NREPA, requires that this Application be signed by either a principal executive officer or ranking elected official (e.g., mayor, village president, city or village manager, or clerk). Note: If the signatory is not a principal executive officer or ranking elected official, but is authorized to sign the Application, please provide documentation of the authorization.

*"I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for having knowledge of violations."*

I understand that my signature constitutes a legal agreement to comply with the requirements of the NPDES Permit. I certify under penalty of law that I possess full authority on behalf of the legal owner/permittee to sign and submit this Application. I certify to the best of my knowledge that it is true, accurate and meets the minimum permit requirements for a SWMP to the MEP.

Print Name: Jim Mallory

Title: Village Manager

Representing: Village of Vicksburg

Signature: 

Date: Oct 3, 2017

Please submit this completed Application and attachments to:

MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY  
WATER RESOURCES DIVISION  
PERMITS SECTION  
P.O. BOX 30458  
LANSING, MICHIGAN 48909-7958

## Chapter 2 – Regulated Area Map

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Village of Vicksburg

**National Pollution Discharge Elimination System**

July 2018

2150121

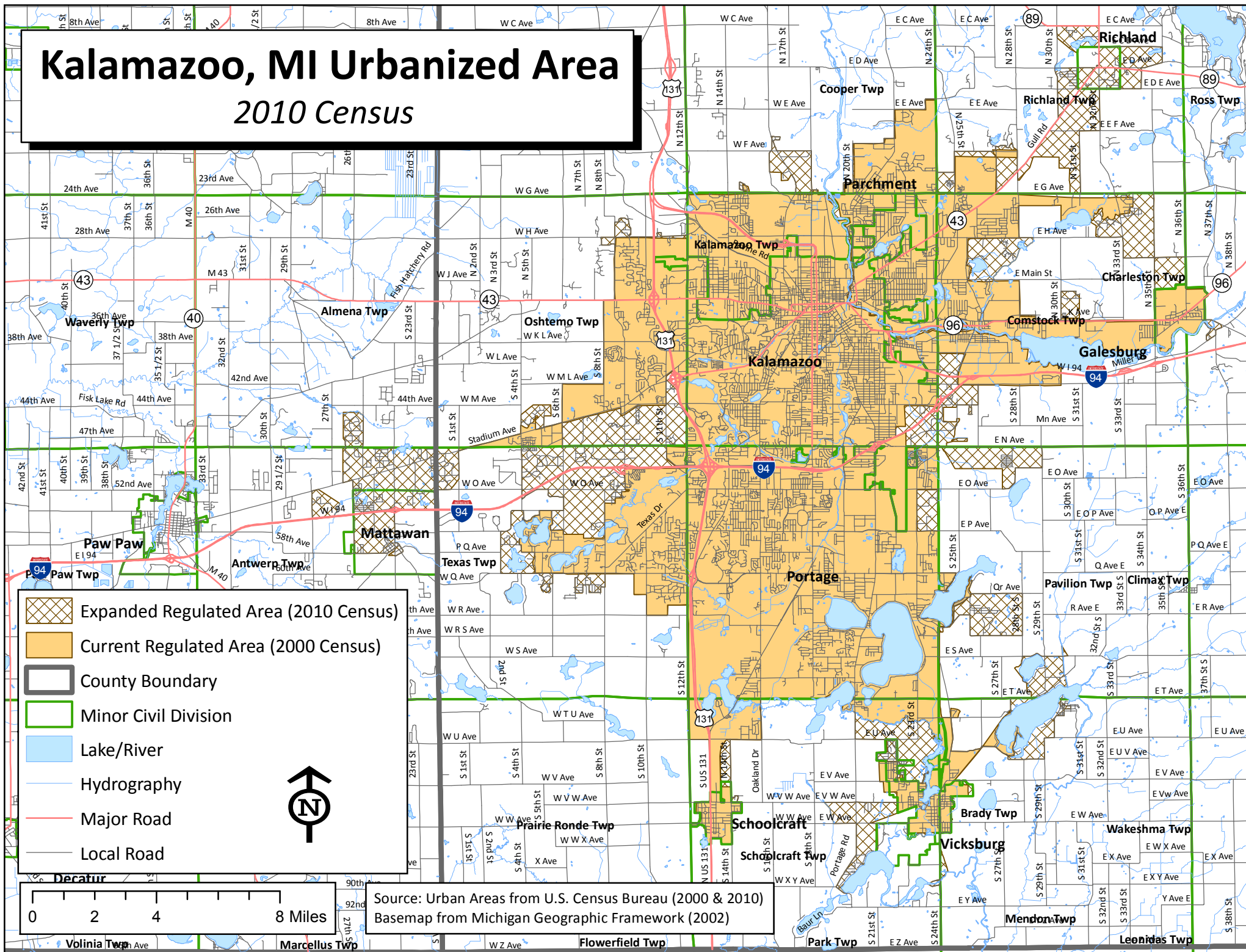
## **Regulated Area**

The Village of Vicksburg's entire municipal boundary is within the urbanized area as defined by the 2010 Census with the exception of Angels Crossing golf course and associated surround developments adjacent to this course (Bridgeview Condominiums and Angels Crossing subdivision). A copy of the 2010 urbanized area is included in this chapter and a copy of a larger Village map is included in Chapter 3.



# Kalamazoo, MI Urbanized Area

## 2010 Census



# Chapter 3 – Outfalls and Points of Discharge

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Village of Vicksburg

## National Pollution Discharge Elimination System

July 2018

2150121



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## **HISTORY**

Initial identification of outfalls within the jurisdiction of the Village has been conducted. Identification had been done through review of maps, plots, printouts, files, NPDES permits, municipal records, other agencies and field inspections. This review indicates that known public storm drains, county drains and drainage swales are primarily three types of systems. These include systems built to service Village and county roads and bridges or constructed as part of a plat development.

Vicksburg made an effort in 2003 to locate all public utilities (storm and sanitary sewer) in their system by hiring a contractor to jet or clean the lines and manholes. At that time the Village did discover outfalls that they were unaware of and developed the map that was part of their current permit. Since then they made a hand drawn map of the storm system, which was drawn into GIS in 2008 and included with the permit application (which was repealed). The Village was confident that all outfalls have been discovered within the Village Limits at that time; however, continued investigation and mapping of all storm sewers and structures within the Village is ongoing by Village staff.

Angels Crossing golf course was purchased by the Village from the bank during the winter of 2009. This golf course discharges towards wetlands and has been added to the Village Storm Sewer Map, which was included in this Chapter.

The Vicksburg Public Schools have been added to Vicksburg permit as a nested jurisdiction in 2010 and updates to the map have been completed to include the school's property and outfalls. Vicksburg Community Schools have their points of discharge labeled VCS1 – VCS10. Storm water runoff from Vicksburg High School, Vicksburg Middle School, Administration Building and the Bus Garage is collected and run through Storm Treatment Units, STU, (oil/water separators or Aquaswirls). After passing thru a STU, storm water is discharged into the County Drain. Stormwater from Sunset Lake Elementary discharges directly in the Village of Vicksburg storm sewer down N. Boulevard; therefore, is not added as a new discharge point and also contains a STU prior to connecting to the Village's system. Tobey and Indian Lake Elementary are not located in the Village; storm water from these two sites is infiltrated on site so will not add to the Village of Vicksburg discharges.

In 2014, the Village of Vicksburg received a SAW grant from MDEQ. The Village used this grant in 2015 and 2016 to video document the entire storm system. Pipeline Assessment Certification Program (PACP) ratings were utilized on all the storm pipes and storm structures evaluated. Mapping was updated based on the data collected.

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## **EXISTING STORM SYSTEM**

The overall stormwater management system within the Municipality's boundary has many intermingled ownerships and agencies involved to provide stormwater collection. These include the Vicksburg Community Schools and the Kalamazoo County Drain Commission. The current watershed of these agencies is approximately 1,096 acres of contributing area and extends into Brady Township and Schoolcraft Township.

The Village of Vicksburg's stormwater collection system currently has approximately 600 structures which are comprised of catch basins, leaching basins, manholes, and storm inlets. There are also approximately 59,351 feet of storm piping and 12 infiltration basins.

Per MS4 permit definitions, an outfall means a discharge from a MS4 directly to surface waters of the state and a Point of Discharge means a discharge from a MS4 to a MS4 owned or operated by another public body.

- The Village has twenty-three (23) outfalls which discharge directly to the creek, lakes or adjoining wetlands with no stormwater treatment.
- The Village has nine (9) outfalls that connect to the "Vicksburg Drain" (which is a Water of the State) under the jurisdiction of the Kalamazoo County Drain Commission, which also do not contain any storm water treatment system.
- The Village has seventeen (17) non-MS4 outfalls discharge to 12 infiltration areas under the jurisdiction of the Village and none of these outfalls contain any storm water treatment system.

Currently the Village storm system has no storm water treatment systems on their direct discharges; however, ultimately it is anticipated the Village's storm system will utilize the following treatment methods:

- In-line separators
- Detention/retention basins
- Outfall treatment - Sediment Basins or Wetlands

The other agencies within the municipal limits have approximately the following infrastructure:

- Vicksburg Community Schools (Nested Jurisdiction) – 71 Structures, 12,200 feet of pipe, 10 points of discharge to KCDC, one (1) STU, and two (2) oil/grit separators.
- KCDC (Vicksburg Drain) – 50 Structures, 7,000 feet of pipe, 4,500 feet of open ditch, 3 Storm Treatment Units (AquaSwirls), several culverts, one (1) 8-foot diameter inline sedimentation sump, and 1 outfall.

Village of Vicksburg  
Storm Water Discharge Permit Application  
**Table 1**  
Outfall and Point of Discharge Information

Designation (Outfall/POD)	Identification Number	Connecting Point MS4 Jurisdiction	Receiving Water	Latitude	Longitude	Pipe Size	Notes
Outfall	A	NA	Wetlands			24"	S. Leja Detention basin w/overflow pipe under RR
Outfall	B	NA	Sunset Lake			12"	
Outfall	C	NA	Sunset Lake			24"	
Outfall	D	NA	Sunset Lake			12"	
Outfall	E	NA	Sunset Lake			12"	
Outfall	F	NA	Sunset Lake			8"	
Outfall	G	NA	Sunset Lake			12"	
Outfall	H	NA	Sunset Lake			10"	
Outfall	I	NA	Sunset Lake			12"	Bowie
Outfall	J	NA	Sunset Lake			12"	N. Street
Outfall	K	NA	Sunset Lake			15"	
Outfall	L	NA	Portage Creek			12"	Washington Street
Outfall	M	NA	Portage Creek			12"	Washington Street
Outfall	N	NA	Portage Creek			12"	Maple Street
Outfall	O	NA	Portage Creek			10"	Park Street
Outfall	Q	NA	Portage Creek			15"	Highway Street
Outfall	R	NA	Portage Creek			15"	Highway Street
Outfall	W	NA	Wetlands/Portage Creek			15"	Seth Raynor overflow
Outfall	X	NA	Wetlands/Portage Creek			24"	CB MacDonald Way
Outfall	Y	NA	Wetlands/Portage Creek			15"	
Outfall	Z	NA	Wetlands/Portage Creek			24"	
Outfall	AA	NA	Wetlands/Portage Creek			12"	
Outfall	BB	NA	Wetlands/Portage Creek			15"	
Outfall	CC	KCDC	Vicksburg Drain			12"	
Outfall	DD	KCDC	Vicksburg Drain			12"	
Outfall	EE	KCDC	Vicksburg Drain			12"	
Outfall	FF	KCDC	Vicksburg Drain			12"	
Outfall	GG	KCDC	Vicksburg Drain			15"	
Outfall	HH	KCDC	Vicksburg Drain			12"	
Outfall	II	KCDC	Vicksburg Drain			12"	
Outfall	JJ	KCDC	Vicksburg Drain			15"	This was determined to be KCDC pipe with SAW
Outfall	KK	KCDC	Vicksburg Drain			12"	
Outfall	LL	KCDC	Vicksburg Drain			12"	

Village of Vicksburg  
Storm Water Discharge Permit Application

**Table 1**  
Outfall and Point of Discharge Information

Designation (Outfall/POD)	Identification Number	Connecting Point MS4 Jurisdiction	Receiving Water	Latitude	Longitude	Pipe Size	Notes
<b><u>Nested Jurisdictions</u></b>							
Point of Discharge	VCS1	KCDC	Vicksburg Drain			unknown	contains oil/grit separator (STU 4)
Point of Discharge	VCS2	KCDC	Vicksburg Drain			unknown	contains oil/grit separator (STU 5)
Point of Discharge	VCS3	KCDC	Vicksburg Drain			unknown	contains Aquaswirl (STU 2)
Point of Discharge	VCS4	KCDC	Vicksburg Drain			unknown	
Point of Discharge	VCS5	KCDC	Vicksburg Drain			unknown	
Point of Discharge	VCS6	KCDC	Vicksburg Drain			unknown	
Point of Discharge	VCS7	KCDC	Vicksburg Drain			12"	Abandoned with Drain project in 2014
Point of Discharge	VCS8	KCDC	Vicksburg Drain			12"	
Point of Discharge	VCS9	KCDC	Vicksburg Drain			15"	
Point of Discharge	VCS10	KCDC	Vicksburg Drain			unknown	
<b><u>"outfall" - Non-MS4</u></b>							
Outfall	IA-1A	NA	Infiltration Basin 1			30"	Seth Raynor Place
Outfall	IA-2A	NA	Infiltration Basin 2			12"	Fourth Street / N. Leja Industrial Park
Outfall	IA-3A	NA	Infiltration Basin 3			24"	Maple Meadows
Outfall	IA-4A	NA	Infiltration Basin 4			21"	N. Leja
Outfall	IA-5A	NA	Infiltration Basin 5			24"	Trillium
Outfall	IA-5B	NA	Infiltration Basin 5			36"	Trillium
Outfall	IA-5C	NA	Infiltration Basin 5			24"	Trillium
Outfall	IA-6A	NA	Infiltration Basin 6			24"	Madison Heights
Outfall	IA-7A	NA	Infiltration Basin 7			30"	The Prairies at Centennial Condominiums
Outfall	IA-8A	NA	Infiltration Basin 8			15"	Centennial
Outfall	IA-9A	NA	Infiltration Basin 9			24"	Centennial
Outfall	IA-9B	NA	Infiltration Basin 9			24"	Centennial
Outfall	IA-10A	NA	Infiltration Basin 10			36"	Centennial
Outfall	IA-11A	NA	Infiltration Basin 11			12"	Richardson
Outfall	IA-11B	NA	Infiltration Basin 11			15"	Richardson
Outfall	IA-12A	NA	Infiltration Basin 12			15"	S. Leja Drive
Outfall	IA-12B	NA	Infiltration Basin 12			15"	Draper Street / Fourth Street

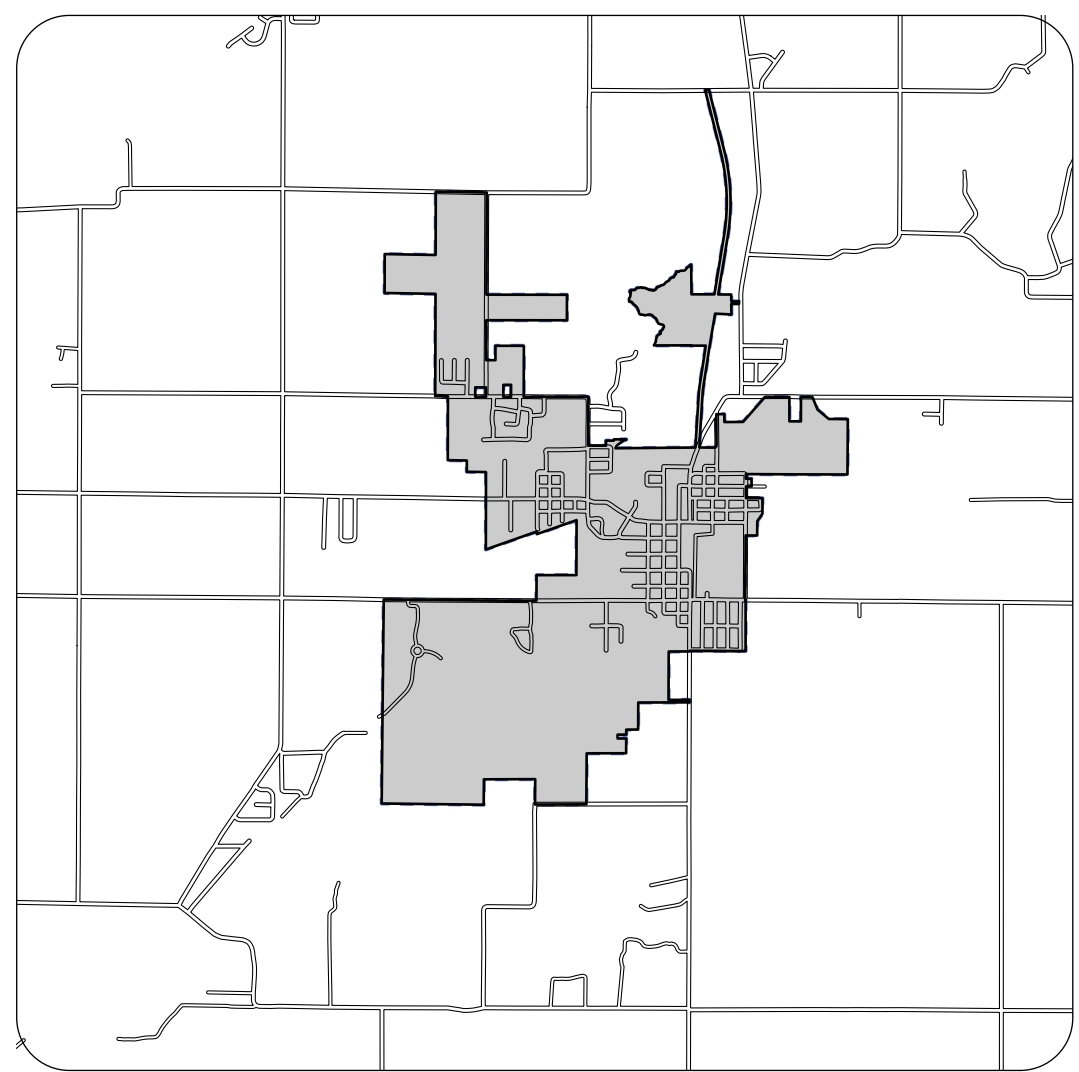
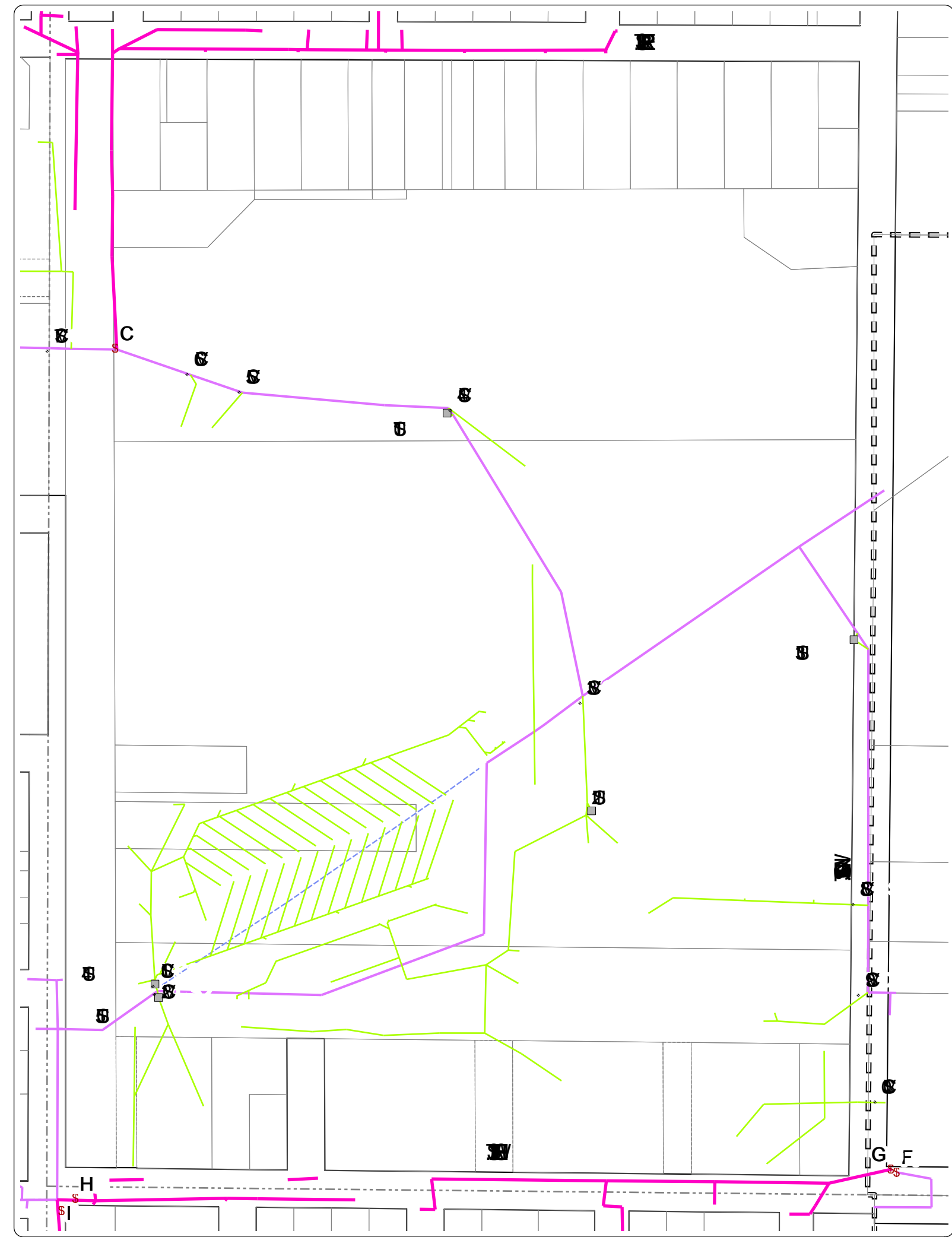
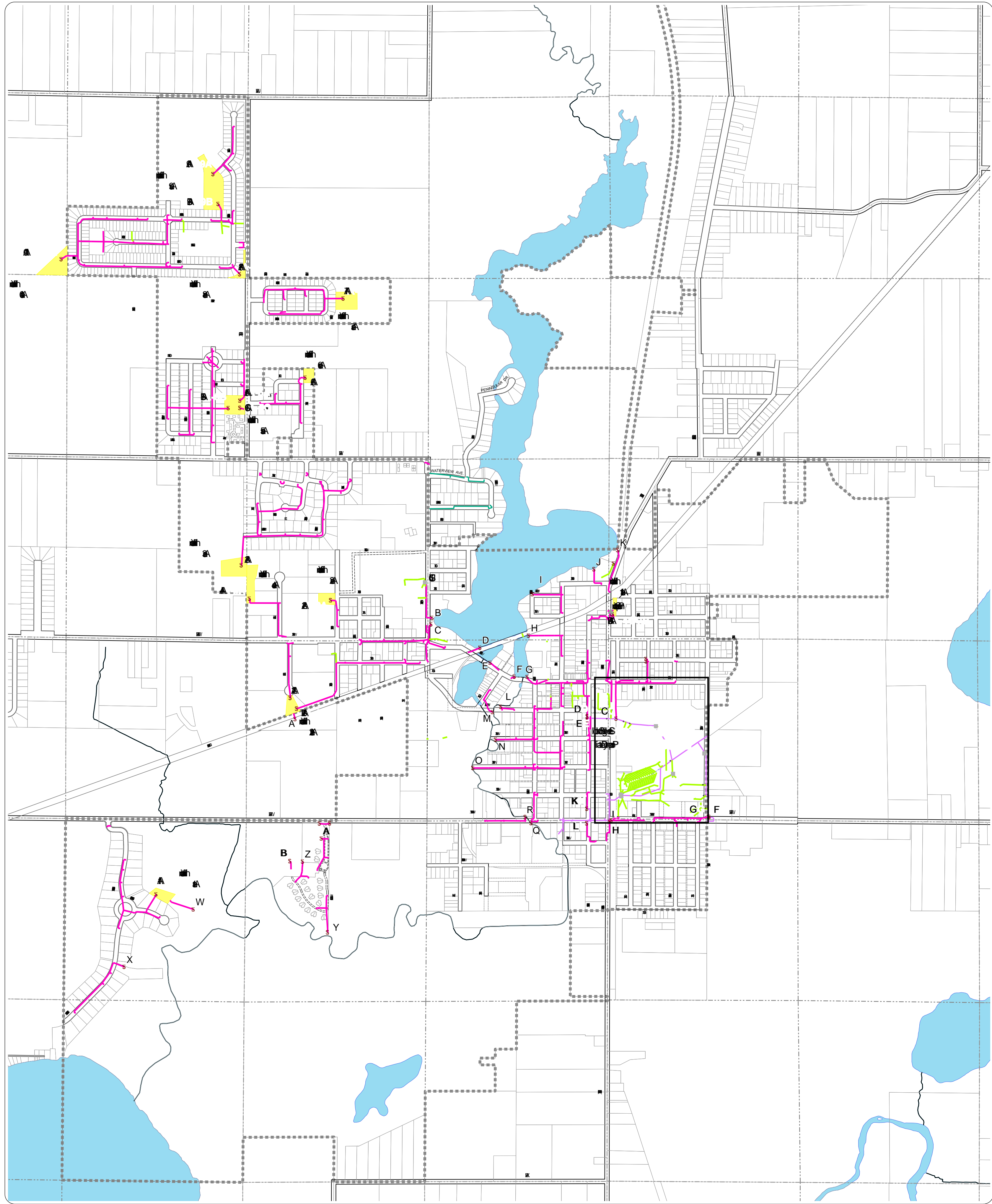
**Outfall** means a discharge point from an MS4 directly to surface waters of the state

**Point of Discharge** means a discharge from an MS4 to an MS4 owned or operated by another public body

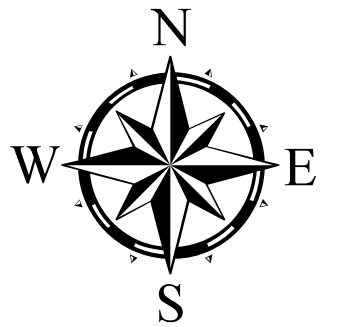
**"Outfall" Non MS4** means a discharge point to a Village owned or operated Infiltration Area

The "Vicksburg Drain" is classified as a Water of the State

Outfall JJ was eliminated from the list as the pipe ownership was determine with the SAW study to be KCDC jurisdiction and not the Village's



PLAN  
SECTION  
ELEVATION



## Chapter 4 – Nested Jurisdictions

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Village of Vicksburg

### National Pollution Discharge Elimination System

July 2018

2150121

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### **VICKSBURG COMMUNITY SCHOOLS**

The Village of Vicksburg's storm system includes the Vicksburg Community Schools as they were nested under the Village's watershed based permit in September 2010. A copy of their agreement is included with this chapter.

# VCS

## Vicksburg Community Schools

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*Traditions In Excellence*

September 7, 2010

Ms. Chris Bauer  
Michigan Dept. of Natural Resources & Envr.  
Kalamazoo District Office  
7953 Adobe Rd.  
Kalamazoo, MI 49009

RE: Vicksburg Community Schools Storm Water Phase II

Dear Ms. Bauer:

The Vicksburg Community Schools (VCS) would like to request termination of the Administrative Consent Order requesting that VCS obtain coverage under the Municipal Storm Water Program. VCS has prepared an agreement with the Village of Vicksburg (VOV) to be nested under their watershed based permit with Certificate of Coverage No. MIG610330. An unsigned copy of this agreement is attached; the agreement will be signed by both the VCS and VOV after the next VOV Council Meeting on September 20, 2010.

VOV will add VCS storm water discharges to their system, include a SWPPP for the VCS bus garage as necessary, and rely on VCS's educational expertise to assist in expanding their efforts. Storm water runoff from Vicksburg High School, Vicksburg Middle School, Administration Building and the Bus Garage is collected and run through oil/water separators (Aquaswirls). After passing through the Aquaswirls, storm water is discharged into the County Drain, which will be an added discharge to the VOV system. Storm water from Sunset Lake Elementary discharges directly into the VOV storm sewer down N. Boulevard; therefore, will not be an added discharge point. Tobey and Indian Lake Elementary are not located in the Village; storm water from these two sites is infiltrated on site so will not add to the VOV discharges. VCS will develop a SWPPP for their bus garage site and provide it to the VOV to include in their SWPPI. All necessary monitoring for the SWPPP will likely be completed by VCS staff. VCS will take a lead role in educational efforts and have education information available to staff, students, and parents. VCS staff will be included in all training efforts made by the VOV.

Once the agreement has been signed by both the VCS and VOV a copy will be mailed to the MDNRE. If any changes are requested by the VOV Board, they will be highlighted or indicated in a cover letter. Please contact us with any further questions.

Sincerely,



Stephen M. Goss  
Assistant Superintendent

Enclosure

cc: Matt Crawford, Village of Vicksburg  
Helen Davis, Prein&Newhof



301 South Kalamazoo PO Box 158 Vicksburg, Michigan 49097-0158 269 321-1000 fax: 269 321-1055



***THIS AGREEMENT*** is made and entered into as of the 1<sup>st</sup> day of September, 2010, by the Village of Vicksburg (VOV), and Vicksburg Community Schools (VCS).

***IT IS AGREED THAT:***

The VOV and VCS are subject to the requirements of the Phase II Storm Water Regulations (the “Phase II Regulations”), 33 USC 1251, et seq., published by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (“EPA”) in the Federal Register on December 8, 1999; and

The Phase I Regulations of the existing National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) storm water program were published in the Federal Register on November 16, 1990 and the Phase II Regulation expands the existing program to address storm water discharges from small public separate storm drainage systems and construction sites that disturb one to five acres. The VOV is subject to Phase II because it is specifically identified in the list of “Incorporated Places and Counties Proposed To Be Automatically Designated Under the Storm Water Phase II Proposed Rule.” The VCS is regulated as it is a public facility with separate storm drainage that lies within an urbanized area and the facility’s separate storm drainage meets the concept of a “system” as described in the Federal regulation; and

The VOV has obtained coverage under for a Michigan Department of Environmental Quality National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Wastewater Discharge General Permit for Storm Water Discharges from Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems (MS4s) Subject to Watershed Plan Requirements (MIG610000)- Under the VOVs permit as allowed in Part I, Section A.2. of the General Permit the VOV is also applying to cover the VCS facilities which lies within the jurisdictional limits of VOV and others VCS properties within the designated watershed of the permit.

The Phase II Regulations and the General Permit impose certain requirements on the VOV and VCS that must be satisfied; and

The VOV Council has approved the VOV to provide coverage for VCS under the General Permit to enable the VOV and the VCS to comply with the requirements of the Phase II Regulations, the General Permit and to engage in other storm water management activities related thereto; and

The VOV and the VCS agreed to cooperate and actively participate in the activities necessary to enable the VOV and the VCS to comply with the Phase II Regulations and the General Permit; and

The VOV and the VCS are authorized to enter into an Agreement for a term up to but not beyond the expiration date of the VOVs Certificate of Coverage (COC) issued under the General Permit; and

In order to provide permit coverage, it is necessary that the VOV and the VCS enter into this Agreement.

## **INTER-AGENCY AGREEMENT FOR COVERAGE UNDER THE PHASE II NPDES PERMIT**

**THEREFORE**, in consideration of the premises and the covenants of each other, the parties hereto agree as follows:

### **General Permit Compliance**

#### **VOV**

The VOV agrees to:

1. Prepare and submit the permit application and required attachments.
2. Be responsible for the general administration of the permit related compliance program including maintenance of records, permit compliance tracking, and submittal of required plans, reports, and related correspondence.
3. Provide access to all correspondence and records related to the permit to the VCS.
4. Advise the VCS of any permit compliance issues or actions.
5. Hold meetings with the VCS at least quarterly to provide updates on compliance and storm water management related issues.
6. Be responsible to the primary implementation of minimum measures, Storm Water Pollution Prevention Initiative (SWPPI), Watershed Management Plan (WMP), etc., within the VOV and VCS.
7. Attend and actively participate in watershed planning efforts.
8. Represent the VCS in watershed planning efforts.
9. Engage such consultants, assistants, attorneys, employees, and resources as may be necessary to provide the services necessary to maintain compliance with the permit.

#### **VCS**

The VCS agrees to:

1. Provide needed information to the VOV, including drawings, plans, reviews, reports, and notices of problems/spills/violations necessary to apply for and maintain compliance with the permit.
2. Provide a written description of the BMPs used to achieve the assigned action items and goals of the SWPPI and the measures used to determine success.
3. Name a storm water management contact person.
4. Develop a Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) as necessary for Fleet Maintenance and Storage Yard facilities as required in the Phase II Regulations and the General Permit.
5. Provide to the VOV, documentation of compliance with the permit, the minimum measures, the SWPPI, SWPPP, WMP, and this agreement.
6. Approve and agree that the VCS shall provide such information and facility access hereunder as are necessary to assist the VOV in complying with the permit application requirements, the Phase II Regulations, the General Permit, the Certificate of Coverage (COC), and in other related storm water management activities.
7. Participate in subwatershed planning and implementation activities, as requested.

## **INTER-AGENCY AGREEMENT FOR COVERAGE UNDER THE PHASE II NPDES PERMIT**

### **Illicit Discharge Elimination Plan (IDEP)**

#### **VOV**

The VOV agrees to:

1. Develop the IDEP with VCS input and submit the IDEP to the MDEQ as required in the COC.
2. Implement the approved IDEP at the VCS, maintain records, and inform the VCS of any problems found or necessary actions required.
3. Get approval to enter the VCS for the purposes of IDEP implementation.
4. Provide training to VCS staff to enable the VCS to recognize and address illicit connections and discharges.
5. Provide IDEP training to VCS staff to enable the VCS to implement the approved IDEP at their facility. The VCS agrees to provide the VOV with a written report of all findings, observations and results.
6. Inform the VCS of any complaints that may be received regarding storm water at any VCS facility and respond to the complaints as appropriate.

#### **VCS**

The VCS agrees to:

1. Provide information to the VOV on the separate storm conveyances and on-site sewage disposal systems (OSDS) at the VCS for the development of the IDEP.
2. Allow VOV access to the VCS for the purposes of IDEP implementation.
3. Reimburse the VOV for costs of service for IDEP implementation at the rates which will be mutually agreed to.
4. Comply with VOV ordinances as they relate to the approved IDEP.
5. Comply with the approved IDEP.
6. Develop policies and procedures that parallel VOV ordinance on illicit connections and discharges that will allow the VCS to implement the approved IDEP.
7. Obtain training for maintenance staff on illicit connection and discharge recognition, OSDS, and proper storage, use and disposal of lawn and facility maintenance chemicals, fuels, cleaners, oils, greases and any other materials that pose a potential threat to surface waters.
8. Obtain training for VCS staff to allow them to implement the approved IDEP on facility property.
9. Implement the approved IDEP on facility property and provide records of efforts, including location and number of observations, sample analysis and detailed information on illicit connections and discharges that were discovered.
10. Provide a written description of the BMPs used to achieve goals and assignments of the IDEP and the measures used to determine success.
11. Respond to any complaints received regarding storm water at the facility and inform the VOV of the details of the complaint and its resolution.

## **INTER-AGENCY AGREEMENT FOR COVERAGE UNDER THE PHASE II NPDES PERMIT**

### **Public Education Plan (PEP)**

#### **VOV**

The VOV agrees to:

1. Develop PEP with VCS input and submit the PEP to the MDNRE as required in the COC.
2. Implement the approved PEP and include the VCS in education efforts and activities as appropriate.
3. Utilize the VCS's expertise in education to off-set costs associated with permit application and compliance.

#### **VCS**

The VCS agrees to:

1. Reimburse the VOV for costs associated with PEP development and implementation as mutually agreed to.
2. Participate fully in PEP development and implementation and utilize its expertise, contacts and resources to provide watershed and environmental education as described in the approved PEP. The education will be provided to the citizens, business owners, visitors to and employees of VOV, and to the visitors to and employees and students of the VCS,
3. Provide education on the PEP topics required by the General Permit to all staff and students
4. Provide a written description of the BMPs used to achieve goals and assignments of the PEP and the measures used to determine success.

### **Public Participation Plan (PPP)**

#### **VOV**

The VOV agrees to:

1. Jointly with the watershed partners, develop a PPP with VCS input and submit the PPP to the MDNRE as required in the COC.
2. Implement the approved plan and include the VCS in the storm water management citizens' advisory committee.

#### **VCS**

The VCS agrees to:

1. Assist in the effort to involve the public, including VCS staff and students in the planning and implementation of storm water management.
2. Participate as a member of the PIPP citizens' advisory committee.
3. Provide a written description of the BMPs used to achieve goals and assignments of the PPP and the measures used to determine success.

## **INTER-AGENCY AGREEMENT FOR COVERAGE UNDER THE PHASE II NPDES PERMIT**

### **COST SHARE**

#### **VOV**

The VOV agrees to:

1. Accept the VCS assistance in actions to comply with the permit and implement storm water management VOV wide, in lieu of funds not otherwise specified. The assistance is to include manpower and resources to:
  - a. Prepare a permit application
  - b. Prepare and implement minimum measure programs.
2. Perform all functions necessary to comply with the permit within the VOV and VCS and bill the VCS on a cost per service basis. Amounts are to be mutually agreed upon prior to incurring any costs.
3. Accept responsibility for the costs of addressing noncompliance issues that are unrelated to the actions of the VCS.

#### **VCS**

The VCS agrees to:

1. The VCS agrees to pay VOV its share of the regulatory agency permit application fee promptly upon receipt of an invoice for the same from the VOV, but no later than 30 days after receipt.
2. Reimburse the VOV for costs of service for the development, implementation and administration of the storm water management program at rates to be mutually agreed upon prior to commencement of work.
3. Reimburse the VOV for all costs that are incurred in addressing noncompliance issues that are solely the result of the actions of the VCS.

## **INTER-AGENCY AGREEMENT FOR COVERAGE UNDER THE PHASE II NPDES PERMIT**

### **General Agreement**

1. In the event that any one or more of the provisions of this Agreement shall, for any reason, be held to be invalid, illegal, or unenforceable in any respect, such invalidity, illegality, or unenforceability shall not affect any other provisions hereof, but this Agreement shall be constructed as if such invalid, illegal, or unenforceable provision had never been contained herein.
2. The Agreement shall become effective after approval by the governing bodies of the VOV and Nested and execution by the authorized officials of the parties; shall terminate on the expiration date of the General Permit Certificate of Coverage unless extended by the parties in writing; may be executed in several counterparts; and shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the parties hereto and their respective successors and assigns.
3. If the VOV or the VCS are unable or unwilling to comply with the Agreement, the Agreement can be terminated by any party with a thirty (30) day written notice. If the Agreement is terminated the VOV will notify in writing, the VCS that they will have to apply for a permit and the MDNRE of the termination of the agreement.
4. Modifications, amendments or waivers of any provisions of this Agreement may be made only by the written mutual consent of the parties.
5. The parties, as required by law, shall not discriminate against a person to be served, an employee or applicant for employment with respect to hire, tenure, terms, conditions or privileges or employment, or a matter directly or indirectly related to employment because of race, color, religion, national origin, age, sex, disability that is unrelated to the individuals ability to perform the duties of a particular job or position, height, weight, marital status, political affiliation or beliefs.

The parties shall adhere to all applicable Federal, State and local laws, ordinances, rules and regulations prohibiting discrimination, including, but not limited to, the following:

- A. The Elliott-Larsen Civil Rights Act, 1976 PA 453, as amended.
- B. The Persons with Disabilities Civil Rights Act, 1976 PA 220, as amended.
- C. Section 504 of the Federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973, P.L. 93-112, 87 Stat 394, as amended, and promulgated thereunder
- D. The Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, P.L. 101-336, 104 Stat 328 (42 USCA S12101 et seq), as amended, and regulations promulgated thereunder.

**INTER-AGENCY AGREEMENT  
FOR COVERAGE UNDER THE PHASE II NPDES PERMIT**

***IN WITNESS WHEREOF***, The parties hereto have caused this Agreement to be executed and delivered by their respective duly authorized officers, all as of the day and year first above written.

Witnesseth:

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

By: \_\_\_\_\_

Its: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

By: \_\_\_\_\_

Its: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

By: \_\_\_\_\_

Its: \_\_\_\_\_

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By: \_\_\_\_\_

Its: \_\_\_\_\_

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\_\_\_\_\_

By: \_\_\_\_\_

Its: \_\_\_\_\_

# Chapter 5 – Enforcement Response Procedure (ERP)

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Village of Vicksburg

**National Pollution Discharge Elimination System**

July 2018

2150121



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## **Enforcement Response Procedure (ERP)**

An ordinance was adopted by the Village Board on June 21, 2010 (Ordinance No. 261) related to stormwater. The ordinance utilizes the criteria in DEQ's 2008 MS4 Permit for water quality and channel protection. In addition, a riparian buffer strip requirement is included in the ordinance. The Village's ordinance does not specify requirements for Operation and Maintenance. O&M is negotiated on a case by case basis during the site plan review process. If a storm water control measure, such as a retention basin in a neighborhood, is not being properly maintained, the Village would first determine if routine maintenance could resolve the problem. If more significant work is needed, a special assessment would be used to fund the work.

Illicit connections are prevented by utilizing site plan review and the state plumbing inspector for new construction and redevelopment. There is also an ordinance 261 "Stormwater Ordinance" that prohibits discharge into streets.

If an illicit connection were found, the Village would deal with the problem in a similar manner to how they deal with blight. A letter would be sent by Michigan Township Services on behalf of the Village, to provide the Owner an opportunity to reroute the connection to sanitary. If the property owner failed to cooperate, the Village would hire a contractor to fix the problem, and bill the property owner via special assessment.

If the Village encounters a situation where enforcement action is needed, they can revoke the property owner's site plan approval or revoke any existing building permits for the site. Another option would be for the Village to hire a contractor to fix a problem, than send the bill to the property owner.

To date no illicit discharges have been found and no reports have been reported via the County-wide 1-800 reporting hotline.

## **OTHER**

Any questions on this policy and procedure should be directed to the Storm Water Program Manager.

## **PROCESS FOR UPDATING/REVISING THIS PROCEDURE**

This procedure shall be reviewed on an annual basis by the Storm Water Program Manager for any updates to improve effectiveness.

Village of Vicksburg  
Enforcement Response Reporting Form

Name of Person/Owner violating ordinance: \_\_\_\_\_

Date of Violation: \_\_\_\_\_

Location of Violation: \_\_\_\_\_

Description of Violation: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Date Village issued enforcement response: \_\_\_\_\_

Description of enforcement response used (copy attached, if applicable): \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Schedule for returning to compliance: \_\_\_\_\_

Date the violation was resolved: \_\_\_\_\_

# Chapter 6 – Public Participation/Involvement Program (PPP)

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Village of Vicksburg

**National Pollution Discharge Elimination System**

July 2018

2150121

## **Public Participation Program**

### **POLICY**

This policy is to establish procedures for the Village of Vicksburg Public Participation/Involvement Program (PPP).

### **BACKGROUND**

The MDEQ NPDES MS4 Stormwater Discharge Permit Application requires a procedure for public participation/involvement program as identified in the Application. This procedure includes a description of the opportunities for the public to provide comment on the Stormwater Management Plan and inviting public involvement and participation in the implementation and period review of the Stormwater Management Plan.

### **PROCEDURE**

#### **Stormwater Management Plan Available for Public Inspection and Comment**

The stormwater management plan will be posted on the Village of Vicksburg's web site for review and comment by the public when the application is submitted to MDEQ. This information will include the contact information of the stormwater manager to forward comments. The stormwater manager will compile and track comments from the public including: commenter name, date, and comment.

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### **Public Involvement and Participation in the Implementation and Periodic Review of the Stormwater Management Plan**

The following BMPs will be utilized to allow for public involvement and participation in the implementation and periodic review of the stormwater management plan.

<b>BMP</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Schedule</b>	<b>Method of Assessment</b>
Public Notice	The Village will publicize the document is available for review and comment at the Village's designated locations in compliance with their Public Notice Requirements for public meetings.	1 <sup>st</sup> Year	Number of Comments
Web Site	The web site will be utilized to explain the program and opportunities for public involvement and participation.	Ongoing	Number of hits on community web site. Number of comments.
Community Website Updates / Promote TMDL activities	The Village will promote events put together by the Kalamazoo River Watershed, such as "Rain Barrel Sale", Kanoe the Kazoo", etc. or other appropriate agency's events that are appropriate for this community	Ongoing	Number of programs promoted on website
Public Participation Survey	This effort is in partnership with regional efforts for stakeholders to provide input into the priorities and implementation of stormwater planning.	Ongoing	Survey results

### **OTHER**

Any questions on this policy and procedure should be directed to the Storm Water Program Manager.

### **PROCESS FOR UPDATING/REVISING THIS PROCEDURE**

This procedure shall be reviewed on an annual basis by the Storm Water Program Manager for any updates to improve effectiveness.

# Chapter 7 – Public Education Program (PEP)

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Village of Vicksburg

## National Pollution Discharge Elimination System

July 2018

2150121

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## **Public Education Program (PEP)**

### **OVERVIEW**

The PEP with associated tables is included within this Chapter. The primary events where free public education material is made available to the public include the Taste of Vicksburg and the Vicksburg Community Tailgate in conjunction with Vicksburg Community Schools (September). Additional storm water educational information is made available year round at the Village's office.

### **INTRODUCTION**

#### **Background**

The unique purpose of the public education portion of the NPDES MS4 permit is to increase the awareness of residents about how their everyday activities contribute pollutants to their community's water resources. Most citizens recognize the recreational and aesthetic benefits they receive from water, and most even recognize that water quality degradation is a serious concern in the Great Lakes Region. However, most people have not made the connection that the majority of this pollution can be generated from their normal everyday actions and not simply from large commercial and industrial sources.

This PEP is jurisdictional base; however, portions may be performed in conjunction, cooperation, and coordination with the other water quality educational efforts within the watershed, such as MS4 permit holders, partners within the Kalamazoo Area Stormwater Working Group (KASWG), Friends of St. Joe River, Wellhead Protection Programs, and the TMDL Implementation Committee. It is recognized that some existing educational components were designed to address groundwater, certain watersheds, stretches of streams, particular audiences, to convey a specific message, or to implement a particular type of educational strategy or technique. However, many of the on-going educational efforts share certain general water quality messages and strategies that are relevant to the stormwater program.

Although the Village is required to implement Best Management Practices (BMP), the Sunset Lake and Portage Creek does not have a TMDL limit to meet. Implementation within the Kalamazoo County is most efficiently accomplished if MS4s within the Kalamazoo River Watershed attend the quarterly TMDL meetings and partner on BMP implementation. The Village will participate in the TMDL group's educational activities by attending quarterly meetings and promoting educational activities and the Village's website. The current educational activities of the TMDL group are the Kanoe the Kazoo (paddle events), Krazy for the Kazoo (stream cleanup and riparian plantings) and the water festival; however the water festival at this point has not become an annual event.

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## **PEP Educational Components**

The following six educational components are PEP requirements of the MS4 program:

1. Educate the general public about personal watershed stewardship.
2. Educate residents concerning the ultimate stormwater discharge locations and the potential impacts of pollution from the separate stormwater drainage system.
3. Encourage the public reporting of the presence of illicit discharges or improper disposal of materials into the community's separate stormwater drainage systems.
4. Educate residents concerning personal actions that can impact the watershed, such as cleaning materials, procedures for residential or community organization car washing, application and disposal of pesticides, herbicides, and fertilizers; promote proper disposal of grass clippings, leaf litter, and animal waste; educate and promote benefits of green infrastructure and Low Impact Development.
5. Educate the citizens in the community of the availability, location, and requirements of facilities for disposal or drop-off of household hazardous waste, travel trailer sanitary wastes, chemicals, grass clippings, leaf litter, animal wastes and motor vehicle fluids.
6. Educate the citizens about the management of riparian lands and the importance of stream buffers.

## **VILLAGE OF VICKSBURG PEP TASK ELEMENTS**

The Village of Vicksburg's planned educational activities are specified in Table 2. More specifically, these are the educational tasks to be undertaken by the Village of Vicksburg as a component of its Certificate of Coverage.

Table 2 of the SWMP is intended to illustrate the relationship between the 6 components listed above and the desired messages, delivery mechanisms, evaluation methods, measurable goals, and an associated timetable for implementation. It is recognized that results of the PEP are difficult to measure and are somewhat subjective. It is debatable what is more significant in measuring the success of a PEP - aspects of quantity, quality, or a combination of the two; it is likely that it is dependent on the specific action item. Tons and type of trash collected and/or the number and type of people that participated in the process could measure the success of stream cleanup efforts. Furthermore, it is easy to measure the number of new signs or catch basin markings installed but it does not address the quality aspect of the marking design process, location selection process, or even perhaps a creative financing strategy to fund the cost of implementation. The measurable goals in Table 2 were selected to balance both the quantity and quality aspects of success of the subject action items.

Typically, PEP's also identifies commercial, industrial, and institutional entities likely to contribute to pollutant to storm water run-off. The Village of Vicksburg has industrial facilities in the Leja Industrial Park; however this area discharges to an infiltration basin. The institutional facility, VCS - Sunset Elementary School, has a dedicated storm line that is not connected to the Village's system and has a Storm Treatment Unit installed for treating run-off from the parking lot. The VCS High School and VCS Middle School connect to the County Drain and these facilities also have storm treatment units to treat parking lot areas. Commercial facilities are generally limited to the downtown area and have a zero set-back line, and therefore the buildings occupy 100% of the lot acreage with



most of the parking lots under the control of the Village of Vicksburg within this area. The few remaining commercial sites (General Dollar, Accroseal, etc.) with dedicated parking are educated on a case-by-case basis as the need or issues occur.

## **SUMMARY**

The Village of Vicksburg will increase public education by the following:

1. Participate in the Kalamazoo Area Stormwater Working Group, the TMDL, or other active group. (Attend meetings, promote educational activities on Village website, etc.)
2. Provide literature and information at community events as determined by the Village
3. Provide literature and information at the Village Hall Lobby
4. Coordinate educational opportunities with Vicksburg Community Schools
5. Provide information on the Village's website
6. Continue to support and provide Employee Training
7. Place storm water education signage at various locations on Village owned property.
8. Promote the Kalamazoo's Household Hazardous Waste Recycling
9. Educate commercial entities as the need arises.
10. Conduct annual public survey
11. Evaluate the effectiveness of the PEP at time of annual report

A successful Public Education Plan should not only be designed to meet a regulatory obligation but be dynamic and flexible enough to adjust to numerous and diverse audiences, and new opportunities for outreach. True success of a PEP results in a positive change in human behavior. Behavior includes a wide range of activities, such as how the general public disposes of its household waste or how an industry handles its stormwater.

This PEP strives to recognize and extend on-going educational efforts regarding water resources protection. It strives to learn from their successes as well as those activities that yielded limited results. It is a principle of this PEP to coordinate with current educational programs, to optimize opportunities to reach targeted audiences via planned events, organizational contacts, and to share staff expertise, equipment and materials.

## **VILLAGE OF VICKSBURG PEP - MEASURE OF ASSESSMENT**

The Village will conduct an annual public survey at an event within the community (football game, Taste of Vicksburg, etc.). This survey will be brief and is intended to measure delivery mechanism effectiveness along with change in knowledge and behavior among residents. The Villager of Vicksburg will assess at a staff level, the effectiveness of the overall PEP at the time of the annual report and make changes to improve the PEP for the remaining years within the permit cycle as it relates to the measurable goals for each Best Management Practice (BMP). The procedure for evaluating and determining the effectiveness of the overall PEP will be at the discretion of the Storm Water Program Manager at the time of evaluation based on survey responses and other data available (website counter, brochure distributed, etc.).

## **OTHER**

Any questions on this policy and procedure should be directed to the Storm Water Program Manager.

## **PROCESS FOR UPDATING/REVISING THIS PROCEDURE**

This procedure shall be reviewed on an annual basis by the Storm Water Program Manager for any updates to improve effectiveness. If current procedures or portions of the PEP are determined by the Storm Water Program Manager to be ineffective, the Village will make changes to the PEP based on input from the MDEQ and recommendations of the Storm Water Program Manager to improve delivery mechanism effectiveness along with increasing knowledge and behavior among residents.

**Table 2 – PUBLIC EDUCATION PROGRAM (PEP)**

**STORM WATER MANAGEMENT PROGRAM (SWMP)**

**PROGRAM ELEMENTS, TASKS AND DELIVERABLES**

PUBLIC EDUCATION PROGRAM ELEMENTS						
<u>PEP Objective</u>	<u>Task</u>	<u>Delivery Mechanism / Methodology</u>	<u>Time Table</u>	<u>Evaluation/ Measured Element</u>	<u>Content of Message(s) and Supplemental Message</u>	<u>Measurable Goals</u>
1	Watershed Stewardship Awareness	A representative of the Village of Vicksburg and/or Vicksburg Community School participates in the TMDL, Kalamazoo Area Stormwater Working Group or other active group with education activities and promote such event thru the Village's website	As Needed	Meeting attendance and participation in TMDL, KASWG or other applicable active group	Definition of a Watershed; Identification of Watershed Lived In (Work In); Purpose of Protecting the Watershed; Ways people affect the watershed	Representative present at 50% or more of TMDL, KASWG, or other meetings. Participation by volunteering manpower, materials, or promoting educational activities on the website.
		Display tables with free information at Vicksburg at a Community event  Provide free information at Village Office  Provide documents or links to applicable sites on the Village's website.	Annually	List of events and their dates, list of educational pieces provided, number of people visiting the table or attending the event List of educational pieces available and their location List of documents and links available on the website Website counter to track the number of "hits" to the Village website.		Storm water educational information/material is distributed at 1 event per year and a minimum of 2 free stormwater education pieces are available at each event. Increase in the number of people who visit the Village's website, particularly the 2 week period after conducting the public survey
2	Storm Water Discharge Awareness	The Village of Vicksburg website is <a href="http://www.vicksburgmi.org">www.vicksburgmi.org</a>	Annually	Article on the website	Storm sewers discharges to water bodies; Storm sewers (unlike wastewater) are untreated;  Storm water carries pollutants; Adverse impacts of storm water discharges; Local storm sewer drainage system Identify and educate commercial, industrial, and institutional entities likely to contribute pollutants to storm water runoff.	Place 1 article per year on website and place a minimum of one third party links
		Display tables with free information at Vicksburg at a Community event.  Provide free information at Village Office  Provide documents or links to applicable sites on the Village's website.	Annually	List of events and their dates, list of educational pieces provided, number of people visiting the table or attending the event List of educational pieces available and their location List of documents and links available on the website Website counter to track the number of "hits" to the Village website.		Storm water educational information/material is distributed at 1 event per year and a minimum of 2 free stormwater education pieces are available at each event. Increase in the number of people who visit the Village's website, particularly the 2 week period after conducting the public survey
		VCS staff meeting	Annually	Number of janitorial, food and bus staff at meeting		Discuss at staff meeting once per year.

PUBLIC EDUCATION PROGRAM ELEMENTS						
<u>PEP Objective</u>	<u>Task</u>	<u>Delivery Mechanism / Methodology</u>	<u>Time Table</u>	<u>Evaluation/ Measured Element</u>	<u>Content of Message(s) and Supplemental Message</u>	<u>Measurable Goals</u>
3	Illicit Discharge Awareness & Reporting	The Village of Vicksburg website is <a href="http://www.vicksburgmi.org">www.vicksburgmi.org</a>	Annually	List contact information to report illicit discharge. Number of calls received for illicit discharges	What is an illicit discharge; Why and how-to report illicit discharges; Water Quality impacts of illicit discharges and improper waste disposal; Consequences and penalties of illicit discharges	Contact information provided on website
		Train Public Services (DPW) employees to be on the lookout for violations.	Annually	Number of trainings		Hold 1 training per year.
		Display tables with free information at Vicksburg at a Community event  Provide free information at Village Office  Provide documents or links to applicable sites on the Village's website.	Annually	List of events and their dates, list of educational pieces provided, number of people visiting the table or attending the event List of educational pieces available and their location List of documents and links available on the website Website counter to track the number of "hits" to the Village website.		Storm water educational information/material is distributed at 1 event per year and a minimum of 2 free storm water education pieces are available at each event. Increase in the number of people who visit the Village's website, particularly the 2 week period after conducting the public survey
		VCS bulletin boards and displays and publications	Annually	Static Display at Bus Garage Literature available at general information tables and displays Article published in "The Red and White"		Display at bus garage. Literature available at school properties. Place one article per year devoted to stormwater education and all PEP topics are covered over the 5-year permit cycle.
4	Promotion of Best Management Practices (BMP's) to reduce contaminates discharging to storm sewer or Water of the State	BMP literature, guides and brochures	Annually	Distribution of materials at Village Hall	Promote preferred cleaning materials and procedures for car, pavement, and power washing; Inform and educate the public on proper application and disposal of pesticides, herbicides, and fertilizers; Promote proper disposal practices for grass clippings, leaf litter, and animal wastes; Educate the public on and promote the benefits of green infrastructure and Low Impact Development	Number of guides, brochures distributed.
		Display tables with free information at Vicksburg at a Community event  Provide free information at Village Office  Provide documents or links to applicable sites on the Village's website.	Annually	List of events and their dates, list of educational pieces provided, number of people visiting the table or attending the event List of educational pieces available and their location List of documents and links available on the website Website counter to track the number of "hits" to the Village website.		Storm water educational information/material is distributed at 1 event per year and a minimum of 2 free storm water education pieces are available at each event.  Increase in the number of people who visit the Village's website, particularly the 2 week period after conducting the public survey

PUBLIC EDUCATION PROGRAM ELEMENTS						
<u>PEP Objective</u>	<u>Task</u>	<u>Delivery Mechanism / Methodology</u>	<u>Time Table</u>	<u>Evaluation/ Measured Element</u>	<u>Content of Message(s) and Supplemental Message</u>	<u>Measurable Goals</u>
		VCS bulletin boards and displays and publications	Annually	Literature available at general information tables and displays Article published in “The Red and White”		Literature available at school properties. Place one article per year devoted to stormwater education and all PEP topics are covered over the 5-year permit cycle.
5	Promotion of Proper Waste Management	Kalamazoo Household Hazardous Waste Disposal Program literature available at Village Hall	Annually	Distribution of materials at Village Hall	Awareness and identification of household hazardous waste; Identification HHW disposal service locations Improper waste disposal impacts water quality; Available alternatives	Number of guides / brochures distributed.
		Display tables with free information at Vicksburg at a Community event  Provide free information at Village Office  Provide documents or links to applicable sites on the Village’s website.	Annually	List of events and their dates, list of educational pieces provided, number of people visiting the table or attending the event List of educational pieces available and their location List of documents and links available on the website Website counter to track the number of “hits” to the Village website.		Storm water educational information/material is distributed at 1 event per year and a minimum of 2 free storm water education pieces are available at each event. Increase in the number of people who visit the Village’s website, particularly the 2 week period after conducting the public survey
		VCS bulletin boards and displays and publications	Annually	Literature available at general information tables and displays Article published in “The Red and White”		Literature available at school properties. Place one article per year devoted to stormwater education and all PEP topics are covered over the 5-year permit cycle.
6	Riparian Land Stewardship	Contacts and outreach to Sunset Lake associations and property owners along Portage Creek	As needed	Mailings and/or presentations	Promote methods for managing riparian lands to protect water quality; Preservation of riparian buffers; Shoreline stabilization; Conservation easements	The Village Staff provides 1 mailing or presentation at an association meeting per 5-year permit cycle
		Promote current TMDL activities Kanoe the Kazoo, and Krazy for the Kazoo education activities thru the Village’s website	As needed	Provide links or information on Village’s website		Information is provided on website before the event
		Display tables with free information at Vicksburg at a Community event  Provide free information at Village Office  Provide documents or links to applicable sites on the Village’s website.	Annually	List of events and their dates, list of educational pieces provided, number of people visiting the table or attending the event List of educational pieces available and their location List of documents and links available on the website Website counter to track the number of “hits” to the Village website.		Storm water educational information/material is distributed at 1 event per year and a minimum of 2 free storm water education pieces are available at each event.  Increase in the number of people who visit the Village’s website, particularly the 2 week period after conducting the public survey

PUBLIC EDUCATION PROGRAM ELEMENTS						
<u>PEP Objective</u>	<u>Task</u>	<u>Delivery Mechanism / Methodology</u>	<u>Time Table</u>	<u>Evaluation/ Measured Element</u>	<u>Content of Message(s) and Supplemental Message</u>	<u>Measurable Goals</u>
		VCS bulletin boards and displays and publications	Annually	Literature available at general information tables and displays Article published in “The Red and White”		Literature available at school properties. Place one article per year devoted to stormwater education and all PEP topics are covered over the 5-year permit cycle.
1,2,3, 4,5, 6	Public Survey	Conduct Survey on a one-on-one bases at a community event	Annually	To have a minimum of 50 people complete survey per event	Questions to determine delivery mechanism effectiveness along with change in knowledge and behavior among residents. Also allows interaction with residents to answer questions on various topics and educate the respondent on storm water.	Obtain new ideas on how to reach out and educate City residents Increase in the number of residents who have accessed the City website for the purpose of obtaining storm water information Increase in the number of respondents with correct answers to storm water questions

# Chapter 8 – Illicit Discharge Elimination Program (IDEP)

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Village of Vicksburg

**National Pollution Discharge Elimination System**

July 2018

2150121

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## **ILLICIT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION PLAN (IDEP)**

The IDEP with associated tables and forms is included within this Chapter.

### **Stormwater Ordinance**

An ordinance was adopted by the Village Board on June 21, 2010 (Ordinance No. 261) and resolution 6-1-10-1. The Village is currently in the process of adopting new storm water ordinances to be in compliance with this current permit (Chapter 75 of the Code of Ordinances). A copy of the ordinance is included in Chapter 13 of this application and it anticipated to be formally adopted in fall 2018.

### **Program to Find and Eliminate Illicit Discharges**

As stated in the IDEP, at least once per 5-year permit cycle all of the discharge points are observed during dry weather to determine if there is the potential for an illicit discharge. A form is completed for each discharge point and a photo is taken. This was last completed in 2012. The forms and pictures are available at the Village of Vicksburg Hall and at the DPW office.

### **Staff Training**

Staff training is completed once per 5-year permit cycle and when a new employee is hired. Training is dependent upon the type of staff and include (office, DPW, and seasonal). Office staff is trained on the basic awareness of the program and general overview. DPW is generally trained in how to respond to complaints, investigate illicit discharges and connections. Seasonal staff (generally limited to lawn mowing) is educated about maintenance buffers and to report unusual observations. This staff training in the past included a video developed by Wayne County. Other training materials available from the MDEQ website and You-Tube may be added in future training.

### **Method for Determining Effectiveness**

Methods for determining the effectiveness of the IDEP tasks are listed in Table 3 and discussed below. It is difficult to show effectiveness in the Village because the storm system is not very extensive. That is, there are few opportunities for illicit connections and the Village has a separate sanitary sewer system. The predominant land use is residential with some retail and light commercial. To date, very few illicit connections were identified by staff or reported and the ones that were have been corrected.

## **REVIEW AND ESTABLISHMENT OF LEGAL ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITY**

This activity involved reviewing current legal authority and enforcement procedures of the Village to assure that it has adopted policy language necessary to fulfill its requirements under the MS4 program, and under the proposed work elements of the Storm Water NPDES Permit Application. The Village has integrated a storm water ordinance, found in Chapter 13, to implement and enforce the MS4 program.



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## **OUTFALL IDENTIFICATION**

Initial identification of outfalls within the jurisdiction of the Village has been conducted. Identification had been done through review of maps, plots, printouts, files, NPDES permits, municipal records, other agencies and field inspections. This review indicates that known public storm drains, county drains and drainage swales are primarily three types of systems. These include systems built to service Village and county roads and bridges, constructed as part of a plat development, or established for agricultural drainage.

Vicksburg made an effort approximately 9 years ago to locate all public utilities (storm and sanitary sewer) in their system by hiring a contractor to jet or clean the lines and manholes. At that time the Village did discover outfalls that they were unaware of and developed the map that was part of their current permit. Since then they made a hand drawn map of the storm system, which was drawn into GIS in 2008 and included with the permit application (which was repealed). The Village was confident that all outfalls have been discovered within the Village Limits at that time; however, continued investigation and mapping of all storm sewers and structures within the Village is ongoing by Village staff.

Angels Crossing golf course was purchased by the Village from the bank during the winter of 2009. This golf course discharges towards wetlands and has been added to the Village Storm Sewer Map.

The Vicksburg Public Schools have been added to Vicksburg permit as a nested jurisdiction in 2010 and updates to the map have been completed to include the school's property and "outfalls". Vicksburg Community Schools have their Points of Discharge labeled VCS1 – VCS10. Storm water runoff from Vicksburg High School, Vicksburg Middle School, Administration Building and the Bus Garage is collected and run through a Storm Treatment Unit, STU, (oil/water separators or Aquaswirls). After passing thru a STU, storm water is discharged into the County Drain. Stormwater from Sunset Lake Elementary discharges directly in the Village of Vicksburg storm sewer down N. Boulevard; therefore, is not added as a new discharge point. Tobey and Indian Lake Elementary are not located in the Village; storm water from these two sites is infiltrated on site so will not add to the Village of Vicksburg discharges.

## **OUTFALL SCREENING PROGRAM**

The Village has utilized its own employees, equipment and materials as much as possible and practical to perform Outfall Screening. The screening program identifies indicators of illicit and/or environmentally damaging discharges at storm drain outfalls. If screening indicators persist thorough follow-up evaluations (see attached Screening/Investigation SOP), then an illicit discharge will be presumed. As the Village has limited number of Outfalls and Points of Discharge, these items are not prioritized.

If during dry weather screening a previous unknown dry weather flow is discovered, the Village staff will immediately begin a field investigating of upstream manholes in an attempt to determine the source. If the source is not identified during this field screening, the Village/contracted services will take a water sample during the day of initial investigation for analyzing the discharge for indicator parameters. If field screening does not determine a source, the Village will within 45 days begin dye

testing, smoke testing and/or televising to help determine the source. If the discharge is hazardous to public health, the Village will immediately begin searching for the source.

### **INVESTIGATION OF ILLICIT DISCHARGES (CONTRACTED SERVICES)**

Should outfall screening, sampling, citizen complaints or other mechanisms lead to discovery of suspected illicit discharge by the Village, then an illicit discharge investigation will be initiated. Due to limited staffing, equipment, etc., a detailed investigation will likely entail contracted services. These services shall be generally conducted in accordance with the Standard Operating Procedures (including forms) that are attached [i.e. based upon the City of Kalamazoo investigative model].

### **PUBLIC SANITARY SEWER OPERATION & MAINTENANCE**

Public sewer in the Village is operated and maintained by the Village. Standard operating procedures are designed to prevent the release of sanitary wastes to the environment. Inflow and Infiltration (I&I) of sanitary waste is significantly addressed by the routine installation of storm sewer above the sanitary sewer. By maintaining a vertical separation, the chance of cross-contamination is greatly reduced. I&I are further reduced by on-going practices described below.

New service connections to the system are visually inspected. All new public sewer installation is inspected on-site and full-time during construction. Prior to acceptance, new sewers are air tested, deflection tested and video taped. Furthermore, in response to known or suspected trouble areas, sanitary sewer mains are typically video inspected. Infrastructure inspection and service records are maintained.

Cracked sanitary or storm sewers can also be discovered by utility personnel by noticing a change in the physical integrity or flow characteristics within the infrastructure systems. In all of these situations the noted concerns shall be investigated in a timely manner and any failings repaired. Strategies for discovery include those discussed herein, visual and olfactory observations, and citizen complaints, etc. Incident tracking, field investigations, sampling and testing, and repair/resolution will be documented using standard forms included in this Chapter.

### **INDIRECT CONNECTIONS (DUMPING, SPILLS AND SURFACE SOURCES)**

Illegal dumping directly or indirectly into storm catch basins and inlets, and spills collected by drain catch basins and inlets, are typically discovered by either visual and/or olfactory observations, and are subsequently reported by citizens or municipal agents and field crews. An on-going effort to educate the citizens about water quality issues is critical to the success of decreasing illegal dumping into the storm water catch basins/inlets, and is included in the public education plan. If the Village receives a complaint related to illegal dumping or spills, they will investigate the complaint within 24-hours of receiving the notice.

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## **PUBLIC SANITARY SEWER / ON-SITE SEWAGE DISPOSAL SYSTEMS (KALAMAZOO COUNTY HUMAN SERVICES DEPARTMENT)**

A map of the sanitary sewer service area has been prepared so that areas where sanitary service is available are defined (Generally the entire Village limits). In accordance with the Public Health Code, where public sanitary sewer service is available, the County Environmental Health, through coordination with municipal building officials, will refuse to permit installation of on-site sewage disposal systems.

As the on-site disposal system enforcing agency, County Environmental Health will continue to investigate sewage disposal system failures when received via complaint or inquiry, and will enforce correction.

## **PUBLIC AGENCY ‘CUSTOMER INTERACTIONS’**

Because of soil erosion concerns, construction sites and related activities are recognized as major potential contributors to storm water pollution. Soil erosion control enforcement in the Village of Vicksburg along with soil erosion control permitting and inspection has been delegated to the Village of Vicksburg Staff, Street/DPW Director. The Village of Vicksburg staff also will call the Kalamazoo County Soil Erosion agent with any SESC concerns. The Road Commission of Kalamazoo County issues permits and monitors activities within its right-of-way outside the village limits. Work by utilities, contractors and other parties must comply with RCKC, KCDC and the Village of Vicksburg policies, including erosion control and site stabilization.

## **IDEP TRAINING**

Additionally, the intent is to have Public Employees and Contractors educated regarding IDEP. Specifically the Village intends to have employee training, which may consist of DVD, off-site workshop, in-house training, or new employee orientation. The schedule for this training would be the existing employees to be trained once per 5-year permit cycle, and new employees to have one (1) training within 1-year of employment. This would also include Vicksburg Community School employees related to facilities or facility management. Contractors would be provided training materials and information in bid documents and/or preconstruction meetings and would be as needed when new contractors are hired.

## **COMPLAINTS & INCIDENT RESPONSE PROCEDURES**

A procedure has been developed to respond to public complaints, or other reports of suspected improper connection or illicit discharges. At a minimum, the procedures include an administrative record keeping mechanism to assure full and proper resolution to the maximum extent practicable. Steps will include (1) documenting/recording the complaint or suspicion, (2) investigation, (3) source identification (4) voluntary and/or enforced corrective action, and (5) administrative tracking of steps 1 through 4 to assure remedy and closure.

A tracking system is important because locating and correcting a known or suspected discharge may not be immediately achievable. Full and prompt resolution of a reported incident may be problematic due to the episodic nature of some releases, or due to the difficulty in locating the source

within an extensive and complex drainage service area. Therefore, the incident procedure will include a DSA-based reporting system focused upon tracking both short- and long-term resolution of known and suspected concerns.

The overall goals of the tracking system are generally identified as being (a) confirmation of a concern, (b) location and identification of the source, (c) assurance that appropriate corrective action has been taken, and (d) on-going IDEP program prioritization for long-term resolution.

### **SPILL OR RELEASE PROCEDURE**

If a spill or release of any polluting materials from the MS4 to the surface waters or ground waters of the state, unless a determination is made that the release is not in excess of the threshold reporting quantities in the Part 5 Rules, the Village will meet the following requirements:

1. Call to report releases exceeding threshold reporting quantities:
  - Kalamazoo District Office (269) 567-3500 (to be called immediately upon discovering the release) – during normal business hours; or
  - Michigan’s Pollution Emergency Alerting System (PEAS) at 800-292-4706, during non-business hours and weekends
2. Submit written report within 10 days after the release to:
  - DEQ, Water Resources Division, District Supervisor via MiWaters
3. Report releases as required under other regulations.

The written report will explain the cause of the release, the discovery of the release, response (clean-up and/or recovery) measures taken, and preventative measures taken or a schedule for completion of measures to be taken to prevent reoccurrence of similar releases.

### **SCREENING EVALUATION & ANNUAL PROGRAM PRIORITIZATION**

The screening results and the incident reports will be collectively reviewed by the Village as part of an annual storm water program evaluation and prioritization effort. The purpose of this review will be to identify and prioritize proactive initiatives in areas of known concerns. This review will be based upon the outfall screening forms and the incident response forms. GIS tools will be used to the maximum extent practicable in linking recorded incidents to drainage infrastructures and geographic locations. Program prioritization decisions will be made among all the component activities of the storm water management program.

### **IDEP TASKS, DELIVERABLES, AND EVALUATION**

The preceding discussion outlines the activities of the Village initiatives and the tasks, deliverables, and evaluation are found on Table 3.

### **OTHER**

Any questions on this policy and procedure should be directed to the Storm Water Program Manager.

### **PROCESS FOR UPDATING/REVISING THIS PROCEDURE**

This procedure shall be reviewed on an annual basis by the Storm Water Program Manager for any updates to improve effectiveness.

**Table 3 - ILLICIT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION PROGRAM ELEMENTS (IDEP)**

**STORM WATER MANAGEMENT PROGRAM (SWMP)  
PROGRAM ELEMENTS, TASKS AND DELIVERABLES**

ILLICIT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION PROGRAM ELEMENTS					
Task	Methodology	Time Table		Evaluation/ Measured Element	Measurable Goals
		Implementation	Evaluation		
Outfall (point source) dry-weather screening	Periodic outfall re-screening	Ongoing	Annually	Outfall screening records	100% known outfall screened per permit cycle (i.e. a maximum interval of 5 years between investigations (re-screening))
Illicit discharge investigation and elimination	Elimination of identified illicit discharges	Ongoing	Annually	Contact forms and correspondence records	100% violation notices submitted to responsible party within 10 days (responsible parties to be notified within 24 hours if the illicit discharge is significant)
				Notification of non-compliance and/or demand letters	Failure of the responsible party to initiate corrective actions within 60 days shall cause a 2 <sup>nd</sup> notification to be sent; to be followed by formal citation and/or other appropriate enforcement actions
				Conformation of corrective action	100% of conformation inspection completed within 30 days following notification of corrections having been completed by the responsible party
					100% of conformation inspections are found to have adequately corrected the known deficiency
Public sanitary sewer seepage	Inspections and video taping of sanitary sewer structures and storm sewer mains.	As-Needed Based on complaints and/or inspection results	Annually	Inspection and maintenance records	100% resolution of any complaint or findings based on inspection results.
Administrative procedures	Update MS4 system mapping as additional discharge points are discovered or constructed	Ongoing	30-days from discovery	Mapped MS4 system	Updates and/or revisions within applicable timeframe
	Update and revising municipal facility inventory along with prioritization and up-to-date structural storm water control inventory as inventories are added, removed, or no longer owned or operated by the Village.	Ongoing	30-days from facility use changes or a new facility or structural storm water controls are added / removed/ or no longer owned.	Up-to-date Municipal Facility Inventory and Up-to-date structural storm water control inventory.	Updates and/or revisions within applicable timeframe
	DPW personnel training Seasonal personnel training Office personnel training	Existing employees – trained 1 per Permit Cycle New Employees – Trained during 1 year of employment	Annually	Training attendance records	All applicable staff trained according to the training schedule and applicable information DPW – Complaint response, Investigation –Spills and illicit connections Office – general overview and basic awareness Seasonal (mowing) – maintenance buffers and reporting unusual observations

# **STANDARD OPERATION PROCEDURES For OUTFALL SCREENING & INVESTIGATION OF ILLICIT DISCHARGES\***

## **I. Definitions**

The following are key terms and their definitions for municipal separate storm sewer systems (MS4) and procedures to perform outfall screening and the investigation of illicit discharges:

**Illicit discharge:** Any discharge (or seepage) to the separate storm water drainage system that is not composed entirely of storm water or uncontaminated groundwater.

**Illicit connection:** A physical connection to the separate storm water drainage system that 1) primarily conveys illicit discharges into the system and/or 2) is not authorized or permitted by the local authority (where a local authority requires such authorization or permit).

**Point source:** An outfall from a drainage system to waters of the state, or a point where a storm water drainage system discharges into a system operated by another public body.

## **II. Outfall Screening**

The primary method to confirm the *presence of illicit discharges* will be to perform a physical inspection (screening) of the outfalls. All outfalls will initially be categorized as either having a dry weather flow or not. Figure 1: Flow Chart for Outfall Field Evaluation is designed to provide procedural guidance to upstream field investigations. A collection of Field Observations Forms (Attachment) has been prepared to record information such as weather conditions, discharge characteristics (presence and rate of dry weather flow), visual and olfactory observations of discharge characteristics (odor, color, turbidity, and floatable matter). Physical characteristics along the land/water interface will also be noted, including deposits, stains, and vegetative type and stress adjacent to the outfall, and structure condition. The form will be used to record both field and laboratory water quality results. If a dry weather flow does not exist and there is no evidence of an illicit discharge, that outfall will be revisited two additional times before the end of the initial permit period (i.e. April 1, 2008). Outfalls shall be screened at least once every five years thereafter.

If a dry weather flow exists, the discharge water will be tested for parameters such as temperature, pH, specific conductivity or total dissolved solids, total chlorine, and fluoride using appropriate field sampling/indicator kits. Each outfall will also be sampled for laboratory

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\* This Model SOP for the Investigation of Illicit Discharges was developed by the Kalamazoo Area Storm Water Working Group and is based upon a preliminary draft and model forms provided by the City of Kalamazoo.

analysis of fluoride and phosphorus for field confirmation and the TMDL, respectively. Additional sampling for laboratory analysis will be used only if other methods are unsuccessful in determining the source of the discharge. Additional laboratory parameters will be selected on a case-to-case basis based on the indicators best indicative of the most likely source in the area but may include surfactants/detergents, phenols, ammonia/ammonium, toxicity, and E-coli. The following describes proposed general strategies for various initial flow situations.

#### Dry Weather flow Indicating Groundwater

If a dry weather flow exists and initial field visual indications, olfactory observations, and field analysis indicate the lack of negative discharge characteristics discussed above, the source will initially be field investigated as being from the public water supply system or natural untreated groundwater. Since groundwater services 100 percent of the source of the Public Water Supply System and fluoride is an additive, a sample will be collected to determine if fluoride levels exist within the common range of the water system: 0.7 to 1.0 mg/L (ppm). If it is, the reason will be determined and recorded, such as from a temporary scheduled activity such as the routine flushing of the water mains, landscape irrigation runoff, dechlorinated swimming pool discharges, emergency fire fighting, or a broken water main, etc. If the fluoride levels are within the typical range of area groundwater of 0.2 to 0.3 mg/L (ppm), the possibility of in-flow/infiltration of the storm water infrastructure, pumped groundwater/dewatering activities, etc. will be investigated, categorized, and recorded. If the investigation indicates that the source is not solely groundwater, the strategy described below will be followed.

#### Dry Weather Flow Not Indicating Groundwater

If a dry weather flow exists and it exhibits unnatural and/or negative characteristics such as odor, color, sheen, staining, floatables and other deposits, vegetative stress or excessive growth, etc., or the discharge was determined not to be from the public water supply system or natural untreated groundwater, then further discharge samples will be collected for analysis to help indicate the type and origin of the flow. To the extent practicable, screening techniques shall be undertaken at the nearest upstream manhole. If indications of a dry weather flow, illicit discharge persist, then in like manner the screening shall continue upstream to determine the section of storm main from which the illicit discharge originates. Results will be recorded on the Field Investigation Form.

### **III. Investigation of Illicit Discharge(s).**

When outfall screening techniques indicate the existence of a potential illicit discharge, additional administrative and field investigations shall be undertaken to identify and locate the suspected source. Field Investigation Forms shall be reviewed and collected samples (if any) analyzed to help indicate the type and origin of the flow. Land use familiarity and storm sewer records will be reviewed for known connections in the upstream vicinity of the apparent segment or point of origin. Property and facility ownership will be reviewed. If potential sources are not apparent, additional field investigation shall be initiated to further refine the



location of the segment (if still undetermined) of the storm main from which the suspected illicit discharge is originating.

#### Source Investigation.

Screening and sampling techniques will be repeated until the apparent storm sewer segment or point of origin of the illicit discharge is reasonably ascertained. Results of these activities will be recorded on the Field Investigation Form. Names and addresses of facilities/residences along the storm main segment between the "wet" and "dry" manholes will be recorded on the Source Investigation Form. MS4 System Records will be reviewed for third-party connection listings in the upstream vicinity of the apparent segment or point of origin. Property and facility ownership will be determined. If potential sources are not apparent, the suspected segment of the storm main will be televised.

Televising the storm main will be used to visually observe and note illicit connections, pipe condition, and create a permanent record of conditions at a specific time. Conditions such as heavily stained pipe, grease build-up on pipe walls, food scraps, toilet and other paper products, soapsuds, chemicals, paint, and other waste products will be looked for and recorded. If illicit connections are still not apparent, the search for illicit connections using other strategies such as sampling for additional parameters for laboratory analysis, televising of additional storm main, smoke testing, etc. will be performed as deemed appropriate. Laboratory analysis parameters will be selected on the basis of area land use and the presence/non-presence of septic systems, and may include surfactants/detergents, phenols, ammonia/ammonium, E-coli, and toxicity screening tests.

If there is a high level of confidence regarding the source(s) of the illicit discharge based on results from this approach, the property and/or facility owner will be contacted to arrange for testing at and near the suspected illicit connection origin, as discussed in the following section.

#### Correspondence and Site Inspections

All contacts and correspondence will be recorded on a Contact & Correspondence Form. The property/business owners of suspected illicit connection sources would be notified by certified letter that an investigation of illicit discharges is ongoing in their vicinity, and their facility is required to be inspected on a specific date and time. An explanation of the project and inspection and testing procedures will be provided and they will be requested to contact the municipal agent if another date and time are necessary. Other sources of information regarding the property may be researched in preparation for the site inspection, including inspection reports associated with Occupancy Permits, Building Permits, Industrial Pretreatment Program inspections and will be requested to increase their observation and reporting of poor housekeeping and suspicious plumbing connections.

An inspection will target evidence of illicit connections, illegal dumping, or poor housekeeping practices that could be a source of illicit discharges. A Facility Inspection Form will be completed to document the results of the inspection. Once an inspection has been made, an-

other letter will be sent informing them of the results, including a list of any necessary corrective actions/observed violations and/or recommendations for improved best management practices. They will be given 60 days to correct any listed illicit connections and improve poor house-keeping practices as necessary. The property owner and/or facility owner is responsible for the elimination of all illicit connections/discharges and the subsequent contacting of appropriate municipal agents to arrange for a follow-up inspection.

If violations had been found and the illicit connections and poor best management practices are reportedly eliminated and improved, respectively, a follow-up letter will be sent or a phone call will be made by the municipal agent to schedule a confirmatory inspection. After the inspections are completed and the facility is found in compliance, a final letter will be sent as a notification of compliance and appreciation. If the property/business owners do not eliminate the illicit connections as directed, a notification of non-compliance letter discussing the initiation of the legal process to complete the necessary work, citing existing code or the future IDEP Ordinance, when completed.

### Testing Procedures

Generally, color dye will serve as the primary investigative means to investigate suspected illicit connections. Use of colored dyes shall be performed in accordance with MDEQ guidance and directives. Prior to use, the types of dyes will be approved by MDEQ. In addition, the municipal agent will notify MDEQ prior to dye use in case calls regarding visual observance of color discharges to the Public Emergency Assistance System (PEAS) occur.

Until such time that the Storm Water Work Group adopts a Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) for Dye, the Wayne County Department of Environmental Watershed Management Division, Dye Testing Procedures will be considered as a general guide.

Arrangements will be made for property and facility access as necessary. A crew of two or more will perform the dye inspections after a review is performed of the municipal storm water system adjacent to the subject site and a reasonable understanding of the facility plumbing configuration is achieved. If smoke testing is determined as a necessary means for source identification, the municipal agent will utilize practices consistent with industry standards. The municipal agent will contact MDEQ prior to dye or smoke testing and a reasonable effort will be made to contact all property and facility owners that may witness the effects of the testing.

Colored dye will be placed in selected plumbing fixtures at the suspected source location and downstream sanitary and storm water manholes will be monitored for the presence of dye. If dye is observed in the sanitary manhole(s) but not in the storm water system under adequate viewing conditions, it will initially be assumed that the source(s) of the illicit discharge is elsewhere and the investigation will continue. If no dye is observed in the sanitary or storm systems, another investigative method such as televising or smoke testing, etc. will be implemented to locate the illicit connection or additional dye applications may be attempted.

If dye is observed in the storm water system, a source of the illicit discharge will be considered confirmed. Subsequently, the property owner and facility owner will be formally notified directing them to eliminate the illicit connection within 60 days and to contact the city when completed to arrange for a confirmatory inspection. If dry weather flows are no longer visible after confirmation of the illicit connection elimination, it will be assumed that the illicit connection has been corrected unless evidence to the contrary exists. If dry weather flows continues, other potential sources will be investigated.

#### Suspected Intermittent Illicit Flows

If dry weather flows were not observed at the outfall but evidence of deposits, stains, unusual vegetative type and stress, and odor adjacent to the outfall exist, an intermittent flow investigation will be initiated (Figure 1). Up to three subsequent visits will be made within one year (at least one week apart) during a dry period to document and sample a discharge. The investigative sequence of events and methodology will be similar to that with the dry weather flow but may also include wet weather sampling if the intermittent flows are not observed. Intermittent flows will be second in priority to dry weather flows.

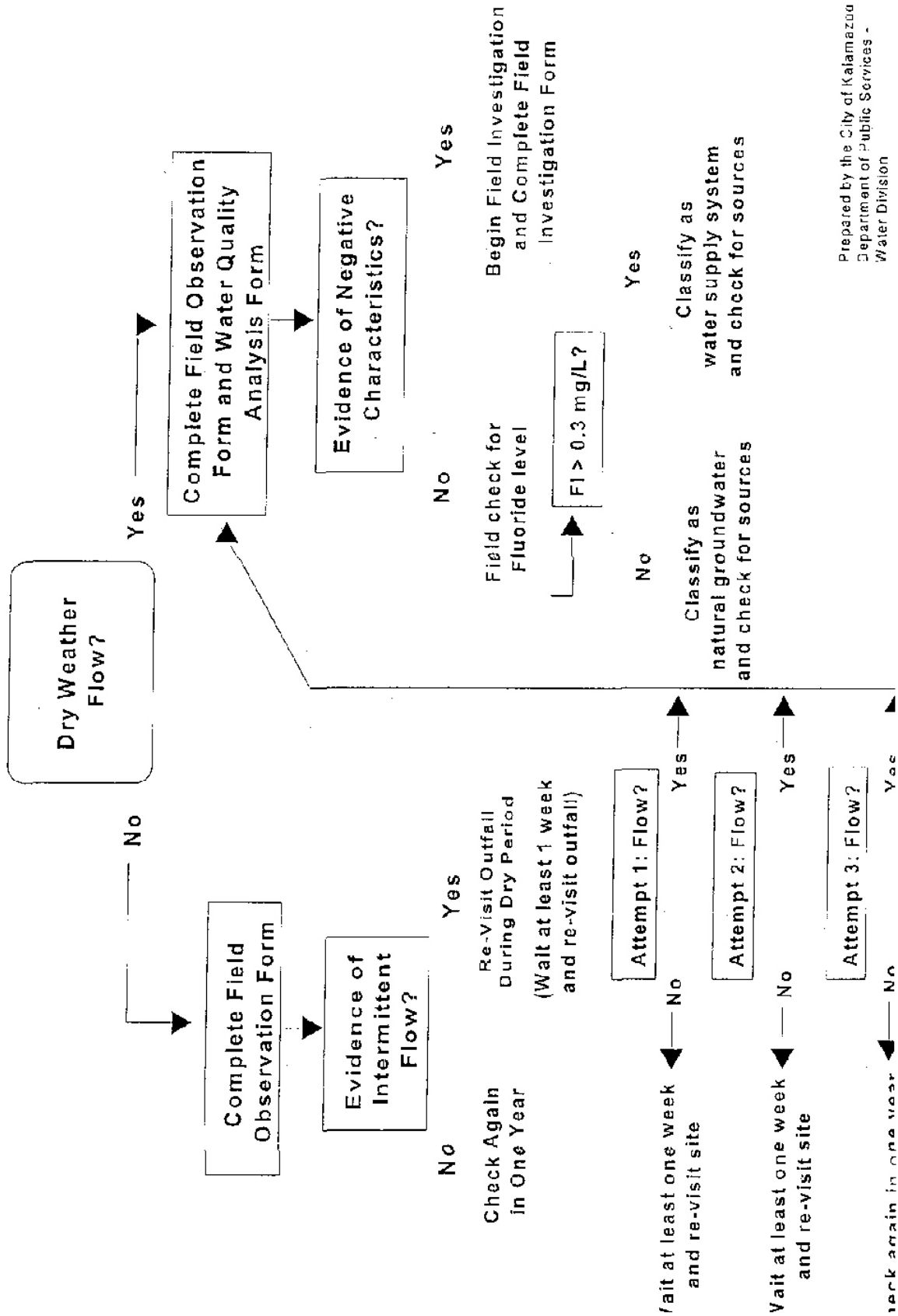
## Forms and Diagrams<sup>\*</sup>

- Decision Tree – Suspected Illicit Discharge
- Outfall Evaluation/Field Observation Form
- Water Quality Analysis Form
- Field Investigation Form (Upstream Manhole Reconnaissance)
- Field Investigation Form (Potential Sources)
- Source Investigation Form
- Facility Inspection Form
- Contact and Correspondence Form
- Phone Conversation Log
- General Comment Form

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<sup>\*</sup> These Model forms and diagrams (preliminary drafts) of the Kalamazoo Area Storm Water Working Group were provided by the City of Kalamazoo.

FIGURE 1  
FLOW CHART FOR OUTFALL  
FIELD EVALUATION



Prepared by the City of Kalamazoo  
Department of Public Services -  
Water Division



# OUTFALL EVALUATION FIELD OBSERVATION FORM

Outfall ID: \_\_\_\_\_ Discharge Water Body: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Time: \_\_\_\_\_ Inspector(s): \_\_\_\_\_

## WEATHER

Temperature(°F): \_\_\_\_\_  
☐ Clear ☐ Partly Cloudy  
☐ Overcast ☐ Rain ☐ Snow

## DISCHARGE CHARACTERISTICS

### Flow Rate

☐ Dry, no water present ☐ Trace, insufficient to quantify ☐ Intermittent  
☐ Measurable, Gallons per minute = \_\_\_\_\_ Method Used \_\_\_\_\_

### Odor

☐ In flow ☐ At structure ☐ within 6 feet of structure  
☐ None ☐ Gasoline ☐ Oil ☐ Solvent ☐ Sewage ☐ Sulfur/Rotten Egg  
☐ Rancid/Sour ☐ Other \_\_\_\_\_

### Color

☐ In flow ☐ At structure ☐ within 6 feet of structure  
☐ Clear ☐ Yellow ☐ Green ☐ Red ☐ Gray ☐ Black  
☐ Light Brown ☐ Medium Brown ☐ Dark Brown ☐ Other \_\_\_\_\_

### Turbidity/Clarity

☐ In flow ☐ At Structure ☐ within 6 feet of structure  
☐ Clear ☐ Slightly Cloudy ☐ Moderately Cloudy ☐ Highly Cloudy ☐ Opaque

### Floatables

☐ In flow ☐ At structure ☐ within 6 feet of structure  
☐ None ☐ Trash ☐ Sewage ☐ Oily Sheen ☐ Scum ☐ Other \_\_\_\_\_

## PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### Deposits/Stains

☐ In flow ☐ At structure ☐ within 6 feet of structure  
☐ None ☐ Sediment ☐ Oily ☐ Grease ☐ Crystalline Powder  
☐ Fragments ☐ Other \_\_\_\_\_

### Vegetation

☐ In flow ☐ At structure ☐ within 6 feet of structure  
☐ None ☐ Normal ☐ Excessive ☐ Algae ☐ Other \_\_\_\_\_

### Structural

☐ In flow ☐ At structure ☐ within 6 feet of structure  
☐ Normal ☐ Cracking ☐ Settlement ☐ Corrosion ☐ Other \_\_\_\_\_

## COMMENTS

(SEE BACK FOR WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS FORM)

THE CITY OF



**OUTFALL EVALUATION  
WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS FORM**

Outfall ID: \_\_\_\_\_ Discharge Water Body: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Time: \_\_\_\_\_ Inspector(s): \_\_\_\_\_

**DISCHARGE CHARACTERISTICS**

**Field Analysis (required for every sample)**

Temperature (°F): \_\_\_\_\_ pH: \_\_\_\_\_

Specific Conductivity (micromhos): \_\_\_\_\_ OR Total Dissolved Solids (ppm): \_\_\_\_\_

Total Chlorine (ppm): \_\_\_\_\_ Fluoride (mg/L): \_\_\_\_\_

**Laboratory Analysis**

**Only required for Fluoride and Phosphorus unless approved by supervisor.  
Record result and place Laboratory Analytical Reports in appropriate outfall file.**

Fluoride (mg/L): \_\_\_\_\_ Total Phosphorus (ug/L): \_\_\_\_\_

Surfactants/Detergents: \_\_\_\_\_ Phenols: \_\_\_\_\_ Ammonia/Ammonium: \_\_\_\_\_

Toxicity Screening: \_\_\_\_\_ E-Coli: \_\_\_\_\_

Other: \_\_\_\_\_

Note: If outfall is underwater or not safe to access, obtain sample from first available upstream manhole using an in-line sampling device ("sampling stick").



ILLICIT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION PLAN  
FIELD INVESTIGATION FORM

Outfall ID with Dry Weather Flow: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Time: \_\_\_\_\_ Inspector(s): \_\_\_\_\_

Upstream Manhole Reconnaissance

Start with immediate upstream manhole on primary storm main and work consecutively upstream.  
Indicate manholes inspected on field map(s).

Manhole I.D.: \_\_\_\_\_ Dry Weather Flow? ☐ Yes ☐ No

If yes, continue to next up-gradient manhole.

If no, check field maps for connections within subject storm main segment between outfall and first upstream "dry" manhole. Proceed up-gradient manhole reconnaissance in each secondary storm main segment, repeating same procedure until the main segment contributing the flow is identified. List two manhole I.D.'s defining segment and indicate on field map.

Manhole I.D.: _____	Dry Weather Flow? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Manhole I.D.: _____	Dry Weather Flow? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Manhole I.D.: _____	Dry Weather Flow? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Manhole I.D.: _____	Dry Weather Flow? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Manhole I.D.: _____	Dry Weather Flow? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Manhole I.D.: _____	Dry Weather Flow? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Manhole I.D.: _____	Dry Weather Flow? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Manhole I.D.: _____	Dry Weather Flow? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Manhole I.D.: _____	Dry Weather Flow? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Manhole I.D.: _____	Dry Weather Flow? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Manhole I.D.: _____	Dry Weather Flow? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No

over





**ILLICIT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION PLAN  
SOURCE INVESTIGATION FORM**

Outfall ID with Dry Weather Flow: \_\_\_\_\_

Investigator(s): \_\_\_\_\_

**Pipe Segment To Investigate**

"Wet" Manhole ID: \_\_\_\_\_

"Dry" Manhole ID: \_\_\_\_\_

Pipe Segment ID: \_\_\_\_\_

**Sources To Be Investigated**

**List facilities/residences and associated addresses along storm main segment between  
"wet" and "dry" manholes, starting with most downstream and proceeding upstream:**

- |                |                |
|----------------|----------------|
| 1. Name _____  | Address: _____ |
| 2. Name _____  | Address: _____ |
| 3. Name _____  | Address: _____ |
| 4. Name _____  | Address: _____ |
| 5. Name _____  | Address: _____ |
| 6. Name _____  | Address: _____ |
| 7. Name _____  | Address: _____ |
| 8. Name _____  | Address: _____ |
| 9. Name _____  | Address: _____ |
| 10. Name _____ | Address: _____ |
| 11. Name _____ | Address: _____ |
| 12. Name _____ | Address: _____ |
| 13. Name _____ | Address: _____ |
| 14. Name _____ | Address: _____ |
| 15. Name _____ | Address: _____ |



**DISCHARGE TO STORM SEWER  
FIELD INVESTIGATION FORM**

Storm Sewer Structure Entry Point ID: \_\_\_\_\_

Downstream Outfall ID: \_\_\_\_\_

Inspector(s): \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Time: \_\_\_\_\_

**Observations**

Observed Conditions: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**Results**

Action Taken: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Followup Needed: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**Comments**

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_



# ILLCIT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION PLAN FACILITY INSPECTION FORM

Outfall ID with Dry Weather Flow: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Time: \_\_\_\_\_ Inspector(s): \_\_\_\_\_

## FACILITY INFORMATION

Name of Facility: \_\_\_\_\_ Address: \_\_\_\_\_

Facility Contact: \_\_\_\_\_ Phone Number: \_\_\_\_\_

## ILLCIT DISCHARGE TESTING

Type of Test: ☐ Dye ☐ Smoke ☐ Other \_\_\_\_\_

## Test Results

☐ Proper Connection - The fixtures tested in this establishment have been found to be properly connected to the sanitary sewer system. No problems were noticed at time of inspection.

☐ Incomplete/unfinished (state reason): \_\_\_\_\_

☐ Unsuccessful attempt (state reason): \_\_\_\_\_

☐ Violation/Illicit Connection/Improper discharge:

☐ Illicit Connection

☐ Improper Discharge

☐ Poor Housekeeping

List All Fixtures Tested: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Comments: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_



**ILLICIT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION PLAN  
CONTACT & CORRESPONDENCE FORM**

Outfall ID with Dry Weather Flow: \_\_\_\_\_

Inspector(s): \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Contact/Correspondence (check type):

☐ Phone Log (describe or attach separate log)

Contact: \_\_\_\_\_

Discussion: \_\_\_\_\_

☐ Letters (attach)

☐ Notification of Inspection/Testing Schedule

☐ Notification of Inspection Follow-up Results/Necessary Corrective Actions

☐ Notification of Illicit Connection Elimination Confirmation Inspection Schedule

☐ Notification of Compliance/Appreciation

☐ Notification of Non-Compliance/Legal Procedures

☐ Other (Describe): \_\_\_\_\_

Owner/Operator: \_\_\_\_\_

Address: \_\_\_\_\_

City: \_\_\_\_\_ Zip Code: \_\_\_\_\_

Regarding Business: \_\_\_\_\_

Address: \_\_\_\_\_

City: \_\_\_\_\_ Zip Code: \_\_\_\_\_



# ILLICIT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION PLAN PHONE CONVERSATION LOG

Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Time: \_\_\_\_\_

City Representative: \_\_\_\_\_

## Person Talked With

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Title: \_\_\_\_\_

Address: \_\_\_\_\_ Organization: \_\_\_\_\_

Phone Number(s): \_\_\_\_\_

## Illicit Discharge or Connection

Location: \_\_\_\_\_

Description of Discharge: \_\_\_\_\_

Illicit discharge or connection observation: \_\_\_\_\_  
(Date) (Time)

Other notes: \_\_\_\_\_

## Message Referral

Message referred to: \_\_\_\_\_ on \_\_\_\_\_  
(City Representative) (Date & Time)

How was referral made? (check all that apply)

☐ Phone Conversation ☐ Phone Message ☐ Email ☐ In Person

## Provide copy of log to appropriate City contact

Confirmation of Phone Log Receipt: \_\_\_\_\_  
(signature) (Date)

Action taken or to be taken: \_\_\_\_\_

(To be filed in outfall file)

Environmental Services 10/03



**SPILL OR RELEASE REPORT***Issued by authority of the Michigan Department of Environmental Quality.*

**NOTE:** Some regulations require a specific form to use and procedures to follow when reporting a release. Those forms and procedures **MUST** be used and followed if reporting under those regulations. This report form is to aid persons reporting releases under regulations that do not require a specific form. This report form is not required to be used. **To report a release, some regulations require a facility to call the PEAS Hotline at 800-292-4706 (or the DEQ District Office that oversees the county where it occurred) and other agencies and provide information that is included in this form. A written follow-up report might be required. This form may be used for the written follow-up report and to document the initial report. If you prefer to submit this report electronically by FAX or e-mail, contact the regulating agency for the correct telephone number or e-mail address. Go to [www.michigan.gov/chemrelease](http://www.michigan.gov/chemrelease) for more information.**

**Please print or type all information.**

Name and Title of Person Submitting Written Report		Telephone Number (provide area code) (      )		
Name of Business		<b>RELEASE LOCATION</b> (Provide address if different than business, if known, and give directions to the spill location. Include nearest highway, town, road intersection, etc.)		
Street Address				
City, State, ZIP				
Business Telephone Number (provide area code) (      )				
<b>SITE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER AND OTHER IDENTIFYING NUMBERS</b> (if applicable)		County	Township	Tier/Range/Section (if known)
<b>RELEASE DATA:</b> Complete all applicable categories. Check all the boxes that apply to the release. Provide the best available information regarding the release and its impacts. Attach additional pages if necessary.				
<b>DATE &amp; TIME OF RELEASE</b> (if known) ____/____/____ am/pm	<b>DATE &amp; TIME OF DISCOVERY</b> ____/____/____ am/pm	<b>DURATION OF RELEASE</b> (if known) ____ days ____ hours ____ minutes	<b>TYPE OF INCIDENT</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Explosion <input type="checkbox"/> Fire <input type="checkbox"/> Leaking container <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Loading/unloading release <input type="checkbox"/> Pipe/valve leak or rupture <input type="checkbox"/> Vehicle accident	
<b>MATERIAL RELEASED</b> (chemical or trade name) <input type="checkbox"/> CHECK HERE IF ADDITIONAL MATERIALS LISTED ON ATTACHED PAGE.		<b>CAS NUMBER OR HAZARDOUS WASTE CODE</b>	<b>ESTIMATED QUANTITY RELEASED</b> (indicate unit e.g. lbs, gals, cu ft or yds)	<b>PHYSICAL STATE RELEASED</b> (indicate if solid, liquid, or gas)
_____		_____	_____	_____
_____		_____	_____	_____
<b>FACTORS CONTRIBUTING TO RELEASE</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Equipment failure <input type="checkbox"/> Operator error <input type="checkbox"/> Faulty process design <input type="checkbox"/> Training deficiencies <input type="checkbox"/> Unusual weather conditions <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____			<b>SOURCE OF LOSS</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Container <input type="checkbox"/> Railroad car <input type="checkbox"/> Pipeline <input type="checkbox"/> Ship <input type="checkbox"/> Tank <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Tanker <input type="checkbox"/> Truck	
<b>TYPE OF MATERIAL RELEASED</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Agricultural: manure, pesticide, fertilizer <input type="checkbox"/> Chemicals <input type="checkbox"/> Flammable or combustible liquid <input type="checkbox"/> Hazardous waste <input type="checkbox"/> Liquid industrial waste <input type="checkbox"/> Oil/petroleum products or waste <input type="checkbox"/> Salt <input type="checkbox"/> Sewage <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Unknown		<b>MATERIAL LISTED ON OR DEFINED BY</b> <input type="checkbox"/> CAA Section 112(r) list (40 CFR Part 68) <input type="checkbox"/> CERCLA Table 302.4 (40 CFR Part 302) <input type="checkbox"/> EPCRA Extremely Hazardous Substance (40 CFR Part 355) <input type="checkbox"/> NREPA Part 31, Part 5 Rules polluting material <input type="checkbox"/> NREPA Part 111 or RCRA hazardous waste <input type="checkbox"/> NREPA Part 121 liquid industrial waste <input type="checkbox"/> Other list _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Unknown		
<b>IMMEDIATE ACTIONS TAKEN</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Containment <input type="checkbox"/> Dilution <input type="checkbox"/> Evacuation <input type="checkbox"/> Hazard removal <input type="checkbox"/> Neutralization <input type="checkbox"/> System shut down <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Diversion of release to treatment <input type="checkbox"/> Decontamination of persons or equipment <input type="checkbox"/> Monitoring				
<b>RELEASE REACHED</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Surface waters (include name of river, lake, drain involved) _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Drain connected to sanitary sewer (include name of wastewater treatment plant and/or street drain, if known) _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Drain connected to storm sewer (include name of drain or water body it discharges into, if known) _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Groundwater (indicate if it is a known or suspected drinking water source and include name of aquifer, if known) _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Soils (include type e.g. clay, sand, loam, etc.) _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Ambient Air <input type="checkbox"/> Spill contained on impervious surface				
Distance from spill location to surface water, in feet _____				





# Chapter 9 – Construction Storm Water Runoff Control Program

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Village of Vicksburg

**National Pollution Discharge Elimination System**

July 2018

2150121

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## **Construction Storm Water Runoff Control Program**

### **POLICY**

This policy is to establish procedures for the Village of Vicksburg Construction Storm Water Runoff Control Program.

### **BACKGROUND**

The Village of Vicksburg is not a Part 91 Qualifying Soil Erosion Control Agency. The Village relies on the Kalamazoo County Soil Erosion Agent (KCDC) for its rules and regulations.

### **PROCEDURE**

The Village will support and promote program requirements of the local Soil Erosion and Sedimentation Control Authority.

During the site plan review developers are referred to the County SESC agency for permitting when appropriate. If the site is 1 acre or larger and contains a point source discharge of storm water from a construction activity, then the developer will also be advised to comply with State of Michigan, Permit by Rule (Rule 323.2190), which includes the contractor providing a certified storm water operator and conducting regular inspections in compliance with Permit by Rule.

If complaints related to SESC are received from the public, the complaint will be referred to DPW staff for evaluation. DPW staff will perform a site inspection within 48 hours of being notified of the issue and determine site compliance. For sites not complying with the requirements of the soil erosion permit, DPW staff will contact the Kalamazoo County Soil Erosion Agent in a reasonable timeframe to inform of the infraction and provide enforcement action for improvements. In addition, Vicksburg also notifies the county SESC agent if the Village notices any issues that need to be addressed by the County SESC staff.

If soil, sedimentation, or other pollutants are discharged to Vicksburg's MS4 from a construction activity, the Village will notify the MDEQ with 24-hours of discovery. Other pollutants may include, but not limited to pesticides, petroleum derivatives, construction chemicals, and solid wastes that may become mobilized when land surfaces are disturbed.

Additionally, the Village will notify the MDEQ within 24-hours per part 4, Rule 50 (R 323.1050 – Physical characteristics) if the surface waters of the state have any of the following physical properties in unnatural quantities which are or may become injurious to any designated use: turbidity, color, oil films, floating solids, foams, settleable solids, suspended solids, or deposits.

**OTHER**

Any questions on this policy and procedure should be directed to the Storm Water Program Manager.

**PROCESS FOR UPDATING/REVISING THIS PROCEDURE**

This procedure shall be reviewed on an annual basis by the Storm Water Program Manager for any updates to improve effectiveness.

# Chapter 10 – Post-Construction Storm Water Runoff Program

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Village of Vicksburg

**National Pollution Discharge Elimination System**

July 2018

2150121

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## **Post-Construction Storm Water Runoff Program**

### **OVERVIEW**

Site plans within the Village of Vicksburg are reviewed by the planning commission. As a general rule, the municipality requires site plan review for all but single family residential buildings. The review includes appropriate storm water Best Management Practice's (BMP's) such as: on-site management (no additional runoff standard); isolation of storm water from pollutants; secondary containment when required; and protection of central environmental resource areas, and long term operations and maintenance along with the requirements of the Performance Standards adopted by the Village. The applicant, in his plan submittals for Site Plan Approval, shall demonstrate compliance with these performance standards and shall be responsible for evaluating the elected best management practices.

The Village's Performance Standards apply to all new and redeveloped sites with projects that that require site plan review, regardless of the size of the parcel or area that is disturbed. These requirements also apply to all public and private sites within the Village, regardless of whether the stormwater outlet(s) from the site discharge to a designated county drain, Village storm sewer system, waters of the state or any other types of conveyance. All water quantity structurers will be subject to post-construction water requirements.

These Performance Standard's requirements also apply to sites under the control of public agencies such as schools, Federal and State governmental facilities, Road Commission of Kalamazoo County, Village of Vicksburg, a designated County Drain, and other entities that might not otherwise be subject to site plan review procedures and requirements as set forth in other sections of the Village's codified ordinances. When the Village is notified of a project or potential project by an agency within the Village limits that does not require site plan review, the Village will provide the agency written communications and a copy of the Village's Performance Standards and also request reviewing the proposed plans to provide input for the agency to implement such Standards.

Complaints of storm water or local flooding issues are responded to promptly by enforcing storm water ordinances and commitments made during site plan approval.

Problematic retention, detention, and infiltrative areas are reviewed after rainfall events to ensure infiltration. The Village currently owns twelve (12) infiltration areas, generally located in the west and northwest side of the Village.

As mentioned earlier, an ordinance was adopted by the Village Board on June 21, 2010 (Ordinance No. 261). The ordinance refers to "Performance Standards which is a separate document (Resolution 6-1-10-1, adopted June 7, 2010) that can be easily updated based on the needs of the community and requirements of the NPDES Permit. The Village is updating the ordinance and expecting adoption in early 2018 (see Chapter 13 of this application) and includes the following:

#### **a) Minimum Treatment Volume Standard**

The document provides a "performance standard" for the minimum treatment volume standard.

**b) Channel Protection**

The "performance standard" also defines the channel protection criteria.

**c) Operation and Maintenance for Water Quality Treatment**

The document defines enforcement mechanisms for the Village to use to ensure operation and maintenance is continued for installed BMP's. This includes the execution and recording of a storm water BMP O&M agreement (see Chapter 15 of this application). This O&M agreement is transferred to subsequent property owners as outlined within the agreement.

**SITE-SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS (CONTAMINATED SITES)**

Site plans within the Village of Vicksburg are reviewed by the planning commission. As a general rule, infiltration and maintaining all storm water on-site in the preferred method.

Sites which are contaminated (soil and/or groundwater) require special consideration during site plan review and are expected to still comply with the Village's stormwater performance standards. Typical solutions are to use proprietary treatment systems for storm water treatment and vaults and/or lined detention systems with controlled outlets for reducing flow rates to comply with such requirements. Additionally the projects will be coordinate with MDEQ staff as appropriate. The ultimate goal of the Village is to not have the developer /owner exacerbate existing conditions.

**SITE-SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS (HOT SPOT SITES)**

If the subject property is a potential "Hot Spot" area with the potential for significant pollutant loading or with the potential for contaminating public water supply (wells), additionally site-specific requirements may apply to address the contaminate(s) of concern. Example of typical "hot spots" areas included, but not limited to gas stations, commercial vehicle maintenance and repair, auto recyclers, recycling centers, and scrap yards.

**OTHER**

Any questions on this policy and procedure should be directed to the Storm Water Program Manager.

**PROCESS FOR UPDATING/REVISING THIS PROCEDURE**

This procedure shall be reviewed on an annual basis by the Storm Water Program Manager for any updates to improve effectiveness.

**Table 4 – POST CONSTRUCTION**

**STORM WATER MANAGEMENT PROGRAM (SWMP)  
PROGRAM ELEMENTS, TASKS AND DELIVERABLES**

POST CONSTRUCTION					
Task	Methodology	Time Table		Evaluation/ Measured Element	Measurable Goals
		Implementation	Evaluation		
Site Appropriate BMP's	<p>Site plans for all new and redeveloped sites other than single family homes shall be reviewed by the planning commission. Review shall include appropriate storm water BMP's such as: on-site management (no additional runoff standard); isolation of storm water from pollutants; secondary containment when required; and protection of central environmental resource areas, and long term operations and maintenance along with the requirements of the Storm water ordinance adopted by the Village.</p> <p>Site plans include a Stormwater Management Plan</p> <p>Site Plans include City's worksheets for Water Quality Treatment Volume, Channel Protection, and where applicable, Flood Control.</p> <p>Property Owner provides and executed copy of the BMP O&amp;M Agreement for recording</p> <p>Performance Standard's requirements also apply to sites under the control of public agencies such as schools, Federal and State governmental facilities, Road Commission of Kalamazoo County, Village of Vicksburg, a designated County Drain, and other entities that might not otherwise be subject to site plan review procedures and requirements as set forth in other sections of the Village's codified ordinances. When the Village is notified of a project or potential project by an agency within the Village limits that does not require site plan review, the Village will provide the agency written communications and a copy of the Village's Performance Standards and also request reviewing the proposed plans to provide input for the agency to implement such Standards.</p> <p>All water quantity structurers will be subject to post-construction water requirements.</p>	On-going	On-going	<p>Site plans are reviewed and conform to applicable Performance Standards, such as, minimum treatment volume, channel protection, riparian buffers operation and maintenance outlined in the Village's ordinance</p> <p>Village Engineer verifies developer's engineers calculations</p>	<p>All site plans reviewed and conform to applicable Performance Standards within the Village ordinance.</p> <p>BMP O&amp;M Agreement is executed and recorded</p> <p>All public agencies such as schools, Federal and State governmental facilities, Road Commission of Kalamazoo County, Village of Vicksburg, a designated County Drain, and other entities that might not otherwise be subject to site plan review procedures and requirements as set forth in other sections of the Village's codified ordinances conform to applicable Performance Standards within the Village ordinance.</p> <p>All new water quantity structurers met post-construction water requirements.</p>
Long-term operation and maintenance and enforcement	Respond to complaints of storm water or local flooding issues promptly by enforcing storm water ordinances, performance standards, and commitments made during site plan approval.	On-going	On-going	Number of complaints	Number of complaints vs. number of complaints resolved
	Informal observation of private problematic retention and detention ponds after rainfall events to ensure infiltration.	On-going	On-going	Number of ponds that are not functioning properly	Fewer ponds that are not functioning properly
	Site plans provide O&M procedures related to site specific Stormwater Treatment Units (STUs) and/or BMPs.	On-going	On-going	<p>Information provided on site plan and installed per Village approval.</p> <p>BMPs identified in the Stormwater Management Plan</p>	<p>100% site plan conformance</p> <p>BMP O&amp;M agreement is recorded</p>
	Site plans provide provisions such as periodic inspections related to Stormwater Treatment Units (STUs) and/or BMPs.	On-going	On-going	Information provided on site plan and inspected per Village approval.	BMPs installed per plan and inspection records available upon request.

POST CONSTRUCTION					
<u>Task</u>	<u>Methodology</u>	<u>Time Table</u>		<u>Evaluation/ Measured Element</u>	<u>Measurable Goals</u>
		<u>Implementation</u>	<u>Evaluation</u>		
	BMP agreement associated with the site plans provide provisions related to periodic inspections of Stormwater Treatment Units (STUs) and/or BMPs.	On-going	On-going	Information provided on site plan and inspected per Village approval.	BMPs installed per plan and inspection records provided to Village on an annual basis and also available upon request.
	Record Retention – Inspections and other records pertaining to O&M of best management practices are maintained by the property owner and retained for a minimum of five years	On-going	On-going	Site provide timely annual reporting 5 years of records available	Village maintains the annual reports on file at Village Hall related to individual sites.  Village notifies property owner with 30-days if annual report is not provided.  Records available from property owner upon request



# Chapter 11 – Pollution Prevention and Good Housekeeping Program

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Village of Vicksburg

## National Pollution Discharge Elimination System

July 2018

2150121

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## **Pollution Prevention and Good Housekeeping**

### **MUNICIPAL FACILITIES & FACILITY-SPECIFIC STORM WATER MANAGEMENT**

The Village owns and operates a Municipal Building with a co-located police station. The municipal water tower is located behind the Municipal Building.

The Village owns and operates a Department of Public Works (DPW) maintenance building. The Village of Vicksburg DPW maintenance building and Storage Yard is located on North Main Street. Storm sewer are located in North Main Street, however the storm water from the Storage Yard does not discharge to these storm sewers. Only half of the DPW building, a portion of the driveway and the front lawn of this property would drain to the storm sewers. Two leaching basins are located in the storage yard to collect storm water and the remaining runoff is carried by overland flow under/through a fence and collects in the Grand Trunk Railroad right-of-way located south of the property where it infiltrates. The Village DPW maintains the yard and associated activities in conformance to common sense related to pollution prevention and good housekeeping, like grounds keeping and preventing “tracking” out from the yard. A map showing the aerial photograph of this property with the drainage patterns and leaching basins indicated is included in the Chapter.

The Village also operates parking lots, a public beach, a golf course and several parks. Most of these locations discharge storm water either into the storm sewers in the street or on site retention basins except the golf course.

Angels Crossing golf course was purchased by the Village from the bank during the winter of 2009. This golf course discharges towards wetlands.

Vicksburg Community Schools became nested within the Village of Vicksburg’s watershed based permit in 2010 and therefore the Village of Vicksburg has added the Vicksburg Community School’s storm water discharges to their overall storm sewer system. Storm water runoff from Vicksburg High School, Vicksburg Middle School, Administration Building and the Bus Garage is collected and run through a Stormwater Treatment Unit, STU, (oil/water separators or Aquaswirls). After passing thru a STU, storm water is discharged into the County Drain. Stormwater from Sunset Lake Elementary discharges directly in the Village of Vicksburg storm sewer down N. Boulevard and has a storm treatment unit installed prior to discharging. Tobey and Indian Lake Elementary are not located in the Village; storm water from these two sites is infiltrated on site.

The facilities above are reviewed and prioritized by the Village based on having the high, medium, or low potential of discharging pollutants to surface waters of the state. The prioritization of the Village of Vicksburg’s and Vicksburg Community School’s facilities are as follows:

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Village Hall / Police Station	Low Priority
DPW facility	Low Priority
Village Parks	Low Priority
Public Beach	Low Priority
Golf Course	Low Priority
VCS Administration Building	Low Priority
VCS High School	Low Priority
VCS Middle School	Low Priority
VCS Sunset Lake Elementary	Low Priority
VCS Bus Maintenance Garage	High Priority

Considerations in prioritizing each facility included:

- Amount of urban pollutants stored at the site (sediment, nutrients, metals, hydrocarbons, pesticides, fertilizers, herbicides, chlorides, trash, bacteria, and other site-specific pollutants)
- Identification of improperly stored materials
- The potential of polluting activities to be conducted outside (vehicle washing)
- Proximity to waterbodies
- Poor housekeeping practices
- Discharge of pollutants of concern to impaired waters

If a facilities use changes or a new facility is obtained by the Village, the Storm Water Program Manager shall update/revise the facility assessments a minimum of 30 days prior to discharging stormwater from a new facility and within 30 days of determining a need to update/revise the facility assessment. At a minimum the Village will identify the BMPs currently implemented or to be implemented during the permit cycle to prevent or reduce pollutant runoff at each facility to surface waters of the state using the assessment and prioritization list identified in the above paragraphs.

## **STORM WATER CONTROL INVENTORY**

The Village of Vicksburg owns and maintains public roads, sanitary sewer, storm sewer, and water main. The Village has twenty-three (23) outfalls which discharge directly to the creek, lakes or adjoining wetlands with no stormwater treatment. The Village also has seventeen (17) outfalls that discharge to 12 infiltration areas under the jurisdiction of the Village and none of these outfalls contain any storm water treatment system. The Village also has nine (9) locations known as outfalls that connect to the “Vicksburg Drain” under the jurisdiction of the Kalamazoo County Drain Commission, which also does not contain any storm water treatment system.

The Vicksburg Public Schools Vicksburg Community Schools has ten (10) points of discharge to KCDC and 2 oil/grit separators. Storm water runoff from Vicksburg High School, Vicksburg Middle School, Administration Building and the Bus Garage is collected and run through a Storm Treatment Unit, STU, (oil/water separators or Aquaswirls). After passing thru a STU, storm water is discharged into the County Drain.

A map showing the Village's overall storm sewer system and a list of assets are included in Chapter 3.

## **STRUCTURAL STORM WATER CONTROL AND MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIES**

The Village of Vicksburg prioritizes the catch basins within the system for routine inspection, maintenance, and cleaning based on preventing or reducing pollutant runoff. Approximately 51% (314 of 614 structures) of storm structures discharge to the waters of the state. These 314 structures are located in the urban downtown areas east and south Sunset Lake, Angels Crossing clubhouse and Bridgeview Condominium area, and along Prairie Street and Boulevard Street. The structures are given higher priority over the 300 that do not discharge to waters of the state. Storm water structural controls are evaluated as the DPW as complaints from residents are received and also in the fall as they collect leaves. During leaf pick-up, the DPW spends adequate time at the catch basins to determine debris levels, including removing castings, as necessary, to determine debris levels within the structures. The Village typically performs more detailed visual inspections of leaching basins drywells on a 2-year cycle and catch basins on a 5-year cycle. Catch basin cleanouts are done on an as needed basis. Catch basins are cleaned when the depth of sedimentation exceeds 1/3 the sump depth of the structure. These services are contracted-out, with vendor records retained for verification that the waste was disposed of properly. Cleaning, dewatering, storage, and disposal of materials and sediment complies with MDEQ's "Catch Basin Cleaning Activities Guidance Document". Currently no storm structures within the Village have warranted a more frequent inspection than outlined above.

If the Village determines during the inspection of catch basins or via citizen complaint that more routine maintenance or cleaning is necessary, the Village will revise its frequency for inspection of a specific structure accordingly by inspecting the structure yearly to determine an acceptable inspection frequency. The Village will inspect all newly constructed storm structures at 1-year and 3-years from installation to determine if once per 5-year routine inspection is applicable or if a more frequent inspection is warranted.

As part of the SAW grant, the Village has completed the mapping of their sanitary sewer system and the vast majority of their storm sewers. Typically within the Village, sanitary sewers are at an elevation below the storm sewer system; therefore seepage of sanitary sewage to storm systems is not likely. In areas where they are in close proximity and at similar elevation, the Village, by the use of video and/or dry weather screen evaluates if seepage is occurring.

## **MUNICIPAL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIES**

Vicksburg Community Schools provides compliance actions similar to the Village and included but not limited to, staff training, public education, outfall discharge point observation, compliance with the Village's performance standards, vehicle maintenance and fueling practices. All necessary compliance associated with school property and school activities are completed by Vicksburg Community School's staff. Vicksburg Community Schools will take a lead role in educational efforts and have education information available to staff, students, and parents. Vicksburg Community School's staff will be included in all training efforts made by the Village of Vicksburg.

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### *Street Sweeping*

Street sweeping is done on an as needed basis (typically annually) and is limited to curb-and-gutter streets. If the Village determines a street requires more routine sweeping is necessary, based on citizen comments or if the surface waters of the state develop any of the following physical properties in unnatural quantities which are or may become injurious to any designated use: turbidity, color, oil films, floating solids, foams, settleable solids, suspended solids, or deposits caused by pollutants upon Village streets and parking lots, the Village will revise its frequency for sweeping of that street to an acceptable frequency. Currently no streets within the Village have warranted a more frequent sweeping than once per year.

These services are contracted-out, with vendor records retained for verification that the waste was disposed of properly. As the Village is responsible for ensuring contractors use proper disposal methods, the Village uses bid specification or contract language and requests documentation upon completion. Proper sweeping methods include operating sweeping equipment according to the manufacturer's operating instructions and to protect water quality. Cleaning, dewatering, storage, and disposal of street sweeper waste materials complies with MDEQ's "Catch Basin Cleaning Activities Guidance Document".

### *Composting*

The Village collects leaves during the fall months and disposes of the leaves on a vacant lot in town. The leaves are then tilled and composted naturally. Potential pollutants are not expected to be discharged from this operation and maintenance activity.

### *Salt & Winter Operations – Village of Vicksburg*

During the winter the Village applies salt to the sidewalks and roads when necessary. The Village follows the guidance of MDOT for deicing and will consider other options if MDOT determines they are most cost effective. The Village's salt trucks and spreaders are manually calibrated based on conditions. After a heavy snow fall, snow is collected from the downtown area and hauled to the former paper mill site where the snow melts and leaches directly into the soil. The Village's salt storage building is located at the DPW property. A Pollution Incident Prevention Plan (PIPP) was prepared and is included in this Chapter.

### *Salt & Winter Operations – Vicksburg Community Schools*

During the winter the VCS applies salt to the sidewalks, entryways and parking lots when necessary. Vicksburg Community Schools only stores a small quantity on site contained in bags, with is used for the sidewalks near the entrances. The salt used for the parking lots is obtained from the Village of Vicksburg's DPW salt storage yard and is transported to the site at the time of use. This work is performed by VCS staff and is not currently contracted out. VCS's salt trucks and spreaders are manually calibrated based on conditions. The Village's salt storage building is located at the DPW property.

### *Vehicle Washing - Vicksburg*

Village vehicles are washed in a bay where the water drains into a floor drain that is connected to the sanitary sewer system. A private facility is also occasionally used that drains directly to the sanitary sewer. Potential pollutants are not expected to be discharged from this operation and maintenance activity.

### *Vehicle Bus Washing - Vicksburg Community Schools*

Buses are washed in a bay located at the bus garage. They are typically washed 2 to 3 times per week depending upon the road conditions and weather. The water from the wash bay drains into a floor drain that is connected to the sanitary sewer system. Potential pollutants are not expected to be discharged from this operation and maintenance activity.

### *Vehicle Fueling*

The Village vehicles are fueled at public gas station located within the Village. All employees are instructed to stay by and monitor their vehicle when fueling. Potential pollutants would be gasoline or diesel fuel, but are not expected to be discharged from this operation and maintenance activity.

### *Household Hazardous Waste Recycling Program*

The Village of Vicksburg has curbside recycling pickup available to all residents. Additionally Vicksburg began re-participating in funding the Household Hazardous Waste program and is fee to all Village Residents. The Village also has literature related to the HHW program at the Village's office for residents to obtain more information regarding this program. Potential pollutants are not expected to be discharged from this operation and maintenance activity.

### *Sidewalk, Curb and Gutter repair and pothole patching*

The Village of Vicksburg typically performs small quantity repairs to sidewalk, curb and gutters, and patching of potholes. The DPW staff blocks catch basins during the course of work to prevent pollutants (such as saw cutting fluids) from reaching nearby structures. Potential pollutants are not expected to be discharged from this operation and maintenance activity with proper preventative procedures.

Large scale sidewalk removal and replacement, along with curb and gutter replacement is typically in conjunction with road or utility projects and are contracted out and are part of the Contractors agreements. Contractors are provided information in bid documents and/or preconstruction meetings regarding BMPs associated with preventing pollutants from reaching catch basins and water bodies. Concrete washout from cement trucks is typically limited to single sites, away from catch basins and water bodies.

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*Municipal Operations and Maintenance Activity Assessment*

The Village of Vicksburg will assess on an annual basis its municipal operation and maintenance activities, related to roads, parking lots, and sidewalk maintenance; cold water operations; and vehicle washing and maintenance of municipal owned vehicles. The assessment shall identify all pollutants that could be discharged from each O&M activity. The Village shall implement BMPs and/or procedures to prevent or reduce pollutant run-off. If current practices are determined to be ineffective in preventing or reducing pollutant run-off, the Village will update or revise its existing BMPs O&M procedures to an effective BMPs method or activity within 30 days of determine current procedures are ineffective.

**MANAGING VEGETABLE PROPERTIES**

The Village does not apply fertilizer or pesticides to any Village-owned lawn except for this golf course. Also at these locations and grass clippings are mulched in place, not bagged. In the event a pesticide is required, the Village only uses ready-to-use products from the original container.

The golf course complies with Public Act 299 of 2010 that restrict the application of fertilizers with available phosphate. Related to the golf course, a summary of PA 299 does the following:

- Prohibits the application of any fertilizer that is labeled as containing available phosphate (P2O5) to turf, unless an exception applies.
- Allows, as general exceptions, the application of a phosphate fertilizer to turf in any of the following circumstances: (1) when a test conducted within the preceding three years by a laboratory that follows recognized national standards has shown a need for it; (2) when the turf is in its first growing season; or (3) when the fertilizer is finished sewage sludge, organic manure, or manipulated manure, and it is applied at a rate of not more than 0.25 pounds of phosphorus per 1,000 square feet.
- Allows the application of phosphate fertilizer to a golf course in any of the following circumstances: (1) the golf course has been certified after its staff have completed an approved training course (2) a test has shown the need for it and the fertilizer is applied at an allowed rate (3) the turf is in its first growing season and the fertilizer is applied at an allowed rate.
- Prohibits the application of any fertilizer on turf located within 15 feet of surface water, unless there is a vegetative buffer between the turf and surface water, or certain equipment.

**CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS AND OVERSITE**

Contractors are hired by the Village on an as-needed basis for street sweeping, catch basin cleaning and less frequently for sidewalk and curb and gutter construction. These services that are contracted-out with vendors require records to be retained for verification that the waste was disposed of properly. Contractors are required to comply with MDEQ's "Catch Basin Cleaning Activities Guidance Document" and operate equipment according to the manufacturer's operating instructions

and to protect water quality. Contractors are provided information in bid documents and/or preconstruction meetings regarding disposal of debris from catch basin and storm pipe cleaning, or street sweeping.

### **EMPLOYEE TRAINING**

The Village educates Public Employees and Contractors regarding Pollution Prevention and Good Housekeeping BMPs. Specifically the Village provides employee training, which may consist of DVD, You-Tube Videos, off-site workshop, in-house training, or new employee orientation. The schedule for this training is the existing employees are trained once per permit cycle, and new employees have one (1) training event within 1-year of employment. Office staff is trained on the basic awareness of the program and general overview. DPW is generally trained in vehicle fueling, salt and winter operations, vehicle washing and maintenance. Seasonal staff (generally limited to lawn mowing) is educated about fertilizers, pesticides, vehicle fueling, and equipment maintenance.

### **TABLE 5**

Table 5 shows the overall storm water pollution prevention activities of the Permittee and outlines the overall Pollution Prevention Program Elements (i.e. MS4 owner/operator best management practices (BMP) for system operation and maintenance).

### **OTHER**

Any questions on this policy and procedure should be directed to the Storm Water Program Manager.

### **PROCESS FOR UPDATING/REVISING THIS PROCEDURE**

This procedure shall be reviewed on an annual basis by the Storm Water Program Manager for any updates to improve effectiveness.



**Table 5 – POLLUTION PREVENTION & GOOD HOUSEKEEPING**

**STORM WATER MANAGEMENT PROGRAM (SWMP)  
PROGRAM ELEMENTS, TASKS AND DELIVERABLES**

POLLUTION PREVENTION & GOOD HOUSEKEEPING FOR MUNICIPAL OPERATION - MS4 OWNER/OPERATOR BMP's (Operation & Maintenance Program Elements)					
Task	Methodology	Time Table		Evaluation/ Measured Element	Measurable Goals
		Implementation	Evaluation		
(a) maintenance activities, maintenance schedules, and inspection procedures for storm water structural controls to reduce pollutants (including floatables) in discharges from our permitted separate storm water drainage system					
Evaluate storm water structural controls, Village owned infiltration areas / retention ponds, and Storm Treatment Units.	Visually observe catch basin's sediment traps to assess if maintenance is required.	Approximately 1/5 of all catch basins annually	Annually	Number of Catch Basins Observed	All catch basins observed every 5 years
	Visually observe infiltration areas/ retention ponds to verify they are functioning as intended. Cleaning needs and any significant erosion or infrastructure wear or damage is reported to the Village's DPW Supervisor or VCS Facility Manager for follow up	Annually – All infiltration areas / retention ponds	Annually	Infiltration Areas / retention ponds are visually inspected while they are mowed several times per year.	All infiltration areas / retention ponds are observed annually
	Visually observe Stormwater Treatment Units (STUs) to assess if maintenance is required. Cleaning needs is reported to the VCS Facility Manager for follow up.	Annually – All Stormwater Treatment Units (STUs)	Annually	Stormwater Treatment Units (STUs) are visually inspected	All Stormwater Treatment Units (STUs) are observed annually
Maintenance of storm water structural controls.	Removal of sedimentation and floatables from catch basin sedimentation traps via contracted service.	As-Needed	Annually	Depth of sediment exceeds 1/3 of sump depth	100% of catch basins found to contain excessive sedimentation to be cleaned within 6 months.
	Restore erosion issues within infiltration areas	As-Needed	At time of Mowing	Case-by-case, based on visual observation during mowing of areas	100% of the Village's infiltration areas / retention ponds are stabilized and show no signs of significant erosion.
	Remove sedimentation from pond bottoms	As-Needed	Annually	Infiltration areas have stopped working properly. Sedimentation is covering 50% of the outfall pipe. Sedimentation exceeds 12 inches.	100% of the Village's infiltration areas / retention ponds are working properly and outfall pipe into the ponds are unobstructed.
	Removal of sedimentation and floatables from Stormwater Treatment Units (STUs) via contracted service.	As-Needed Based on yearly inspection	Annually	Sedimentation or floatables exceeds the manufacturer's recommendation for the Stormwater Treatment Units (STUs). STUs have not been cleaned within the last 3 years.	All sedimentation and floatables have been removed from the Stormwater Treatment Units (STUs) within the last 3 years (maximum duration) or has had all sedimentation and floatables removed when STU's capacity exceeds the manufacturer's recommendation.

POLLUTION PREVENTION & GOOD HOUSEKEEPING FOR MUNICIPAL OPERATION - MS4 OWNER/OPERATOR BMP's (Operation & Maintenance Program Elements)					
Task	Methodology	Time Table		Evaluation/ Measured Element	Measurable Goals
		Implementation	Evaluation		
(b) controls for reducing or eliminating the discharges of pollutants from streets, roads, highways and parking lots, and maintenance garages					
Ensure that pollutants are not disposed into surface waters	DPW procedures for pavement sweeping. Street sweeping is done throughout the Village's curbed streets as needed, with sweepings taken to a landfill. Certain areas are swept more frequently, as needed. Debris is placed directly into a dump truck, with no dewatering.	On-going	Annually	records of receipts from the landfill; Track amount if sedimentation collected and the frequency of streets sweeping	Achieving the recommended street sweeping frequency to minimize debris from entering surface water (i.e. once per year village-wide, more frequency in targeted areas)  No Citizen complaints which would require street sweeping.
	DPW procedures for - snow and ice removal operations. Salt trucks are calibrated based on weather conditions. The preferred practice is to avoid discharge of plowed snow into waters of the state, due to the associated pollutants. The Village stockpiles snow within the grass areas at the former Mill site.	On-going	Annually	Salt trucks are calibrated based on weather conditions. The amount of salt used is tracked only on an annual basis.	100% of Staff Conformance to procedures
	Maintenance vehicles and School Bus washing	On-going	Annually	Vehicles wash in wash bay with floor drain connected to sanitary sewer	100% of vehicles washed occur at in approved washing site.
	Maintenance vehicles and School Bus maintenance	On-going	Annually	Vehicles maintained in workshop type bay or shop with floor drain connected to sanitary sewer	100% of vehicles repaired / maintained at approved site.
	Fueling of maintenance vehicles and equipment	On-going	Annually	Vehicles and equipment are fueled at a public fueling station. All employees are instructed to stay by and monitor their vehicles when fueling	No fuel spills entered the storm system
	Fueling of school buses	On-going	Annually	School buses are fueled at school fueling area and/or via mobile fuel tanker truck. Bus drivers and/or fuel tanker operator visual observe the fueling operation. Bus drivers and/or fuel tanker operator knows where fuel spill kits are located and how to use them.	No fuel spills entered the storm system
	DPW yard is maintained and no tracking of sedimentation is found on the roadway area	On-going	Annually	No sedimentation is found on driveway area. Sedimentation to be swept to prevent tracking onto roadway.	No tracking of sedimentation occurs from DPW yard

POLLUTION PREVENTION & GOOD HOUSEKEEPING FOR MUNICIPAL OPERATION - MS4 OWNER/OPERATOR BMP's (Operation & Maintenance Program Elements)					
Task	Methodology	Time Table		Evaluation/ Measured Element	Measurable Goals
		Implementation	Evaluation		
	<u>Administrative Procedures</u>  Office staff is trained on the basic awareness of the program. DPW is generally trained in vehicle fueling, salt and winter operations, vehicle washing and maintenance. Seasonal staff (generally limited to lawn mowing) is educated about fertilizers, pesticides, vehicle fueling, and equipment maintenance.	Existing employees – trained 1 per Permit Cycle New Employees – Trained during 1 year of employment	Annually	Training attendance records	All applicable staff trained according to the training schedule with the appropriate knowledge
(c) procedures for the proper disposal of operation and maintenance waste from the permitted separate storm water drainage system (dredge spoil, accumulated sediments, floatables, and other debris)					
Ensure that pollutants are not disposed into surface waters	Collected catch basin sediments shall be contracted to a responsible party. Sediments and water shall be tested and disposed of properly in a licensed Type II municipal landfill unless contaminated then sediment shall be disposed of properly.	On-going	Annually	Collected/ tabulated data Cleaning the inside of the catch basin is done as needed, and is performed by a contractor. Records in the form of waste manifests, which contain the volume of waste and disposal location.	100% of sedimentation tested and disposed of properly
	Street Sweeping debris is disposed of properly in a licensed Type II municipal landfill by contracted service provider.	As-Needed	Annually	Village contracts out with outside services with contract language or specifications for how to properly dispose of materials.	Documentation that all debris was properly disposed.
	Dredged material and/or accumulated sediments found within retention ponds / infiltration areas is stabilized on site adjacent to infiltration areas	As-Needed	Annually	90% of sediment is removed for infiltration / pond areas and 100% properly stabilized on site within 14 days.	Infiltration areas / retention ponds function properly and all material from dredging operation is stabilized.
(d) ways to ensure that new flood management projects assess the impacts on the water quality of the receiving waters and, whenever possible, examine existing projects for incorporation of additional water quality protection devices or practices					
Properly design, engineer and permit new flood management projects.	Permittee initiated flood control projects will include provisions to reduce pollutants to water bodies to maximize extent practicable by including such criteria in all RFP's for flood control engineering services.  Performance Standard's requirements also apply to sites under the control of public agencies such as schools, Federal and State governmental facilities, Road Commission of Kalamazoo County, Village of Vicksburg, a designated County Drain, and other entities that might not otherwise be subject to site plan review procedures and requirements as set forth in other sections of the Village's codified ordinances. When the Village is notified of a project or potential project by an agency within the Village limits that does not require site plan review, the Village will provide the agency written communications and a copy of the Village's Performance Standards and also request reviewing the proposed plans to provide input for the agency to implement such Standards.	On-going through site plan review	Annually	Track and compare the number of flood control projects that include water quality criteria	Utilizing new technologies to reduce pollutants in storm water  All new projects implement Village Performance Standards for water quantity
	Examine existing water quantity structures for incorporation of additional water quality protection devices or practices.	Consider when such structures are scheduled for major repair or replacement	Annually	New technologies are considered when planning for major repair or replacement of existing structures.	All major repaired or replacement of existing storm quantity water structures, consider potential incorporation of new technology for water quality features.

POLLUTION PREVENTION & GOOD HOUSEKEEPING FOR MUNICIPAL OPERATION - MS4 OWNER/OPERATOR BMP's (Operation & Maintenance Program Elements)					
Task	Methodology	Time Table		Evaluation/ Measured Element	Measurable Goals
		Implementation	Evaluation		
(e) Implementation of controls to reduce the discharge of pollutants related to application of pesticides, herbicides, and fertilizers applied in our permitted jurisdiction.					
Proper use of lawn chemicals and pesticides.	Use a phosphorus-free fertilizer on Village parks, lawn areas, VCS property, and other areas. The Village currently does not use pesticides within their community.	On-going	Annually	If the Village or VCS applies fertilizer, what type of fertilizer was used.	All areas that the Village or VCS apply fertilizer, a phosphorus-free fertilizer are used.
	Use fertilizer in compliance with PA 299 of 2010 at the Village owned golf course.  Pesticides applications are done in accordance to the Michigan Department of Agriculture and Rural Development (MDARD) at the Village owned golf course	On-going	Annually	Application of phosphate fertilizer only in following circumstances: (1) the golf course has been certified after its staff have completed an approved training course (2) a test has shown the need for it and the fertilizer is applied at an allowed rate (3) the turf is in its first growing season and the fertilizer is applied at an allowed rate. Prohibits the application of any fertilizer on turf located within 15 feet of surface water, unless there is a vegetative buffer between the turf and surface water, or certain equipment.	Compliance with PA 299 of 2010.  Compliance with MDARD.  A golf course person is licensed by the State of Michigan for pesticides.  Angels Crossing golf course is certified by the Michigan Turfgrass Environmental Stewardship Program

# Catch Basin Cleaning Activities Guidance Document

## Catch Basin Cleaning Activities

Catch basins are included in storm sewer system designs in order to remove solids such as gravel, sand, oils, and organic material carried by storm water. Catch basins also contain elevated concentrations of metals (attached to the solids) from street runoff or drainage from industrial, commercial and residential properties. In order to maintain the storm sewer systems effectiveness, catch basins must be periodically cleaned out. The Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) Water Bureau (WB) and Waste and Hazardous Materials Division (WHMD) oversee environmental regulations pertaining to this activity. The Michigan Occupational Safety and Health Administration ([MIOSHA](#)) within the Department of Labor and Economic Growth oversee confined space entry and other worker health and safety standards.

In the past, the waste generated from the catch basin cleaning activities was typically discharged back into the storm sewer system. This type of discharge is unauthorized per [Part 31, Water Resources Protection \(Part 31\) of the Natural Resources and Environmental Protection Act, 1994 PA 451, as amended \(NREPA\)](#) and is therefore illegal. The combined solid and liquid waste stream (solid/liquid waste) from cleaning storm sewers systems is legally defined as “liquid industrial waste” pursuant to [Part 121, Liquid Industrial Wastes \(Part 121\) of NREPA](#).

The following are options recommended to properly deal with the waste stream generated from catch basin cleaning activities:

1. Have the waste transported to drying beds to separate the solid/liquid waste. This is usually performed at a publicly owned treatment plant or at a privately owned permitted facility where the liquid portion of the waste stream is separated from the solids and treated.
2. Request permission from the local wastewater treatment plant operator to discharge the combined solid/liquid waste into the sanitary system. Most treatment plants will require pre-treatment prior to the discharge. All applicable local ordinance provisions must be followed.
3. When conducting catch basin maintenance activities where the above options are not available, the following method can be used as long as there are no discharges to surface waters during dry weather conditions.

- Conduct visual inspection to ensure the water in the sump has not been contaminated. If necessary, collect a grab sample of the water and look for signs of contamination such as visible sheen, discoloration, obvious odor, etc. See the EPA [Visual Inspection](#) guidance for more tips. If there is any doubt of the quality of the water, it should be collected into the Vactor truck and treated as waste under Part 121 or [Part 115 Solid Waste Management \(Part 115\) of NREPA](#).
- Using a sump pump, or any other pumping mechanism, remove the majority of water in the sump of the basin without disturbing the solid material below. Do not use pumps connected to the Vactor truck's holding tank.
- The clear water may then be directly discharged to one of the following:
  - Sanitary system (with prior approval from local sewer authority)
  - Curb and gutter
  - Back into the storm sewer system as long as it is contained within the system during dry weather condition to ensure no discharge into surface water
  - Applied to the ground adjacent to the catch basin (evenly distributed at a maximum rate of 250 gallons/acre/year)
- The remaining liquid/solid in the sump should be collected with a Vactor truck and disposed of off-site in accordance with Parts 115 or 121.

The entity whose catch basin is being cleaned is responsible for meeting the generator requirements under Part 121. See the [Liquid Industrial Waste Generator](#) guidance for more information.

The entity transporting the solid/liquid waste must meet the applicable transporter requirements. A local, state, or federal government may use its own vehicle to service catch basins or other parts of the sewer system without being a permitted and registered transporter under the provisions of the [Hazardous Materials Transportation Act, 1998 PA 138, as amended \(HMTA\)](#).

If the local government contracts with a private company to transport the liquids generated from cleaning the catch basins or other parts of the sewer system, that entity must be registered and permitted as a uniform liquid industrial waste transporter under the provisions of HMTA.

The transporter must notify the WHMD about their activity and obtain a site identification number. Follow the instructions and links to the form EQP5150 and online paying option posted at [www.deq.state.mi.us/wdspi](http://www.deq.state.mi.us/wdspi). There is a fee.

A [uniform hazardous waste manifest](#) must accompany the load, or a consolidated manifest may be used per [Operational Memo 121-3](#), when the liquid waste is transported over public roadways by the local government or by a contract transporter. Keep the records at least three years from shipment. The waste transporting portion of the vehicle and/or containers used to

transport the waste must be kept closed except when adding or removing the waste, and the exteriors must be kept free of the liquid waste and residue.

The facility accepting the solid/liquid waste must meet operating requirements:

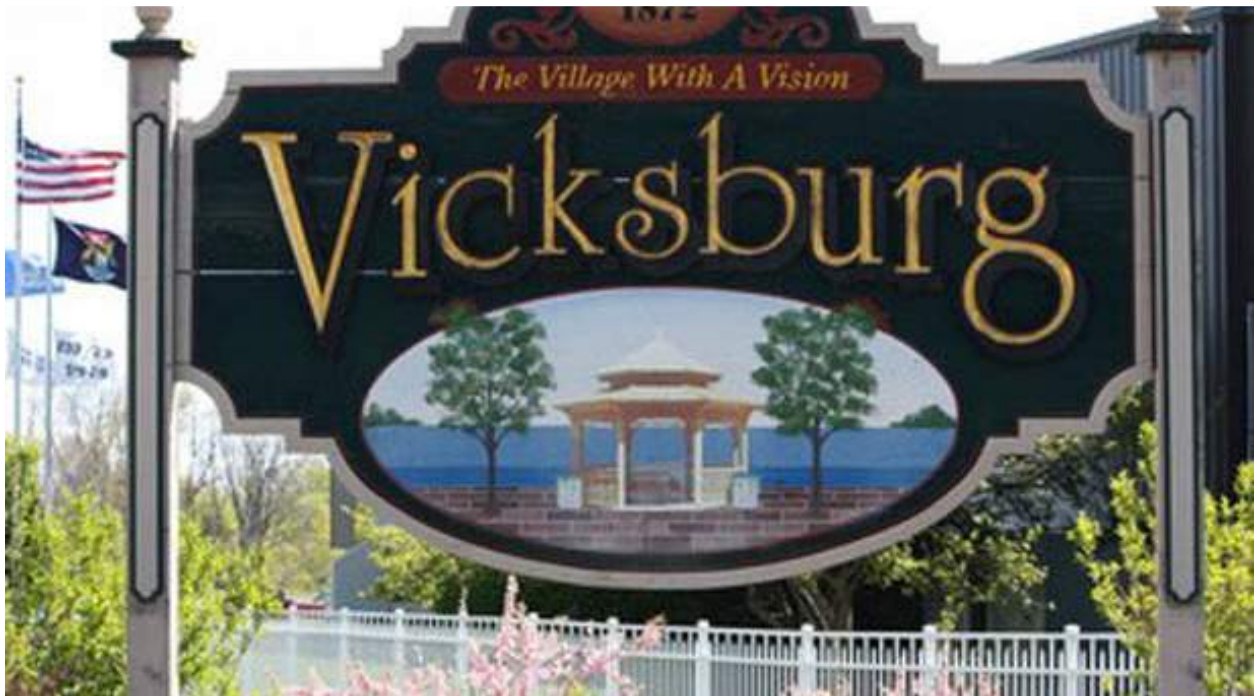
- They must notify the WHMD that they are operating a liquid industrial waste designated facility, obtain a site identification number, and meet operating requirements under Part 121. This includes practices to prevent unauthorized discharge of the waste, sign manifests, and keep required records. If waste containers are used, they must be kept closed and protected from the weather, fire, physical damage and vandals.
- The discharge of the liquids into the treatment plant that is permitted by the WB must meet the wastewater treatment plant requirements. Any other discharge of the liquids would require a separate DEQ discharge permit.
- The resulting solid waste must be managed under Part 115 requirements. Dispose of the solid waste in a licensed landfill. Contact the landfill authority for their specific disposal requirements, including any tests they require to document the solids are not hazardous or liquid waste. Do not use the solids as fill on local government or private property, or for any other use, unless it meets the conditions of being an inert material according to the solid waste rules [R299.4114 through R299.4118](#). See the [Waste Characterization Guidance](#) for information how to determine if the waste is hazardous or not.

Street sweeping activities are also subject to the above solid waste requirements. Street sweeping involves the use of specialized equipment to remove litter, loose gravel, soil, pet waste, vehicle debris and pollutants, dust, de-icing chemicals, and industrial debris from road surfaces. See the BMPs for [Street Sweeping](#) and [Parking Lot and Street Cleaning](#).

Follow-up Answers Can be Found as Follows:	
Topic	Contact:
Using the solids as fill or other use under Part 115	Duane Roskoskey at 517-335-4712
Part 121 transportation requirements and HMTA	<a href="#">WHMD District Office</a>
Managing waste under Part 31, or general questions regarding this guidance	Mark Fife at 517-241-8993
Confined space entry requirements	MIOSHA Consultation, Education and Training Division at 517-322-1809

# Village of Vicksburg

## Pollutant Incident Prevention Plan



December 2014

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## INTRODUCTION

The Village of Vicksburg is committed to protecting its residents, visitors, and the surrounding area from contamination of drinking water wells. As part of operations within the Village of Vicksburg, the Department of Public Works stores solid salt in quantities over 5 tons. As required by Part 5 Rules, Spillage of Oil and Polluting Material, promulgated pursuant to Part 31, Water Resources Protection, of the Natural Resources and Environmental Protection Act, 1994 PA 451, as amended (Act 451) (R 324-2001 through R 324.2009) the following plan has been developed to identify procedures needed to properly contain the salt and other polluting materials onsite, identify the procedures to address releases, and inventory salt storage.

The DPW Director will be the designated spill prevention coordinator. The Director may designate duties and responsibilities to a staff member as needed.

The Coordinator shall evaluate the pollution incident prevention plan every 3 years or after any release that requires implementation of the plan, whichever is more frequent. The Coordinator shall update the plan when facility personnel, processes, or procedures identified in the plan change or as otherwise necessary to maintain compliance with this rule. Upon preparation of an updated plan, the Coordinator shall re-notify the Department of Environmental Checklist and recertify compliance with these rules.

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## FACILITY IDENTIFICATION

### Municipality:

Village of Vicksburg

Ken Schippers, Village Manager

126 N. Kalamazoo Avenue

Vicksburg, Michigan 49097

Phone: 269-649-1919

After hours emergency: 269-383-8821, Option 6 (Kalamazoo County Sheriff Dispatch)

### Facility:

Department of Public Works

Ken Schippers, DPW Director

201 N. Main Street

Vicksburg, Michigan 49097

Phone: 269-649-1553

After hours emergency: 269-998-0836

### Contacts:

#### Primary:

Ken Schippers

Village Manager, DPW Director

269-649-1919 Office

269-649-1553 DPW Office

269-998-0836 Cellular

[kschippers@vicksburgmi.org](mailto:kschippers@vicksburgmi.org)

#### Alternate:

Randy Schippers

269-649-1919 Office

269-649-1553 DPW Office

269-217-7642 Cellular



## Emergency Notification Procedures

In the event of an on-site emergency, the following procedures will be implemented for internal and external notification once any necessary emergency response personnel (911) are activated.

1. Staff members will be required to immediately notify the plan coordinator and their designee(s) through verbal communication.

The Coordinator/Designee shall:

1. Notify All Department of Public Works employees of the emergency and initial action plan;
  2. Contact Michigan Department of Environmental Quality
    - a. PEAS Hotline 800-292-4706
    - b. District Office during business hours 269-567-3500
    - c. Water Resources Division 269-567-3570
    - d. Janelle Hohm Direct Line 269-576-3581
  3. U.S. Coastguard – National Response Center 800-424-8802
  4. City of Kalamazoo County Wastewater Treatment Plant – Business Hours (269) 337-8701; After Hours (269) 337-8148.
  5. Spill Cleanup Contractor, or consulting firm, or both
    - a. Clean Earth 269-381-2400
  6. Other local, state, and/or federal agencies or entities that you may be required to report releases under other regulations.
  7. If needed, local media utilizing the Village of Vicksburg public relations guidance. (Appendix A)
-

## MATERIAL INVENTORY

1. Rock Salt; Sodium Chloride (NaCl); Chemical Abstract Service Number 7647-14-5

All Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) are located in the Department of Public Works office located at 201 N. Main, Vicksburg, Michigan 49097.

## SPILL CONTROL AND CLEANUP PROCEDURES

In the event a spill occurs, a Spill or Release Report will be completed and filed with the appropriate agency. (Appendix B)

Inventory of spill control and clean-up equipment:

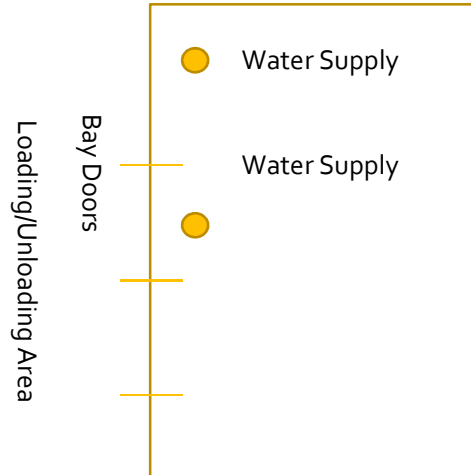
1. Vac Truck (1)
2. Backhoe (1)
3. Pumps (2)
4. Shovels, Wheelbarrows, Brooms, Dust Pans (Multiple)
5. Personnel Protective Equipment (Gloves, Safety Glasses, Hard Hats, Reflective Vests) Available in the DPW Main Office. Issued to each public works employee upon hire.

Spill control and clean-up equipment is stored in the Equipment Storage garage located adjacent to the Rock Salt Storage barn unless otherwise noted. In the event of a spill or release, the proper equipment will be utilized to control and clean-up the incident. If the incident is beyond the capabilities of the on-site equipment an outside spill contractor Recovered materials will be disposed of in accordance with local, state, and/or federal guidelines.

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## SITE PLAN

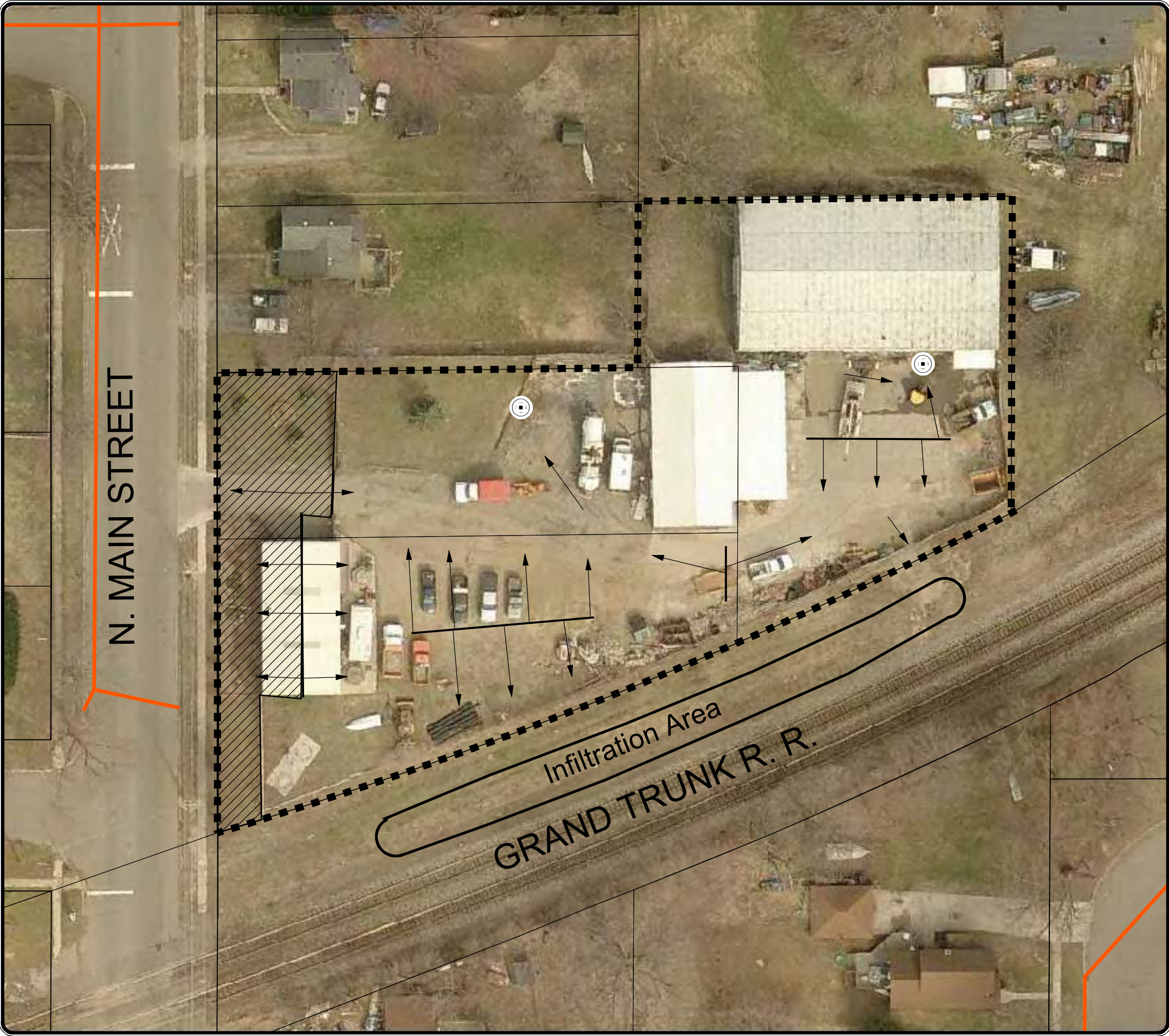
The DPW site is secured by a gate and security alarm system.



## STORAGE FACILITY

The storage facility is pole barn construction with metal over wood walls. The roofing material is metal. The loading/unloading doors are sliders. The floor is cement. The eaves run along the perimeter of the structure and drain to the parking lot. The driveway is gravel and the cement skirt runs around the structure. There are not any drains that need to be covered in the event of a spill.



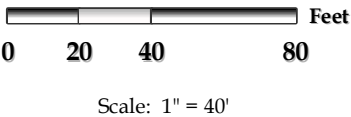
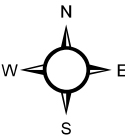


# Village of Vicksburg

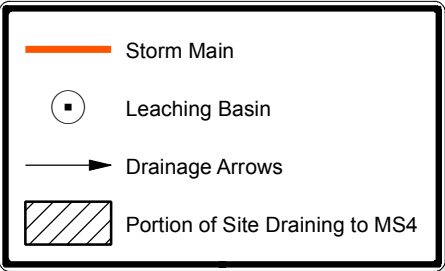
Northeast Corner of N. Main Street  
and Grand Trunk Railroad  
Kalamazoo County, Michigan

## Vicksburg Storage Yard Drainage Map

May 2012  
2070047



### Legend



**FACILITY NAME:**

*Vicksburg Community Schools  
2017-2018*

**STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWPPP)**

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Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ)  
Water Resources Division (WRD)  
Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) Template  
Template Revision Date: 3/12/2015



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## 1.0 GENERAL FACILITY INFORMATION

### Facility Information:

- Name of Facility: **Vicksburg Community Schools**
- Facility Address: **301 S. Kalamazoo Vicksburg, MI 49097**
- County: **Kalamazoo**
- Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Code:
- Owner or Authorized Representative:

### Facility Contact Information:

- Name: **Nancy Spicketts**
- Title: **Facility Director/**
- Telephone: **269.321.1027**
- Email Address: **nspicketts@vicksburgschools.org**
- Mailing Address: **301 S. Kalamazoo Vicksburg MI 49097**

### Facility Contact information to be aware of:

The "Facility Contact" was specified in the application. The permittee may replace the facility contact at any time, and shall notify the Department in writing within 10 days after replacement (including the name, address, email address, if available, and telephone number of the new facility contact).

- a) The facility contact shall be (or a duly authorized representative of this person):
  - for a corporation, a principal executive officer of at least the level of vice president, or a designated representative, if the representative is responsible for the overall operation of the facility from which the discharge described in the permit application or other NPDES form originates,
  - for a partnership, a general partner,
  - for a sole proprietorship, the proprietor, or
  - for a municipal, state, or other public facility, either a principal executive officer, the mayor, village president, city or village manager, or other duly authorized employee.
- b) A person is a duly authorized representative only if:
  - the authorization is made in writing to the Department by a person described in paragraph a. of this section; and
  - the authorization specifies either an individual or a position having responsibility for the overall operation of the regulated facility or activity such as the position of plant manager, operator of a well or a well field, superintendent, position of equivalent responsibility, or an individual or position having overall responsibility for environmental matters for the facility (a duly authorized representative may thus be either a named individual or any individual occupying a named position).

### Certified Storm Water Operator Information:

- Name: **Jim Meyers**
- Certification Number & Expiration Date:
- Telephone: **269.254.6621**
- Email Address: **jmeyers@vicksburgmi.org**
- Is the Certified Operator an employee at the facility: ☐ Yes ☒ No
  - If the answer to the above question is "No" then include the Certified Operator's business name and mailing address: **Vicksburg DPW 126 North Kalamazoo, Vicksburg MI 49097**

### Permit Information:

- General Permit Number:
- Certificate of Coverage (COC) or Individual Permit Number:
- COC or Individual Permit Effective Date of Coverage:
- Receiving Waters:
- Required Monitoring: ☐ Yes ☐ No
- Identify the Total Daily Maximum Load (TMDL) listed on COC:

### Brief Industrial Activity Description:

If this facility is a seasonal facility describe the seasonal operation and what months the facility will be operating:

## 2.0 STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION TEAM

The storm water pollution prevention team is responsible for developing, implementing, maintaining, and revising this SWPPP. The members of the team and their primary responsibilities (i.e. implementing, maintaining, record keeping, submitting reports, conducting inspections, employee training, conducting the annual compliance evaluation, testing for non-storm water discharges, signing the required certifications) are as follows:

Name & Title	Responsibility
<b>Jim Meyers</b>	<b>Certified Operator</b>
<b>Nancy Spicketts</b>	<b>Facilities Director</b>
<b>Karen McKinstry</b>	<b>Transportation Director</b>
<u>Space to list additional members and their responsibility if necessary:</u>	

## 3.0 SITE MAP

Preparing a site map or sketch is the first step in assessing the facility. See the DEQ Industrial Storm Water Certified Operator Training Manual for additional information.

The facility's site map includes all applicable items listed in the permit, which include:

- 1) Buildings and other permanent structures
- 2) Storage or disposal areas for significant materials
- 3) Secondary containment structures and descriptions of what they contain in the primary containment structures
- 4) Storm water discharge points (which include outfalls and points of discharge), numbered or otherwise labeled for reference
- 5) Location of storm water and non-storm water inlets (numbered or otherwise labeled for reference) contributing to each discharge point
- 6) Location of NPDES permitted discharges other than storm water
- 7) Outlines of the drainage areas contributing to each discharge point
- 8) Structural runoff controls or storm water treatment facilities
- 9) Areas of vegetation (with brief description such as lawn, old field, marsh, wooded, etc.)
- 10) Areas of exposed and/or erodible soils and gravel lots
- 11) Impervious surfaces (roofs, asphalt, concrete, etc.)
- 12) Name and location of receiving waters
- 13) Areas of known or suspected impacts on surface waters as designated under Par 201 (Environmental Response) of the NREPA.

**SEE FIGURE 1 FOR FACILITY SITE MAP**

## 4.0 SIGNIFICANT MATERIALS

Definition: Significant materials are any material which could degrade or impair water quality, including but not limited to:

- ✓ Raw Materials
- ✓ Fuels **Diesel**
- ✓ Solvents
- ✓ Detergents **Degreaser**
- ✓ Plastic pellets
- ✓ Finished materials (i.e. metallic products)



- ✓ Hazardous Substances designated under section 101(14) of Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA), see 40 CFR 372.65
- ✓ Any chemical the facility is required to report pursuant to section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act (EPCRA)
- ✓ Polluting Materials – Oil and any material, in solid or liquid form, identified as polluting material under the Part 5 Rules (Rules 324.2001 through 324.2009 of the Michigan Administrative Code) **55 Gallon drum of oil. 55 gallon of DEF (Diesel Exhaust Fluid)**
- ✓ Hazardous Wastes as defined in Part 111 of the Michigan Act
- ✓ Fertilizers
- ✓ Pesticides
- ✓ Waste Products (i.e. ashes, slag, sludge, plant waste, animal waste)

During the significant materials identification phase, all sources of potential storm water contamination need to be identified. Both the inside and outside of the facility must be inventoried to determine the materials and practices that may be sources of contamination to storm water runoff. Note the identification phase must address residual contaminants which may be found on items stored outside.

#### **4.1 Inventory of Exposed Significant Materials**

The permit requires a general inventory of significant materials that could enter storm water. For each material listed the SWPPP shall include the ways in which each type of material has been or has reasonable potential to become exposed to storm water (e.g. spillage during handling; leaks from pipes, pumps, or vessels; contact with storage piles, contaminated materials or soils; waste handling and disposal; deposits from dust or overspray; etc.). In addition, the SWPPP must identify the inlet(s) spilled significant materials may enter and the discharge point(s) through which the spilled significant material may be discharged.

### **SEE TABLE 1 FOR SIGNIFICANT MATERIAL INVENTORY**

#### **4.2 Description of Industrial Activities & Significant Material Storage Areas**

The permit requires industrial facilities to evaluate the reasonable potential for contribution of significant materials to storm water runoff from at least the following areas or activities:

- 1) Loading, unloading, and other material handling operations
- 2) Outdoor storage including secondary containment structures
- 3) Outdoor manufacturing or processing activities
- 4) Significant dust or particulate generating processes
- 5) Discharge from vents, stacks, and air emission controls
- 6) On-site waste disposal practices
- 7) Maintenance and cleaning of vehicles, machines, and equipment
- 8) Areas of exposed and/or erodible soils
- 9) Sites of Environmental Contamination listed under Part 201 (Environmental Response) of the NREPA
- 10) Areas of significant material residues
- 11) Areas where animals congregate (wild or domestic) and deposit wastes
- 12) Other areas where storm water may contact significant materials

For each applicable item, the permit requires a written description of the specific activity or storage area. Along with the written description of the activities or storage areas, a description of the significant materials associated with those items must be included.

### **SEE TABLE 1 FOR INDUSTRIAL ACTIVITY AND SIGNIFICANT MATERIAL STORAGE AREA DESCRIPTIONS**

#### **4.3 List of Significant Spills**

The permit requires a list of significant spills and significant leaks of polluting materials that occurred at areas that are exposed to precipitation or that otherwise discharge to a point source at the facility. The listing shall



include spills that occurred over the three years prior to the effective date of a certificate of coverage authorizing discharge under the General Permit. The listing shall include the date, volume, exact location of release, and actions taken to clean up the material and/or prevent exposure to storm water runoff or contamination of surface waters of the state. Any release that occurs after the SWPPP has been developed shall be controlled in accordance with the SWPPP and is cause for the SWPPP to be updated as appropriate within 14 calendar days of obtaining knowledge of the spill or loss. If there have been no spills of polluting materials, state that in this section.

**Question:** Have there been any significant spills or significant leaks of polluting materials in the last 3 years?

☐ Yes   x ☐ No

- If the answer above is "Yes" then input the applicable information in the table below:

Significant Spills and Significant Leaks of Polluting Materials Table		
Location & Date	Material & Volume	Corrective Actions Taken

#### 4.4 Summary of Sampling Data

The permit requires a summary of existing storm water discharge sampling data (if available) describing pollutants in storm water discharges associated with industrial activity at the facility. The summary shall be accompanied by a description of the suspected sources of the pollutants detected. (If there is no storm water discharge sampling data, state that in this section.)

**Question:** Is there any storm water discharge sampling data available?   ☐ Yes   x ☐ No

- If the answer to the above question is "Yes" then summarize the information below and maintain the data with the SWPPP file.

Summary of Sampling Information:

#### 4.5 Actions Taken to Investigate Illicit Connections

The permit requires that the SWPPP include a description of the actions taken to identify and eliminate illicit connections to the storm sewer system. All illicit connections to Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems (MS4s) or waters of the state should be permanently plugged or re-routed to the sanitary sewer system, in accordance with the authorization from the local Wastewater Treatment Plant. Any discharge from an illicit connection is a violation of the conditions of this permit.

Actions taken to investigate and eliminate any illicit connections to the storm sewer system:

### 5.0 NON-STRUCTURAL CONTROLS

Non-structural controls are practices that are relatively simple, fairly inexpensive, and applicable to a wide variety of industries or activities. Non-structural controls are intended to reduce the amount of pollution getting into the surface waters of the state and are generally implemented to address the problem at the source. They do not require any structural changes to the facility. These are typically everyday types of activities undertaken by employees at the facility. Many facilities may already have nonstructural controls in place for other reasons. The permit requires that the SWPPP shall, at a minimum, include each of the following non-structural controls:



### 5.1 Preventative Maintenance Program (Routine Inspection Program)

The permit requires written procedures and a schedule for routine preventive maintenance which includes inspection and maintenance of storm water management and control devices (e.g. cleaning of oil/water separators and catch basins) as well as inspecting and testing plant equipment and systems to uncover conditions that could cause breakdowns or failures resulting in discharges of pollutants to surface waters. Generally the focus of this permit requirement is on exterior items. A written report of the inspection and corrective actions shall be maintained on file and shall be retained for three years. See the DEQ Industrial Storm Water Certified Operator Training Manual for additional information.

The Routine Inspection Form is in Section 16.0.

If this requirement is addressed in other facility procedures, reference those procedures here:

**Drive up to fuel pump**

**Use fueling gloves**

**Fuel Vehicle**

**Let spout finish dripping before putting it back**

**Replace Spout in it proper place and be sure that is secured**

**Know the procedure if there is a fuel spill**

**Dry material is in the cabinet in case of spill**

**In case of emergency and fuel won't shut off, go directly the red button on the outside of garage wall and push it and report it immediately to the office of mechanic.**

**Office or mechanic will contact RW Mercer.**

### 5.2 Housekeeping Procedures (Routine Inspection Program)

The permit requires that the SWPPP include written procedures and a schedule to implement routine good housekeeping inspections to maintain a clean, orderly facility. Good housekeeping inspections are intended to reduce the potential for significant materials to come in contact with storm water. The routine good housekeeping inspections should be combined with the routine inspection for the preventative maintenance program. Generally the focus of this permit requirement is on exterior areas. A written report of the inspection and corrective actions shall be maintained on file and shall be retained for three years. See the DEQ Industrial Storm Water Certified Operator Training Manual for additional information.

The Routine Inspection Form is in Section 16.0.

If this requirement is addressed in other facility procedures, reference those procedures here:

The table below describes the Routine Inspection Program Procedures:

Routine Inspection Program Procedures Table		
Description of Area or Equipment Inspected	Tasks Performed During Inspection	Frequency of Inspection
<b>Dumpster lids north of building</b>	<b>Secure dumpster lids</b>	<b>Monthly</b>
<b>Diesel fuel area west of building</b>	<b>Check to make sure fuel hasn't spilled</b>	<b>After bus fueling</b>
<b>Indoor garage area</b>	<b>Leaking oil</b>	<b>daily</b>
<b>Buses/Transportation Vehicles</b>		
<b>Spill Kits</b>	<b>Making sure they are stocked</b>	<b>monthly</b>
<b>Oil Tracking out of building</b>	<b>Soil inspection</b>	<b>weekly</b>




### 5.3 Comprehensive Site Inspection & Visual Assessments of Storm Water Discharges

The permit requires written procedures and a schedule for comprehensive site inspection. The inspections shall include but not be limited to, the areas and equipment identified in the preventive maintenance program and good housekeeping procedures. The inspection shall also include a review of the routine preventive maintenance reports, good housekeeping inspections reports, and any other paperwork associated with the SWPPP. The comprehensive site inspection shall be conducted by the Industrial Storm Water Certified Operator quarterly. At a minimum one inspection shall be performed within each of the following quarters: January – March, April – June, July – September, and October – December.

The permittee may request Department approval of an alternate schedule for comprehensive site inspections. Such a request may be made if the permittee meets the following criteria: the permittee is in full compliance with the permit, the permittee has an acceptable SWPPP, the permittee has installed and/or implemented adequate structural controls at the facility, the permittee has all required inspection reports available at the facility, and the permittee has an Industrial Storm Water Certified Operator at the facility.

A report of the comprehensive site inspection results shall be prepared and retained for three years. The report shall include the following information:

- ✓ Date of the inspection
- ✓ Name(s), title(s), and certification number(s) of the personnel conducting the inspection
- ✓ Precipitation information (i.e. a description of recent rainfall or snow met events)
- ✓ All observations relating to the implementation of control measures
- ✓ Any required revisions to the SWPPP resulting from the inspection
- ✓ A certification stating the facility is in compliance with this permit and the SWPPP, or, if there are instances of noncompliance, they are identified

The Comprehensive Site Inspection Form is in Section 17.0.

Comprehensive site inspection schedule:

***There are no previous files. We will use this as a baseline. June/December 2 times a year***

Comprehensive site inspection written procedures:

*The Industrial Storm Water Certified Operator will perform the comprehensive site inspections. All areas and items identified in Routine Inspection Procedures Table are included in the comprehensive site inspections. In addition all paper work associated with the routine inspections will be reviewed. The comprehensive site inspection report form will include a compliance certification statement. List any additional details (if necessary) related to the comprehensive site inspection procedures here:*

### **Visual Assessments of Storm Water Discharges** **\*\*CHECK YOUR GENERAL PERMIT FOR APPLICABILITY\*\***

The permit requires written procedures and a schedule for quarterly visual assessments of storm water discharges. The visual assessments shall be conducted by the Industrial Storm Water Certified Operator. At a minimum one visual assessment shall be performed within each of the following quarters: January – March, April – June, July – September, and October – December. If the Department has approved an alternate schedule for the comprehensive site inspection, the visual assessment may likewise be conducted in accordance with the same approved alternate schedule.



Visual assessment training/informational tutorials are available on the DEQ, WRD Industrial Storm Water webpage or by clicking on the following links:

- Part 1: [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rhXbA1R\\_VZk&feature=youtu.be](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rhXbA1R_VZk&feature=youtu.be)
- Part 2: [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=AdGziksz\\_g&feature=youtu.be](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=AdGziksz_g&feature=youtu.be)
- Part 3: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZiajZM6Avlg&feature=youtu.be>

The Visual Assessment Report Form is in Section 18.0.

Visual Assessment schedule:

## SEE SECTION 14.0 FOR THE VISUAL ASSESSMENT PROCEDURES

### 5.4 Material Handling & Spill Prevention / Clean-Up Procedures

The permit requires a description of material handling procedures and storage requirements for significant materials. Equipment and procedures for cleaning up spills shall be identified in the SWPPP and made available to the appropriate personnel. The procedures shall identify measures to prevent spilled materials or material residues on the outside of the containers from being discharged into storm water.

The SWPPP may include, by reference, requirements of either a Pollution Incident Prevention Plan (PIPP) prepared in accordance with the Part 5 Rules (Rules 324.2001 through 324.2009 of the Michigan Administrative Code); a Hazardous Waste Contingency Plan (HWCP) prepared in accordance with 40 CFR 264 and 265 Subpart D, as required by Part 111 of the Michigan Act; or a Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure (SPCC) plan prepared in accordance with 40 CFR 112.

**Question:** Does the facility have any additional material handling & spill / clean-up procedures on file in addition to the SWPPP? x ☐ No ☐ Yes

- If the answer is "No" complete the table below
- If the answer is "Yes" then reference the procedures and where they are located here and complete the table below as necessary:

Spills and leaks together are the largest industrial source of storm water pollution. Thus, this SWPPP specifies material handling procedures and storage requirements for significant materials. Equipment and procedures necessary for cleaning up spills and preventing the spilled materials from being discharged have also been identified. All employees have been made aware of the proper procedures. See the DEQ Industrial Storm Water Certified Operator Training Manual for additional information.

The DEQ, WRD Industrial Storm Water program spill report compliance assistance document should be kept with the SWPPP. Download the document from the DEQ, WRD Industrial Storm Water webpage or by clicking on the following link: [http://www.michigan.gov/documents/deq/wrd-isw-permit\\_info-spill-reporting\\_398791\\_7.pdf](http://www.michigan.gov/documents/deq/wrd-isw-permit_info-spill-reporting_398791_7.pdf)

If material handling and spill prevention / clean-up procedures are not addressed in other facility documents (referenced above) then the table below needs to be completed:

Material Handling & Spill Prevention / Clean-up Procedures Table		
Potential Spill Area	Material Handling & Storage Procedures	Spill Response Procedures & Equipment
<b>Fuel Area</b>	<b>Diesel Fuel/Use Drip Basin</b>	<b>Small spills oil dry will be applied</b>
<b>Indoor garage area</b>	<b>Oil/DEF</b>	<b>Oil Dry applied swept and put into dumpster</b>




### SEE TABLE 2 FOR SPILL KIT INVENTORY

#### 5.5 Soil Erosion & Sedimentation Control Measures

The permit requires the identification of areas which, due to topography, activities, or other factors, have a high potential for significant soil erosion. Areas commonly prone to soil erosion are: gravel lots, bare earth or gravel at material handling areas around storm water inlets, areas with concentrated storm water runoff into streams or ditches, and access roads over open streams or ditches. Control measures must be implemented in areas prone to soil erosion and sedimentation. More information on soil erosion and sedimentation control may be obtained from the DEQ, Water Resources Division District Office.

**Question:** Is dust suppression material used on site? ☐ Yes ☒ No

- If "Yes" then describe the actions implemented to prevent an unauthorized discharge to the storm sewer system or surface waters of the state:

**Question:** Are there areas of the site that are prone to soil erosion and/or sedimentation? ☐ Yes ☒ No

- If "Yes" then complete the table below:

Soil Erosion & Sedimentation Control Measures Table	
Areas Prone to Soil Erosion or Sedimentation	Control Measures Implemented
<b><i>Check for soil erosion around building</i></b>	<b><i>Regrade and reseed as needed</i></b>
Space to list additional areas of concerns and control measures if necessary:	

#### 5.6 Employee Training Program

The permit requires a description of employee training programs have been implemented to inform appropriate personnel at all levels of responsibility of the components and goals of the SWPPP. Recent modifications to the General Permits have included a requirement for annual employee training. An employee training video is available at the DEQ, WRD, Industrial Storm Water webpage or by clicking on the following link:  
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IGqvsztguRA&feature=youtu.be>

Employee training will be a major component in ensuring the success of the facility's SWPPP. The more knowledgeable all employees are about the facility's SWPPP and what is expected of them, the greater the chance that the plan will be effective. The following is a description of the employee training programs to be implemented to inform appropriate personnel at all levels of responsibility of the components and goals of the SWPPP (i.e. good housekeeping practices, spill prevention and response procedures, waste minimization practices, informing customers of facility policies, etc.).

The Employee Training Form is in Section 19.0.

Employee Training Frequency: **Yearly**

Employee Training Program Description: **YouTube videos, webinars**

#### 5.7 TMDL Requirements



The permit requires that if there is a Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) established by the Department for the receiving water, which restricts the discharge of any of the identified significant materials or constituents of those materials, then the SWPPP shall identify the level of control for those materials necessary to comply with the TMDL.

The TMDL means the amount of pollutant load a water body, such as a lake or stream, can assimilate and still meet water quality standards. If a receiving water body does not meet the water quality standards for a specific pollutant, the DEQ will establish the appropriate daily maximum load for that pollutant to allow the water body to again meet water quality standards. If a permitted facility is expected to discharge that specific pollutant in its storm water to that water body, the General Permit requires the facility to list actions it will take to meet that TMDL requirement.

The applicable TMDLs will be identified on the Certificate of Coverage (COC).

See the DEQ, WRD, Industrial Storm Water Webpage for additional TMDL information or click this link for the TMDL compliance assistance document: [http://www.michigan.gov/documents/deq/wrd-isw-permit-info-tmdl\\_398790\\_7.pdf](http://www.michigan.gov/documents/deq/wrd-isw-permit-info-tmdl_398790_7.pdf)

**Question:** Is there a TMDL Requirement listed on the COC? ☐ Yes x ☒ No

- If the answer to the above question is "Yes" then complete the table below:

TMDL Pollutant:	Best Management Practices Implemented to reduce the discharge of the TMDL pollutant:
Space to list additional TMDL pollutants and BMPs implemented onsite if necessary:	

## 5.8 List of Significant Materials Still Present

The permit requires the identification of significant materials expected to be present in storm water discharges following implementation of non-structural preventative measures and source controls. Non-structural controls are used to reduce pollutants at the source before they can get into the storm water runoff. In some cases, these types of controls will not be enough. A list of significant materials expected to be present in storm water discharges after implementation of nonstructural controls must be included in the SWPPP. The materials listed below will be addressed through the use of structural controls. (If there will be no significant materials present after the implementation of non-structural controls, state that in this section.)

Significant Material	Location and Control Measure:	Impacted Inlet(s):	Impacted Discharge Point(s):
<b>Gasoline/diesel area</b>	<b>At Fuel area</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>B</b>
Space available to add addition information if necessary:			

## 6.0 STRUCTURAL CONTROLS

The permit requires that where implementation of non-structural controls does not control storm water discharges in accordance with water quality standards, the SWPPP shall provide a description of the location, function, and design criteria of structural controls for prevention and treatment.

Structural controls may be necessary:

- 1) To prevent uncontaminated storm water from contacting or being contacted by significant materials; or
- 2) If preventive measures are not feasible or are inadequate to keep significant materials at the site from contaminating storm water. Structural controls shall be used to treat, divert, isolate, recycle, reuse, or otherwise manage storm water in a manner that reduces the level of significant materials in the storm water and provides compliance with the Water Quality Standards

Examples of structural controls include the following:

- |                                     |                                 |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| ✓ Signs and Labels                  | ✓ Paving                        |
| ✓ Safety Posts                      | ✓ Curbing                       |
| ✓ Fences                            | ✓ Drip Pans                     |
| ✓ Security Systems                  | ✓ Secondary Containment         |
| ✓ Temporary and Permanent Coverings | ✓ Catch Basin Inserts           |
| ✓ Storm Water Conveyances           | ✓ Detention and Retention Ponds |
| ✓ Diversion Dikes                   | ✓ Vegetative Filters            |
| ✓ Grading                           | ✓ Oil/Water Separators          |

These types of controls are physical features that control and prevent storm water pollution. They can range from preventive measures to collection structures to treatment systems. Structural controls will typically require construction of a physical feature or barrier. Below is a description of the structural controls used at the facility. See the DEQ Industrial Storm Water Operator Training Manual for additional details on structural controls.

**Question:** Are structural control measures used at the facility? x ☐ No ☐ Yes

- If answer above is "Yes" then complete the appropriate information in the table below.

Structural Controls Used at the Facility		
Description of structural control(s)	Location of structural control(s)	Significant Materials intended to be managed by the structural control(s)
<b><i>There are control measures implemented at this time. We are developing a plan and will have it in place summer of 2018 (Below are samples)</i></b>		
<b><i>Signage</i></b>	<b><i>At Fuel Area</i></b>	<b><i>Gasoline/Diesel</i></b>
<b><i>Spill Clean up</i></b>	<b><i>At Fuel Area</i></b>	<b><i>Gasoline/diesel</i></b>
<b><i>Refuse</i></b>	<b><i>Dumpster Area</i></b>	<b><i>Refuse/Dumpster Lid</i></b>
<b><i>Fences</i></b>	<b><i>Perimeter around compound</i></b>	<b><i>Protective Barrier to public</i></b>
<b><i>Security</i></b>	<b><i>Locks on gates and building</i></b>	<b><i>Protective Barrier to public</i></b>

## 7.0 NON-STORM WATER DISCHARGES

The permit requires that all discharge locations be evaluated for the presence of non-storm water discharges. Any unauthorized storm water discharges must be eliminated, or covered under another NPDES permit.

Storm water shall be defined to include all of the following non-storm water discharges provided pollution prevention controls for the non-storm water component are identified in the SWPPP.



**Question:** Is any of the 10 non-storm water discharges listed below applicable to the facility? x ☐ No ☐ Yes

- If the answer is "Yes" then complete the appropriate sections of the table below:

Check the Applicable Non Storm Water Discharges at the Facility:		Pollution Prevention Controls Implemented:	Impacted Inlet(s):	Impacted Discharge Point(s):
<input type="checkbox"/>	1. Discharges from fire hydrant flushing			
<input type="checkbox"/>	2. Potable water sources including water line flushing			
<input type="checkbox"/>	3. Water from fire system testing and fire fighting training without burned materials or chemical fire suppressants			
<input type="checkbox"/>	4. Irrigation drainage			
<input type="checkbox"/>	5. Lawn watering			
<input type="checkbox"/>	6. Routine building wash-down that does not use detergents or other compounds			
<input type="checkbox"/>	7. Pavement wash waters where contamination by toxic or hazardous materials has not occurred (unless all contamination by toxic or hazardous materials has been removed) and where detergents are not used			
<input type="checkbox"/>	8. Uncontaminated condensate from air conditioners, coolers, and other compressors and from the outside storage of refrigerated gases or liquids			
<input type="checkbox"/>	9. Uncontaminated ground water			
<input type="checkbox"/>	10. Foundation or footing drains where flows are not contaminated with process materials such as solvents			

Discharges from fire fighting activities are authorized by the permit, but are exempted from the requirement to be identified in the SWPPP.

## 8.0 ANNUAL REVIEW

The permit requires that the permittee shall review the SWPPP annually after it is developed and maintain written summaries of the reviews. Based on the review, the permittee shall amend the SWPPP as needed to ensure continued compliance with the terms and conditions of the permit. The annual review is to be retained on site for three years and depending on the general permit is required to be submitted to the DEQ district office on or before January 10<sup>th</sup> of each year.

The Annual Review Report Form is in Section 20.0.

Specify the month the Annual SWPPP Review will be performed:

## **9.0 INDUSTRIAL STORM WATER CERTIFIED OPERATOR UPDATE**

The permit requires that if the Industrial Storm Water Certified Operator is changed or an additional Industrial Storm Water Certified Operator is added, the permittee shall provide the name and certification number of the new Industrial Storm Water Certified Operator to the Department. If a facility has multiple Industrial Storm Water Certified Operators, the name and certification number of the Industrial Storm Water Certified Operators shall be included in the SWPPP.

## **10.0 RECORD KEEPING**

The permit requires that the permittee shall maintain records of all SWPPP related inspection and maintenance activities. Records shall also be kept describing incidents such as spills or other discharges that can affect the quality of storm water runoff. All such records shall be retained for three years. The following records are required by the permit:

- ✓ Routine preventive maintenance inspection reports
- ✓ Routine good housekeeping inspection reports
- ✓ Comprehensive site inspection reports
- ✓ Documentation of visual assessments
- ✓ Employee training records
- ✓ Written summaries of the annual SWPPP review
- ✓ Short Term Storm Water Characterization Study data

## 11.0 SWPPP CERTIFICATION

The permit requires that the SWPPP shall be reviewed and signed by the Certified Storm Water Operator(s) and by either the permittee or an authorized representative in accordance with 40 CFR 122.22. The SWPPP shall be retained on-site at the facility which generates the storm water discharge.

I certify under penalty of law that the storm water drainage system in this SWPPP has been tested or evaluated for the presence of non-storm water discharges either by me, or under my direction and supervision. I certify under penalty of law that this SWPPP has been developed in accordance with the General Permit and with good engineering practices. To the best of my knowledge and belief, the information submitted is true, accurate, and complete. At the time this plan was completed no unauthorized discharges were present. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine or imprisonment for knowing violations.

Permittee or Authorized Representative
Printed Name & Title:
Signature & Date:

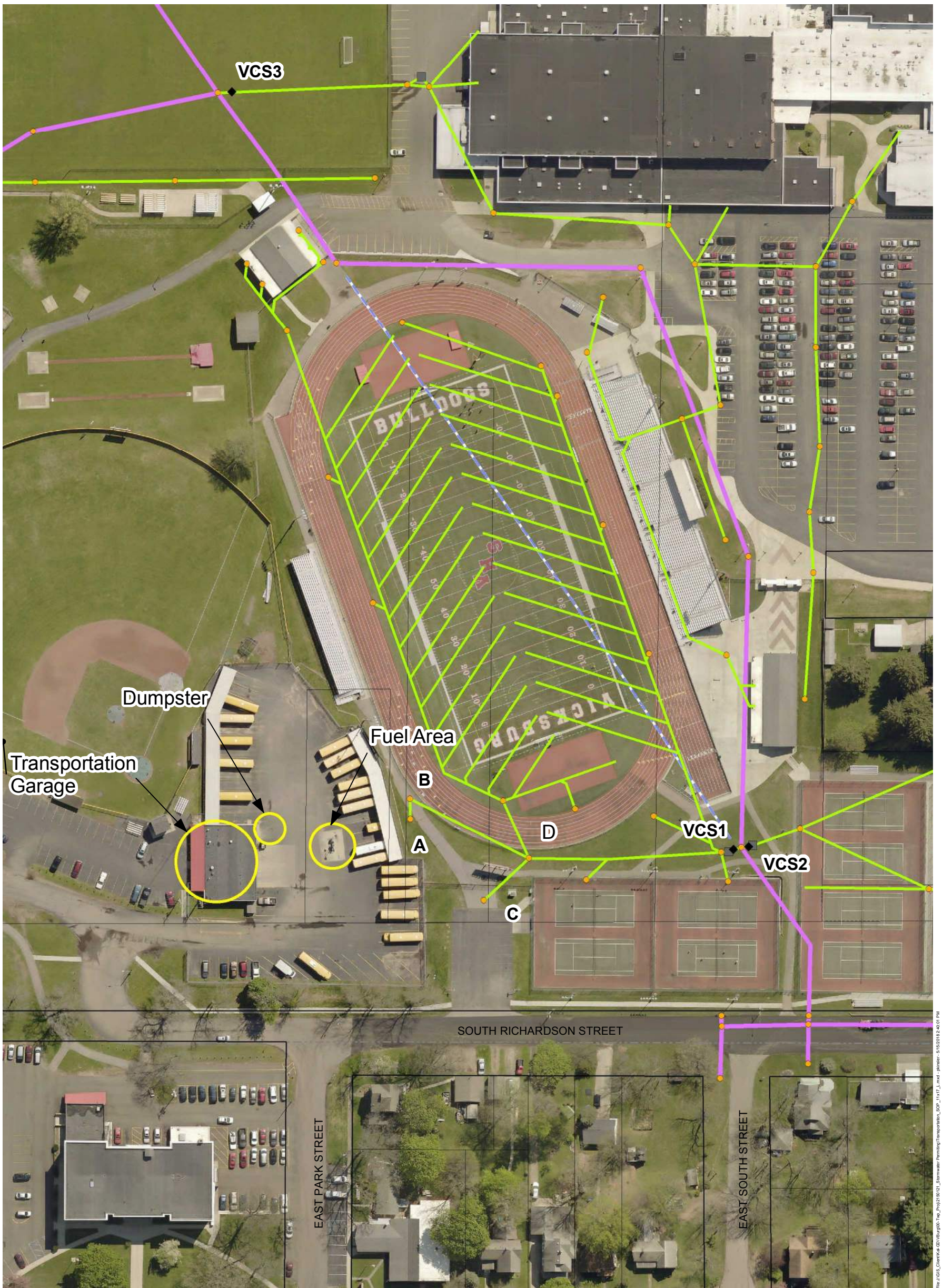
Industrial Storm Water Certified Operator
Printed Name & Certification Number:
Signature & Date:

Space to list additional Industrial Storm Water Certified Operators if Necessary	
Printed Name & Certification Number	Signature & Date

**12.0 FIGURE 1 – FACILITY SITE MAP (Use separate sheet if necessary)**

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# **LEGEND**

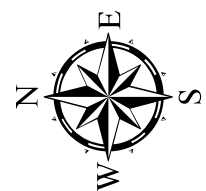
- ◆ Point of Discharge
- Storm Structure
- Storm Treatment Unit
- ◆ Outfall
- Storm Infiltration Area
- Vicksburg Community Schools
- Village of Vicksburg
- KCDC
- Abandoned

## **Vicksburg Community Schools Transportation Facility**

Located In  
Village of Vicksburg, Kalamazoo County, Michigan

**S. O. P.**

May 2018



Phone: 269-372-1158  
PN# 2150121



### 13.0 TABLE 1 – SIGNIFICANT MATERIAL INVENTORY AND DESCRIPTION OF INDUSTRIAL ACTIVITY OR SIGNIFICANT MATERIAL STORAGE AREAS

**Instructions** - Fill out the applicable areas or activities in the corresponding sections. Add more lines as needed. Once you have described the area or activity, list the significant materials that are associated with the areas or activities, the exposure methods, and evaluate the level of exposure. Once that is completed indicate the inlet(s) and discharge point(s) that would be impacted if significant materials were discharged from the areas or activities described.

Section Listed in General Permit	Storage Areas / Activity Areas	Significant Materials	Exposure Method	Reasonable Potential Evaluation (high, medium, low)	Inlet(s)	Discharge Point(s)
1) Loading, unloading, and other material handling operations	<b>Fuel Area</b>	<b>Gasoline/Diesel</b>	<b>Spills</b>	<b>Med</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>B</b>
2) Outdoor storage including secondary containment structures	<b>N/A</b>					
3) Outdoor manufacturing or processing activities	<b>N/A</b>					
4) Significant dust or particulate generating processes	<b>N/A</b>					
5) Discharge from vents, stacks, and air emission controls	<b>N/A</b>					
6) On-site waste disposal practices	<b>Outdoor Dumpster</b>	<b>Refuse</b>	<b>Uncovered lid</b>	<b>Medium</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>B</b>



# 13.0 TABLE 1 CONTINUED

Section Listed in General Permit	Storage Areas / Activity Areas	Significant Materials	Exposure Method	Reasonable Potential Evaluation (high, medium, low)	Inlet(s)	Discharge Point(s)
7) Maintenance and cleaning of vehicles, machines and equipment	<b>Bus</b>	<b>Road Grime</b>	<b>Run off</b>	<b>High</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>B</b>
8) Areas of exposed and/or erodible soils	<b>N/A</b>					
9) Sites of Environmental Contamination listed under Part 201	<b>N/A</b>					
10) Areas of significant material residues	<b>N/A</b>					
11) Areas where animals congregate (wild or domestic) and deposit wastes	<b>N/A</b>					
12) Other areas where storm water may contact significant materials	<b>N/A</b>					

## 14.0 VISUAL ASSESSMENT PROCEDURES

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1. List the discharge point(s) (as indicated on the SWPPP map):
  - a) Is there substantially identical discharge points? ☐ Yes ☐ No  
*If "Yes" then complete a) and b) below, if "No" go to Number 2.*
  - b) Describe the justification for the substantially identical discharge points determination?
  - c) List the schedule for alternating the substantially identical discharge points:
2. Describe the monitoring (sampling) location for each discharge point:
3. List the Qualified Personnel that will collect the water sample:
4. Training for the Qualified Personnel includes viewing the Visual Assessment Webinar and/or the 3 Visual Assessment Tutorials on the DEQ, WRD Industrial Storm Water webpage. Check the appropriate box below:  
☐ Yes  
☐ No, however a copy of the training materials used are included with this procedure.
5. List the sampling equipment used for the collecting the water sample(s):
6. Complete a) through c) below to describe the storm event information.
  - a) Describe how qualifying storm events are determined (including nature of the event):
  - b) Describe how each discharge point was evaluated to determine when a discharge would begin:
  - c) Describe what would constitute an adverse weather condition that would prevent sample collection:
7. Describe how the samples will be collected (Determine the timing sequence for water sample collection from the discharge points):
8. Describe the water sampling instructions that the Qualified Personnel will follow:
9. Describe how observations made by the Qualified Personnel will be documented during the discharge (include nature of the event):
10. Describe the sample storage procedures if applicable:
11. Describe the procedures the Industrial Storm Water Certified Operator will follow to perform the visual assessment(s) of the water sample(s):

12. List the name(s) of the Industrial Storm Water Certified Operator that will be performing the water sample visual assessment(s):
13. The DEQ, WRD Visual Assessment Report form should be used to document each water sample visual assessment. Check the appropriate box below:
- ☐ Yes, the DEQ, WRD Visual Assessment Report form is used.
- ☐ No, the DEQ, WRD Visual Assessment Report form is not used however the form being used to meet this requirement is included with this procedure.
14. Colored Photos shall be used to record the visual assessment(s). If other methods of recording observations will be used describe those methods:
15. All visual assessment documentation should be kept with the SWPPP file. If documentation will be kept at an alternate location state that location:
16. Describe the follow-up actions that will be taken if unusual characteristics are observed during the visual assessment(s):



## 15.0 TABLE 2 – SPILL KIT INVENTORY

List the spill response equipment that will be maintained in each location or locker (refer to MSDSs to determine recommended clean-up methods and supplies):

Person responsible for maintaining this inventory: **Karen McKinstry**  
**At this time there are limited spill kits. We will implement the following by 7.30.18**

Locker number or location	Absorbents (pads, booms, kitty litter, etc.)	Tools (shovels, brooms, squeegees, etc.)	Personal Protective Equipment (rubber gloves, boots, masks, etc.)	Other Supplies (warning tape, labels, markers, MSDSs, etc.)
<b>Next Fuel Pumps</b>	<b>Oil Dry</b>	<b>Shovel, Broom, Plastic Bags</b>	<b>Gloves</b>	<b>Warning Labels on fuel pumps.</b>

Label each spill kit with the words "SPILL KIT" and the necessary emergency telephone number(s) or pager number(s) of persons to be contacted in case of a spill or leak that is beyond the training and equipment available on or near each spill locker:

Facility Responsible Person/Phone Number: **Karen McKinstry 269.321.1027**  
 Spill Response Contractor (if any)/Phone Number: **RW Mercer 269.321.2280**  
 DEQ District Office Phone Number: **269.567.3500**  
 DEQ 24-Hour Emergency Spill Reporting Hot-Line: **1-800-292-4706 (PEAS Number)**

Stencil the following warning on each spill kit:

**"WARNING: NEVER HOSE DOWN A SPILL!  
 CLEAN IT UP PROMPTLY AND DISPOSE OF THE WASTE PROPERLY."**

1. The first step in the process of creating a new product is to identify a market need. This involves conducting market research to understand the current market landscape, identify gaps, and determine the target audience. Once a market need is identified, the next step is to develop a concept that addresses this need. This concept should be innovative, feasible, and profitable. The concept is then refined through a series of iterations, involving feedback from potential customers and internal stakeholders. The final stage in the process is to develop a business plan that outlines the financial projections, marketing strategy, and operational requirements for the new product. This plan is then used to secure funding and launch the product into the market.

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## 17.0 COMPREHENSIVE SITE INSPECTION FORM

Date:	Time:
-------	-------

Certified Operator Information	
Print Name:	Signature:

Precipitation Information	
Check the most appropriate box that represents the weather condition during the inspection:	
<input type="checkbox"/> Dry	<input type="checkbox"/> Rain <input type="checkbox"/> Snow <input type="checkbox"/> Other, explain:

Compliance Certification Statement	
Based on the results of this inspection the facility is in compliance with the general permit and the SWPPP:	
<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No, explain:

[illegible]



## 18.0 VISUAL ASSESSMENT REPORT FORM

Visual Assessment Sample Information		
Facility Name:		COC No. <u>or</u> NPDES Permit No:
Industrial Storm Water Certified Operator Name:		
Name / Title of person collecting sample if other than Cert. Operator:		
Date of Comprehensive Inspection:	Is this a substitute sample? <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes Explain:	
Discharge Point # / Name:	Substantially Identical Discharge Point? <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes List:	
Description of sample collection location:		
Date / Time Discharge Began:	Date / Time Sample Collected:	Date / Time Sample Examined:
For rain events - if sample was collected > 30 minutes from start of discharge, provide explanation:		
Snowmelt <input type="checkbox"/>	Rainfall <input type="checkbox"/> Inches:	If rain event - previous storm ended > 72 hours prior to start of this event? <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes

Observations	
Color: <input type="checkbox"/> None <input type="checkbox"/> Yes (describe):	Floating Solids: <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes (describe):
Oil Films / Sheens: <input type="checkbox"/> None <input type="checkbox"/> Flecks <input type="checkbox"/> Globbs <input type="checkbox"/> Sheen <input type="checkbox"/> Other	
Describe appearance of film/sheen:	
Foam (gently shake sample): <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes	Suspended Solids: <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes (describe):
Settleable Solids: <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes (describe):	
Odor: <input type="checkbox"/> None <input type="checkbox"/> Musty <input type="checkbox"/> Sewage <input type="checkbox"/> Sulfur <input type="checkbox"/> Sour <input type="checkbox"/> Hydrocarbons <input type="checkbox"/> Chemical <input type="checkbox"/> Other (describe):	
Turbidity/Clarity: <input type="checkbox"/> Clear <input type="checkbox"/> Slightly Cloudy <input type="checkbox"/> Cloudy <input type="checkbox"/> Milky <input type="checkbox"/> Other (describe):	
Picture of sample taken (required): <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes Storage location:	
Receiving waters observed? <input type="checkbox"/> N/A <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes (describe):	

Follow-up:
Based on the visual observation, are there unnatural characteristics in the discharge (cloudiness, color, sheen, etc.)? <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes
Potential sources of observed unnatural characteristics <input type="checkbox"/> N/A <u>or</u> describe:
Implemented / recommended corrective action(s) <input type="checkbox"/> N/A <u>or</u> describe:
Scheduled date for correction:

I certify that the above information is correct	
Certified Operator Signature	Date

RETAIN THIS FORM FOR A MINIMUM OF 3 YEARS

## 19.0 EMPLOYEE TRAINING FORM

Date of Session:

### Trainer Information

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Print:

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

### Training Session Information

Topics Covered:

[illegible]



## 20.0 ANNUAL SWPPP REVIEW REPORT FORM

Facility Information	
Designated Name:	Certificate of Coverage No. <u>or</u> Individual Permit No.:
Facility Address:	County:
Facility Contact Information	
Name:	Telephone No.:
Email Address:	Certification No.:
Backup Facility Contact Information	
Name:	Telephone No.:
Email Address:	Certification No.:
Industrial Storm Water Certified Operator Information	
Name:	Telephone No.:
Email Address:	Certification No.:
Space to list additional operators if applicable:	

**The SWPPP Checklist on the DEQ, WRD Industrial Storm Water webpage should be used to review the facility's SWPPP and before the following 10 questions are completed.**

1. Facility general information is current and accurate	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>	
2. Site map is current and accurate	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>	
3. Significant material inventory is current and accurate	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>	
4. New exposures, processes and related controls have been documented appropriately in the SWPPP	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>	NA <input type="checkbox"/>
5. Spills have been recorded and reported as appropriate	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>	NA <input type="checkbox"/>
6. Employee SWPPP training was conducted and documented	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>	
7. Records of routine preventative maintenance and housekeeping inspections are available in the SWPPP file	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>	
8. Comprehensive site inspections have been completed, certified and filed in the SWPPP file	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>	
9. Visual Assessments have been completed and the reports have been filed in the SWPPP file	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>	NA <input type="checkbox"/>
10. Corrective actions noted in the inspection reports have been completed	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>	
11. The SWPPP is compliant with the permit and has been reviewed and signed by the Certified Storm Water Operator and the permittee or designated representative	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>	
Additional Comments:			

I certify that the above information is correct:	
Name:	Signature / Date:

SUBMIT THIS FORM TO THE DEQ, WRD DISTRICT OFFICE IDENTIFIED ON YOUR CERTIFICATE OF COVERAGE ON OR BEFORE **JANUARY 10<sup>TH</sup>** OF EACH YEAR

## 21.0 DEQ SPILL OR RELEASE REPORT



MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

### SPILL OR RELEASE REPORT

**NOTE:** Some regulations require a specific form to use and procedures to follow when reporting a release. Those forms and procedures **MUST** be used and followed if reporting under those regulations. This report form is to aid persons reporting releases under regulations that do not require a specific form. This report form is not required to be used. To report a release, some regulations require a facility to call the PEAS Hotline at 800-292-4706, or DEQ District Office that oversees the county where it occurred, and other regulating agencies and provide the following information. A follow-up written report may be required. Keep a copy of this report as documentation that the release was reported. If you prefer to submit this report electronically by FAX or e-mail, contact the regulating agency for the correct telephone number or e-mail address. See the DEQ website on Spill/Release Reporting for more reporting information.

Please print or type all information.

NAME AND TITLE OF PERSON SUBMITTING WRITTEN REPORT			TELEPHONE NUMBER (provide area code)		
NAME OF BUSINESS			RELEASE LOCATION (provide address if different than business, if known, and give directions to the spill location. Include nearest highway, town, road intersection, etc.)		
STREET ADDRESS					
CITY	STATE	ZIP CODE			
BUSINESS TELEPHONE NUMBER (provide area code)					
SITE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER AND OTHER IDENTIFYING NUMBERS (if applicable)			COUNTY	TOWNSHIP	TIER/RANGE/SECTION (if known)
<b>RELEASE DATA.</b> Complete all applicable categories. Check all the boxes that apply to the release. Provide the best available information regarding the release and its impacts. Attach additional pages if necessary.					
DATE & TIME OF RELEASE (if known)	DATE & TIME OF DISCOVERY	DURATION OF RELEASE (if known)	TYPE OF INCIDENT		
____/____/____ ____am/pm	____/____/____ ____am/pm	____ days ____ hours ____ minutes	<input type="checkbox"/> Explosion <input type="checkbox"/> Fire <input type="checkbox"/> Leaking container <input type="checkbox"/> Loading/unloading release <input type="checkbox"/> Pipe/valve leak or rupture <input type="checkbox"/> Vehicle accident <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____		
MATERIAL RELEASED (Chemical or trade name)			CAS NUMBER or HAZARDOUS WASTE CODE	ESTIMATED QUANTITY RELEASED (indicate unit e.g. lbs, gals, cu ft or yds)	PHYSICAL STATE RELEASED (indicate if solid, liquid, or gas)
<input type="checkbox"/> CHECK HERE IF ADDITIONAL MATERIALS LISTED ON ATTACHED PAGE.			_____	_____	_____
FACTORS CONTRIBUTING TO RELEASE			SOURCE OF LOSS		
<input type="checkbox"/> Equipment failure <input type="checkbox"/> Operator error <input type="checkbox"/> Faulty process design <input type="checkbox"/> Training deficiencies <input type="checkbox"/> Unusual weather conditions <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____			<input type="checkbox"/> Container <input type="checkbox"/> Railroad car <input type="checkbox"/> Pipeline <input type="checkbox"/> Ship <input type="checkbox"/> Tank <input type="checkbox"/> Tanker <input type="checkbox"/> Truck <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____		
TYPE OF MATERIAL RELEASED		MATERIAL LISTED ON or DEFINED BY		IMMEDIATE ACTIONS TAKEN	
<input type="checkbox"/> Agricultural: manure, pesticide, fertilizer <input type="checkbox"/> Chemicals <input type="checkbox"/> Flammable or combustible liquid <input type="checkbox"/> Hazardous waste <input type="checkbox"/> Liquid industrial waste <input type="checkbox"/> Oil/petroleum products or waste <input type="checkbox"/> Salt <input type="checkbox"/> Sewage <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Unknown		<input type="checkbox"/> CAA Section 112(r) list (40 CFR Part 68) <input type="checkbox"/> CERCLA Table 302.4 (40 CFR Part 302) <input type="checkbox"/> EPCRA Extremely Hazardous Substance (40 CFR Part 355) <input type="checkbox"/> Michigan Critical Materials Register or permit <input type="checkbox"/> NREPA Part 31, Part 5 Rules polluting material <input type="checkbox"/> NREPA Part 111 or RCRA hazardous waste <input type="checkbox"/> NREPA Part 121 liquid industrial waste <input type="checkbox"/> Other list _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Unknown		<input type="checkbox"/> Containment <input type="checkbox"/> Dilution <input type="checkbox"/> Evacuation <input type="checkbox"/> Hazard removal <input type="checkbox"/> Neutralization <input type="checkbox"/> System shut down <input type="checkbox"/> Diversion of release to treatment <input type="checkbox"/> Decontamination of persons or equipment <input type="checkbox"/> Monitoring <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____	
RELEASE REACHED					
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface waters (include name of river, lake, drain involved) _____ Distance from spill location to surface water, in feet _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Drain connected to sanitary sewer (include name of wastewater treatment plant and/or street drain, if known) _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Drain connected to storm sewer (include name of drain or water body it discharges into, if known) _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Groundwater (indicate if it is a known or suspected drinking water source and include name of aquifer, if known) _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Soils (include type e.g. clay, sand, loam, etc.) _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Ambient Air _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Spill contained on impervious surface _____					



EXTENT OF INJURIES, IF ANY  	WAS ANYONE HOSPITALIZED? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes NUMBER _____ HOSPITALIZED: _____ <input type="checkbox"/> No	TOTAL NUMBER OF INJURIES TREATED ON-SITE: _____																																																																							
DESCRIBE THE INCIDENT, THE TYPE OF EQUIPMENT INVOLVED IN THE RELEASE, HOW THE VOLUME OF LOSS WAS DETERMINED, ALONG WITH ANY RESULTING ENVIRONMENTAL DAMAGE CAUSED BY THE RELEASE. IDENTIFY WHO IMMEDIATELY RESPONDED TO THE INCIDENT (own employees or contractor — include cleanup company name, contact person, and telephone number). ALSO IDENTIFY WHO DID FURTHER CLEANUP ACTIVITIES, IF PERFORMED OR KNOWN WHEN REPORT SUBMITTED <input type="checkbox"/> CHECK HERE IF DESCRIPTION OR ADDITIONAL COMMENTS ARE INCLUDED ON ATTACHED PAGE     																																																																									
ESTIMATED QUANTITY OF ANY RECOVERED MATERIALS AND A DESCRIPTION OF HOW THOSE MATERIALS WERE MANAGED (include disposal method if applicable) <input type="checkbox"/> CHECK HERE IF DESCRIPTION OR ADDITIONAL COMMENTS ARE INCLUDED ON ATTACHED PAGE   																																																																									
ASSESSMENT OF ACTUAL OR POTENTIAL HAZARDS TO HUMAN HEALTH (include known acute or immediate and chronic or delayed effects, and where appropriate, advice regarding medical attention necessary for exposed individuals.) <input type="checkbox"/> CHECK HERE IF DESCRIPTION OR ADDITIONAL COMMENTS ARE INCLUDED ON ATTACHED PAGE  																																																																									
MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY NOTIFIED: INITIAL CONTACT BY: <input type="checkbox"/> Telephone <input type="checkbox"/> Fax <input type="checkbox"/> Email <input type="checkbox"/> Other DATE/TIME INITIAL CONTACT: _____  <input type="checkbox"/> PEAS: 800-292-4706 Log Number Assigned _____ <input type="checkbox"/> DEQ District or Field Office Divisions or Offices Contacted: <table style="width: 100%; border: none;"> <tr> <td style="width: 33%;"><input type="checkbox"/> Baraga</td> <td style="width: 33%;"><input type="checkbox"/> Gwinn</td> <td style="width: 33%;"><input type="checkbox"/> Air Quality</td> </tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Bay City</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Jackson</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Land &amp; Water Management</td> </tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Cadillac</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Kalamazoo</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Office Geological Survey</td> </tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Crystal Falls</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Lansing</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Remediation and Redevelopment</td> </tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Detroit</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Newberry</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Waste and Hazardous Materials</td> </tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Gaylord</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Warren</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Grand Rapids</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Wyoming</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Water Bureau</td> </tr> </table> <small>DEQ Office locations are subject to change</small> NAME AND TITLE OF PERSON MAKING INITIAL REPORT: _____  DEQ STAFF CONTACTED & PHONE NUMBER: _____ _____	<input type="checkbox"/> Baraga	<input type="checkbox"/> Gwinn	<input type="checkbox"/> Air Quality	<input type="checkbox"/> Bay City	<input type="checkbox"/> Jackson	<input type="checkbox"/> Land & Water Management	<input type="checkbox"/> Cadillac	<input type="checkbox"/> Kalamazoo	<input type="checkbox"/> Office Geological Survey	<input type="checkbox"/> Crystal Falls	<input type="checkbox"/> Lansing	<input type="checkbox"/> Remediation and Redevelopment	<input type="checkbox"/> Detroit	<input type="checkbox"/> Newberry	<input type="checkbox"/> Waste and Hazardous Materials	<input type="checkbox"/> Gaylord	<input type="checkbox"/> Warren		<input type="checkbox"/> Grand Rapids	<input type="checkbox"/> Wyoming	<input type="checkbox"/> Water Bureau	OTHER ENTITIES NOTIFIED: <table style="width: 100%; border: none;"> <tr> <td style="width: 70%;"><input type="checkbox"/> National Response Center (NRC): 800-424-8802</td> <td style="width: 10%;">Date: _____</td> <td style="width: 20%;">Time: _____</td> </tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> US Coast Guard Office:</td> <td>_____</td> <td>_____</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding-left: 20px;"><input type="checkbox"/> Detroit <input type="checkbox"/> Grand Haven <input type="checkbox"/> Sault Ste. 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# Chapter 12 – Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) Implementation Plan

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Village of Vicksburg

**National Pollution Discharge Elimination System**

July 2018

2150121

## **Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) Implementation Plan**

### **BACKGROUND AND EFFORT**

The Village is not currently discharging to a body of water that has a TMDL. The Village discharges to Sunset Lake and Portage River of the St. Joseph River Watershed. If a TMDL is developed for these water bodies, this plan will be edited. There are also no discharges over 36 inches in diameter in the Vicksburg storm system.

### **MONITORING**

The Village will consider performing outfall monitoring and sampling at a minimum of 2 times during the permit cycle or at a frequency sufficient to determine if the BMPs are adequate in making progress toward achieving the TMDL pollutant load reduction if a TMDL is developed for these water bodies or may consider modeling in lieu of sampling.

### **OTHER**

Any questions on this policy and procedure should be directed to the Storm Water Program Manager.

### **PROCESS FOR UPDATING/REVISING THIS PROCEDURE**

This procedure shall be reviewed on an annual basis by the Storm Water Program Manager for any updates to improve effectiveness.

# Chapter 13 – Stormwater Management Ordinances (Chapter 75)

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Village of Vicksburg

## National Pollution Discharge Elimination System

July 2018

2150121

## Chapter 75

### STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

#### ARTICLE I. GENERAL

##### **Sec. 75-1. Intent and Purpose.**

The purpose of this article is to protect the public health, safety and welfare of Village residents and to protect property values, quality of life, and natural systems relating to stormwater runoff control and management. The Village finds it is a matter of public concern and benefit to protect water bodies and properties within the Village and to reduce the future need for public expenditures relating to flooding, water quality, and stormwater system maintenance. Both the quality and quantity of stormwater runoff are a matter of public concern.

It is also the purpose of this article to establish minimum stormwater management requirements and controls to accomplish, among others, the following objectives:

- A. To provide environmental protection to the waters of the state consistent with the State and Federal Clean Water Acts;
- B. To regulate the contribution of pollutants to the stormwater drainage system and natural water bodies by stormwater discharges by any user;
- C. To prohibit illicit discharges and connections to the stormwater drainage system and natural water bodies;
- D. To remove existing pollutants into storm water and the degradation that said constituents may cause to the environment;
- E. To require permits for connections to the municipal separate storm sewer system (MS4);
- F. To establish legal authority to carry out all inspection, surveillance and monitoring procedures necessary to ensure compliance with this part; and
- G. To provide appropriate remedies for failure to comply with this part.

In addition to the requirements herein, a developer shall comply with the Village of Vicksburg construction requirements pertaining to stormwater sewer construction and stormwater drainage regulations.

## **Sec. 75-2. Statutory authority; enforcement.**

- A. This Chapter is adopted in accordance with the General Law Village Act, being MCL 61.12 et seq.; the Drain Code of 1956, as amended, being MCLA § 280.1 et seq.; the Land Division Act, as amended, being MCLA § 560.101 et seq.; the Revenue Bond Act, as amended, being MCLA § 141.101 et seq.; the Natural Resources and Environmental Protection Act, as amended, being MCLA § 324.101 et seq.; Section 401(p) of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (also known as the Clean Water Act), as amended, being 33 U.S.C. § 1342(p) and 40 CFR Parts 9, 122, 123 and 124; and other applicable state and federal laws.
- B. The Village shall administer, implement and enforce the provisions of this part. Any powers granted or duties imposed upon the Village may be delegated in writing by the Village Council of the Village of Vicksburg to persons or entities acting in the beneficial interest of or in the employ of the Village. That person shall be known as the Stormwater Protection Administrator.

## **Sec. 75-3. Findings.**

The Village finds that stormwater regulation and management is a matter of public health, safety and welfare because:

- A. Water Bodies, roadways, structures, and other property within, and downstream of the Village are at times subjected to flooding.
- B. Flooding is a danger to the lives and property of the public and is also a danger to the natural resources of the Village and the region.
- C. Changes in land use alter the hydrologic response of watersheds, resulting in increased stormwater runoff rates and volumes, which further result in increased flooding, increased stream channel erosion, and increased sediment transport and deposition.
- D. Stormwater runoff produced by changes in land use contributes to increased quantities of water-borne pollutants.
- E. Illicit discharges contain pollutants that will significantly degrade the stream and Lake Michigan and water resources of the Village, thus threatening the health, safety and welfare of the citizenry.
- F. Illicit discharges enter the stormwater drainage system through either direct connections (e.g., wastewater piping either mistakenly or deliberately connected to the storm drains) or indirect connections (e.g., infiltration into the storm drain system or spills connected by drain inlets).
- G. Establishing the measures for controlling illicit discharges and connections contained in this part and implementing the same will address many of the deleterious effects of illicit discharges.
- H. Any condition caused or permitted to exist in violation of any of the provisions of this part is a threat to public health, safety and welfare and is declared and deemed a nuisance.



#### **Sec. 75-4. Applicability and general provisions.**

This part shall apply to all discharges entering the stormwater drainage system and natural water bodies generated on any developed and undeveloped lands within the Village.

#### **Sec. 75-5. Definitions.**

For the purpose of this article, the following words and phrases shall have the meanings respectively ascribed to them by this section unless the context in which they are used specifically indicates otherwise.

AUTHORIZED ENFORCEMENT AGENCY The Village of Vicksburg and/or any persons or agencies designated to act as the authorized enforcement agency by the Village Council of the Village of Vicksburg.

BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs) Structural devices or nonstructural practices that are designed to prevent pollutants from entering stormwater flows, to direct the flow of stormwater, or to treat polluted stormwater flows. BMPs may include, but shall not be limited to, those described in the Michigan Department of Environmental Quality Guidebook of BMPs for Michigan watersheds. Equivalent practices and design criteria that accomplish the purposes of this part (including, but not limited to, minimizing stormwater runoff and preventing the discharge of pollutants into stormwater) shall be as determined by the Village Engineer and, when applicable, the standards of the Kalamazoo County Drain Commissioner.

CLEAN WATER ACT The Federal Water Pollution Control Act, 33 U.S.C. § 1251 et seq., as amended, and the applicable regulations promulgated thereunder.

DETENTION BASIN A structure or facility, natural or artificial, which stores stormwater on a temporary basis and releases it at a predetermined rate. A detention basin may drain completely after a storm event, or it may be a pond with a fixed minimum water elevation between runoff events.

DISCHARGE The introduction (intentionally or unintentionally, directly or indirectly) of any liquid, substance, pollutant or other material into a stormwater drainage system or natural water body.

DISCHARGE The rate of flow or volume of water passing a given point. Expressed as cubic feet per second.

DISCHARGE PERMIT — A permit issued by the owner of the municipal separate storm sewer system (MS4) to a user for a discharge into the MS4.

**DISCHARGER** Any person or entity who directly or indirectly discharges stormwater from any premises or property. "Discharger" also includes any employee, officer, director, partner, contractor or other person who participates in, or is legally or factually responsible for, any act or omission that is, or results in, a violation of this part.

**DISTURBED AREA** An area of land subject to the removal of vegetative cover and/or earthmoving activities.

**DRAIN** Any and all conduits, facilities, measures, areas and structures that serve to convey, catch, hold, filter, store and/or receive stormwater or groundwater, either on a temporary or permanent basis.

**DRAINAGE** The collection, conveyance or discharge of groundwater and/or surface water.

**DRAINAGE SYSTEM** All facilities, areas, and structures which serve to convey, store, or receive stormwater, either on a temporary or permanent basis.

**DRAINAGEWAY** A natural or artificial facility, area, or structure which conveys or transports stormwater runoff from one location to a different location. This may include a drain, water body or floodplain.

**EARTH CHANGE** Any human activity which removes ground cover, changes the slope or contours of the land, or exposes the soil surface to the actions of wind and rain. Earth change includes, but is not limited to, any excavating, surface grading, filling, landscaping, or removal of vegetative roots.

**EPA** The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

**EROSION** The removal of soil particles from the land by the action of water, wind, ice, or other geological agents.

**FLOODPLAIN** The area, usually low lands, adjoining the channel of a river, stream or watercourse or lake or other body of standing water, that has been or may be covered by floodwater.

**GRADING** Any stripping, excavating, filling, and stockpiling of soil or any combination thereof and the land in its excavated or filled condition.

**HAZARDOUS MATERIALS** Any solid, liquid, semisolid or gaseous substance or material that because of its quantity, quality, concentration or physical, chemical or infectious characteristics may cause or significantly contribute to an increase in mortality or an increase in serious irreversible illness or serious incapacitating but reversible illness, or may pose a substantial present or potential hazard to human health or the environment if improperly treated, stored, transported, disposed of, or otherwise managed.

ILLICIT CONNECTION Any method or means or conduit for conveying an illicit discharge into a natural water body or a stormwater drainage system.

ILLICIT DISCHARGE Any discharge to a water body or a stormwater drainage system that does not consist entirely of stormwater, that is not allowed by the terms of an NPDES permit, or that is not an allowable discharge as defined by this part.

INFILTRATION The percolation and movement of water downward into and through the soil column. The rate of this movement is expressed in inches per hour.

MDEQ Michigan Department of Environmental Quality.

MS4 Municipal separate storm sewer system, as defined by federal and state laws.

NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM (NPDES) PERMIT A permit issued by the EPA or a state under authority delegated pursuant to the Clean Water Act that allows the discharge of pollutants to waters of the United States.

NONSTORMWATER DISCHARGE Any discharge to the stormwater drainage system or a water body that is not composed entirely of stormwater.

OFFSITE FACILITY Any portion of a stormwater management system which is located off the development site which it serves.

100-YEAR STORM That water occupation adjacent to a body of water which results from a storm event having a 1 percent probability of occurrence in any given year. Thus, a 50-year storm has a 2 percent probability, a ten-year storm a 10 percent probability, etc.

PERFORMANCE STANDARD The technical standard or set of standards to be met. Performance standards may be periodically revised by the Village Council in response to state and federal regulatory requirements, changed scientific knowledge, or similar changed conditions and/or enhanced knowledge.

PERSON An individual, firm, partnership, association, public or private corporation, public agency, instrumentality or any other legal entity.

POLLUTANT Includes, but is not limited to, the following: any dredged spoil, solid waste, vehicle fluids, yard wastes, animal wastes, agricultural waste products, sediment, incinerator residue, sewage, garbage, sewage sludge, munitions, chemical wastes, biological wastes, radioactive materials, hazardous materials, wrecked or discharged equipment, rock, sand, cellar dirt and industrial, municipal, commercial and agricultural waste, or any other contaminant or other substance defined as a pollutant under the Clean Water Act. "Pollutant" also includes properties or characteristics of water, including, but not limited to, pH, heat, TSS, turbidity, color, BOD, COD, toxicity and odor.

PREMISES Any building, structure, lot, parcel of land or portion of land, or property, whether improved or unimproved, including adjacent sidewalks and parking strips.

PRIMARY DRAINAGE SYSTEM Facilities, structures, and areas which convey, store, or receive runoff from storms up to a 10-year frequency.

PROPERTY OWNER Any person having legal or equitable title to property or premises or any person having or exercising care, custody or control over any property or premises.

RECEIVING BODY OF WATER Any watercourse or wetland into which surface waters are directed, either naturally or artificially.

RETENTION BASIN A holding area for stormwater, either natural or constructed, which does not have a positive outlet. Water is removed from retention basins through infiltration and/or evaporation processes, and may or may not have a permanent pool of water.

RUNOFF The portion of precipitation which does not infiltrate or percolate into the ground, but rather moves over the land, eventually reaching a body of water, wetland, or low area.

SECONDARY DRAINAGE SYSTEM Facilities, structures, and areas which convey, store or receive runoff from storms up to a 100-year frequency without causing serious damage to adjacent properties.

SEDIMENT Any solid particulate matter, both mineral and organic, which has been moved from the site of origin by erosion, is being transported by water, is in suspension in water, or has been deposited in a body of water, wetland or floodplain.

SITE Any tract, lot, or parcel of land or combination of tracts, lots, or parcels, which compose an area proposed for development and/or earth change.

SOIL EROSION The stripping of soil and weathered rock from land creating sediment for transportation by water, wind or ice, and enabling formation of new sedimentary deposits.

STATE OF MICHIGAN WATER QUALITY STANDARDS All applicable state rules, regulations, and laws pertaining to water quality, including the provisions of Section 3106 of Part 31 of 1994 P.A. 451, as amended.

STORM DRAIN A system of open or enclosed conduits and appurtenant structures intended to convey or manage stormwater runoff, groundwater and drainage.

**STORMWATER DRAINAGE SYSTEM** Storm sewers, conduits, curbs, gutters, catch basins, drains, ditches, pumping devices, parking lots, roads or other man-made channels that are designed or used, singly or together in combination with one another, for collecting or conveying stormwater.

**STORMWATER FACILITY** Methods, structures, BMP's, areas, or related items, which are used to control, store, receive, infiltrate, or convey runoff.

**STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN** Maps and written information which describe the way in which stormwater will be controlled, both during and after construction.

**STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN** A document that describes the BMPs and activities to be implemented by a person or business to identify sources of pollution or contamination at a site, and the actions to eliminate or reduce pollutant discharges to stormwater, a storm drain or stormwater drainage system, and/or a water body to the maximum extent practicable.

**STORMWATER RUNOFF (or STORMWATER)** The runoff and drainage of precipitation resulting from rainfall, snowmelt or other natural event or process.

**TOXIC MATERIAL** Any pollutant or combination of pollutants that is or can potentially be harmful to the public health or the environment, including without limitation those listed in 40 CFR 401.15 as toxic under the provisions of the Clean Water Act or listed in the Critical Materials Register promulgated by the Michigan Department of Environmental Quality, or as otherwise provided by local, state or federal laws, rules or regulations.

**WASTEWATER** Any water or other liquid, other than uncontaminated stormwater, discharged from a property or premises. The term includes any water that has in any way been used and degraded or physically or chemically altered.

**WATER BODY** A river, lake, stream, creek or other watercourse or wetlands.

**WATERCOURSE** Any waterway or other body of water having reasonably well defined banks, including rivers, streams, creeks and brooks, whether continually or intermittently flowing; and lakes and ponds, as shown on the official maps of the Michigan Department of Natural Resources and Kalamazoo County Drain Commissioner.

**WETLAND** Land characterized by the presence of water at a frequency and duration sufficient to support, and that under normal circumstances does support, wetland vegetation and/or aquatic life. Also known as a bog, swamp, marsh, etc. (from § 324.30301 of Michigan Compiled Laws, Part 303 of NREPA, Wetlands Protection). The Michigan Department of Environmental Quality is the authority on the presence and regulatory status of wetlands.

**Sec. 75-6 – 75-9. Reserved.**

## **ARTICLE II. PROHIBITIONS AND ALLOWABLE DISCHARGES**

### **Sec. 75-10. Prohibited discharges.**

- A. It is unlawful for any person to discharge, or cause to be discharged, to a stormwater drainage system or water body, directly or indirectly, any substance or material, including, but not limited to, pollutants or waters containing any pollutants that cause or contribute to a violation of applicable water quality standards, other than stormwater or an allowable discharge. This prohibition includes the commencement, conducting or continuance of any illicit discharge by any person to a stormwater drainage system or water body.
- B. Any person discharging stormwater shall effectively prevent pollutants from being discharged with the stormwater, except in accordance with BMPs.
- C. The authorized enforcement agency is authorized to require dischargers to implement pollution prevention measures, using stormwater pollution prevention plans and BMPs, as determined necessary by the authorized enforcement agency to prevent or reduce the discharge of pollutants to a stormwater drainage system or water body.
- D. The discharge prohibitions of this section shall not apply to any non-stormwater discharge allowed under an NPDES permit, waiver or waste discharge order issued to the discharger and administered under the authority of the EPA, provided the discharger is in full compliance with all requirements of the permit, waiver or order and other applicable laws and regulations, and provided that written approval has been granted for any discharge to the stormwater drainage system.

### **Sec. 75-11. Prohibited illicit connections.**

- A. It is unlawful for any person to construct, use, maintain (or to allow the construction, use, maintenance or continued existence of) an illicit connection.
- B. This prohibition expressly includes, without limitation, illicit connections made prior to the effective date of this part, and regardless of whether the connection was permissible under law or practices applicable or prevailing at the time of connection.

### **Sec. 75-12. Allowable discharges.**

The following non-stormwater discharges are permissible, provided they do not result in a violation of State of Michigan water quality standards, and provided that they are undertaken in compliance with any applicable or required BMPs:

- A. Water supply line flushing.
- B. Landscape irrigation runoff.



- C. Diverted stream flows.
- D. Rising groundwater.
- E. Uncontaminated groundwater infiltration to storm drains.
- F. Uncontaminated pumped groundwater.
- G. Discharges from potable water sources.
- H. Foundation drains.
- I. Air-conditioning condensate.
- J. Irrigation water.
- K. Springs.
- L. Water from crawl space pumps.
- M. Footing drains and basement sump pumps.
- N. Lawn watering runoff.
- O. Waters from noncommercial car washing.
- P. Flows from riparian habitats and wetlands.
- Q. Residual street wash water.
- R. Discharges or flows from emergency firefighting activities.
- S. Single-family, residential swimming pool discharges so long as the pool waters have been effectively de-chlorinated (less than 0.5 parts per million chlorine) and so long as the discharge does not occur during times of heavy rains;
- T. Dye testing using MDEQ approved dyes, so long as authorized by a DEQ Rule 97 Certificate of Approval, and preceded by a written notification to and approval from the Stormwater Protection Administrator.

**Sec. 75-13. Storage of hazardous or toxic materials in drainageway.**

Except as permitted by law, it shall be unlawful for any person to store or stockpile within a drainageway any hazardous or toxic materials, unless adequate protection

and/or containment has been provided so as to prevent any such materials from entering a stormwater drainage system or water body.

**Sec. 75-14 – 75-19. Reserved.**

## **ARTICLE III. INSPECTION, MONITORING, REPORTING AND RECORDKEEPING**

### **Sec. 75-20. Inspection and sampling.**

The authorized enforcement agency may inspect and/or obtain samples from a discharger's property or premises as necessary to determine compliance with the requirements of this part. Upon request, the discharger shall allow the properly identified representatives of the authorized enforcement agency to enter the property or premises of the discharger at all hours necessary for the purposes of such inspection, investigation, or monitoring, including, but not limited to, smoke/dye testing, televising pipes, examination and/or copying of records that are required by this chapter to be maintained, sampling and excavation. The authorized enforcement agency shall provide the discharger reasonable advance notice of the need for such access, if possible and consistent with protection of public health and safety and the environment. The properly identified representatives may place on the discharger's property or premises the equipment or devices used for such sampling or inspection. Unreasonable delays in allowing access to a property or premises is a violation of this part.

### **Sec. 75-21. Stormwater-monitoring facilities.**

If directed in writing to do so by the authorized enforcement agency, a discharger of stormwater runoff from any property or premises shall provide and operate equipment or devices for the monitoring of stormwater runoff to provide for inspection, sampling and flow measurement of each discharge to a water body or a stormwater drainage system, as specified by the authorized enforcement agency. The authorized enforcement agency may require a discharger to provide and operate such equipment and devices if it is necessary or appropriate for the inspection, sampling and flow measurement of discharges in order to determine whether adverse effects from, or as a result of, such discharges may occur. All such equipment and devices for the inspection, sampling and flow measurement of discharges shall be installed and maintained at the discharger's expense in accordance with applicable laws, ordinances and regulations.

### **Sec. 75-22. Accidental discharges.**

Any discharger who accidentally discharges into a stormwater drainage system or a water body any substance other than stormwater or an allowable discharge shall immediately notify the authorized enforcement agency of the discharge. If the notification is given orally, a written report concerning the discharge shall be filed with the authorized enforcement agency within five days. The written report shall specify all of the following:

- A. The composition of the discharge and the cause thereof.
- B. The exact date, time and estimated volume of the discharge.

- C. All measures taken to clean up the discharge, all measures taken or proposed to be taken to mitigate any known or potential adverse impacts of the discharge, and all measures proposed to be taken to reduce and prevent any recurrences.
- D. The names and telephone numbers of the individual making the report and (if different) the individual who may be contacted for additional information regarding the discharge.

**Sec. 75-23. Recordkeeping requirement.**

Any person that violates the requirement of this part or that is subject to monitoring under this part shall retain and preserve for no less than five (5) years any and all books, drawings, plans, prints, documents, memoranda, reports, correspondence and records, including records on magnetic or electronic media, and any and all summaries of such records relating to monitoring, sampling and chemical analysis of any discharge or stormwater runoff from any property or premises connected with the violation or subject to monitoring.

**Sec. 75-24 – 75-29. Reserved.**

## **ARTICLE IV. PERFORMANCE AND DESIGN STANDARDS**

### **Sec. 75-30. Responsibility to implement BMPs.**

The owner or operator of a premises used for any multiple-family dwellings, mobile home parks, planned unit development, plat, site condominium, office, commercial or industrial purposes (regardless of parcel size) shall provide, at the owner's or operator's own expense, reasonable protection from an accidental discharge of prohibited materials or other wastes from entering into the stormwater drainage system or natural water body through the use of structural and nonstructural BMPs. Further, any person responsible for a property or premises that is, or may be, the source of an illicit discharge may be required to implement, at his expense, additional structural and nonstructural BMPs to prevent the further discharge of pollutants to the stormwater drainage system or natural water body. Compliance with all terms and conditions of a valid NPDES permit authorizing the discharge of stormwater associated with industrial activity, to the extent practicable, shall be deemed compliance with the provisions of this section.

### **Sec. 75-31. Performance Standards.**

1. Stormwater management areas and facilities, whether on-site or off-site, shall be designed, constructed, and maintained to prevent flooding and protect water quality. In order to be approved, all stormwater management plans must meet the following performance standards:

- (a) Runoff leaving the site shall be controlled to a non-erosive velocity, both during and after construction.
- (b) Minimum Treatment Volume. A minimum treatment volume is established to provide pollutant removal (pre-treatment) for prevalent precipitation events. The minimum treatment volume standard shall be one inch of runoff from the entire site. Use of the US Geological Service (USGS) runoff curve number method is the preferred means to calculate site runoff.

Treatment methods shall be designed on a site-specific basis to achieve a minimum of 80 percent removal of total suspended solids (TSS), as compared with uncontrolled runoff, or discharge concentrations of TSS not to exceed 80 milligrams per liter (mg/l).

A minimum treatment volume standard is not required where site conditions are such that TSS concentrations in stormwater discharges will not exceed 80 mg/l.

- (c) Channel Protection Criteria. Channel protection criteria is established to protect stream channel bed and banks from excessive flows. The channel protection criteria is to maintain post-development site runoff volume and peak flow rate at or below existing levels for all storms up to the 2-year, 24-hour event. "Existing

levels” means the runoff flow volume and rate for the last land use prior to the planned new development or redevelopment.

An acceptable source of rainfall data for calculating runoff volume and peak flow rate is: Rainfall Frequency Atlas of the Midwest, Huff & Angel, NOAA Midwest Climate Center and Illinois State Water Survey, 1992. Methods for estimating pre- and post-development runoff shall follow the USGS runoff curve number method.

Curve number evaluation is described in a document titled "Computing Flood Discharges for Small Ungauged Watersheds", July 2003, which can be found at [www.michigan.gov/deqstormwater](http://www.michigan.gov/deqstormwater) under "Municipal Program/MS4 Permit Guidance" (go to "Stormwater Control Resources" and select "Guidance for Calculating Runoff Volume and Peak Flow Rate").

- (d) Flood Control. A flood control performance standard is required to ensure stormwater entering the Village MS4 is  $\leq$  than the existing (pre-development) conditions and on-site retainage is properly designed to protect neighboring properties. The Village Engineer or designee will review each site plan for approval on a case-by-case basis to determine if the proposed strategy meets industry standards and is appropriate for the specific site.
- (e) Riparian Buffers. A riparian buffer shall be provided for lands adjacent to streams and rivers and wetlands which are contiguous to these natural features. Riparian buffers shall also be required for noncontiguous wetlands if the full extent of the wetland as a natural feature is five (5) acres or greater.

The riparian buffer shall serve as a natural conservation area, where the principle best management practice is vegetative filtering and the conservation of trees, shrubs and herbaceous vegetation. The riparian buffer is a stormwater management measure to control soil loss and reduce water quality degradation caused by nutrients, animal wastes, toxics, sediment and runoff.

The riparian buffer shall begin at the edge of the stream bank of the active channel or the wetland boundary. The riparian buffer shall be composed of two distinct management zones in order to proscribe both permitted and restricted uses that provide progressive best management practices for stormwater quality protection.

- (i) Zone 1 – Stream Side Protection. Zone 1 begins at the edge of the stream bank or wetland and extends 25 feet upgradient and perpendicular to the protected natural feature. Zone 1 shall contain undisturbed natural vegetation. Allowable uses within this zone are restricted to flood control structures, utility right of ways, foot paths, and road crossings where permitted. Highly restricted vegetative trimmings and removal of woody brush/trees is allowed to provide a limited viewshed of the protected natural feature.

(ii) Zone 2 – Outer Zone. The Outer Zone (Zone 2) begins at the outer limit of the Stream Side Protection Zone (Zone 1) and extends 25 feet. Allowable uses within the Outer Zone are biking or hiking paths, approved stormwater management facilities, approved recreational facilities, and removal of mature tree cover. Shrub and herbaceous ground cover are to be protected from disturbance.

(iii) Permitted Activities. The following actions are permitted within Zones 1 and 2, provided the activity is undertaken in accordance with recognized best management practices. Other regulatory restrictions may apply, such as actions that may require separate federal, state or local permit or permit-by-rule provisions.

- (a) Stream restoration projects conducted with advice and guidance of the Michigan Department of Environmental Quality.
- (b) Removal of individual trees that are in danger of falling, causing damage to structures, or causing blockage of the stream.
- (c) Timber cutting techniques approved by state agencies, under advice and guidance, for purposes of forest management due to pest infestation, disease or threat from fire.
- (d) Riparian buffers are intended to grow into their vegetative target state naturally, however active methods to enhance successional process, reforestation or to ensure preservation and propagation of the buffer are allowed.

(iv) The width of each Zone may need to be increased if steep slopes are within close proximity of the protected natural feature. Guidelines of the US Geological Service may be used to determine the required equivalent length of vegetative filter capacity needed for slopes in excess of 15%.

(v) Encouragement of voluntary measures. Lands adjacent to the outer edge of the Outer Zone (Zone 2) are hereby defined as riparian lands. Riparian property owners have a unique and critical role in protecting water quality, preserving critical natural features and accommodating wildlife whose survival depends upon water features and conservation corridors. For example, some studies suggest that riparian buffers of 150 feet may be required for certain Michigan threatened species to successfully move between larger conservation areas and maintain healthy breeding populations. Therefore, it is a policy of the Village to educate, outreach and otherwise assist riparian land owners in the implantation of additional voluntary stormwater best management practices.

2. Stormwater storage facilities which protect water quality and prevent adverse flooding on-site and off-site shall be required for all sites. In order to improve the quality of stormwater runoff and reduce the discharge of sediment into wetlands, watercourses, roadways, structures and other property within, and downstream of



the Village of Vicksburg, the following techniques (a) through (f) and standards (g) through (i) shall be used:

- (a) Infiltration of runoff provided that soils and groundwater conditions are suitable.
- (b) Retention basins with a fixed minimum water elevation between runoff events (e.g., wet ponds).
- (c) Detention basins which drain completely after a storm event (e.g., dry basins) but which discharge stormwater to wetlands or constructed basins which trap sediment carried by stormwater runoff.
- (d) Detention basins which hold stormwater for more than 24 hours before completely draining to become a dry basin (Extended detention basins).
- (e) Detention basins with a positive outlet shall be designed to hold runoff from a 10-year storm event, as a minimum. Retention basins without a positive outlet shall be designed to hold runoff from a 100-year storm event.
- (f) The banks of detention basins shall not exceed a 1:5 slope unless a fence is constructed.
- (g) Natural watercourses shall not be dredged, cleared of vegetation, deepened, widened, straightened, stabilized or otherwise altered without approval from the Michigan Department of Natural Resources and Kalamazoo County Drain Commissioner.
- (h) Discharge of runoff from commercial and industrial sites which may contain oil, grease, toxic chemicals, or other polluting materials shall be prohibited unless approval has been obtained from the Michigan Department of Natural Resources and Kalamazoo County Drain Commissioner.
- (i) The use of stormwater management areas and vegetated buffer areas as open space, recreation, and conservation areas shall be encouraged.
- (j) *Right of entry; furnishing information.* Representatives of the Village, State of Michigan DNR or DEQ, Michigan Department of Transportation, and Kalamazoo County Drain Commission shall have the right to enter at any reasonable time any property served by a stormwater drainage facility for inspections, investigations, or monitoring. On request, the owner, lessees or occupants of any property so served shall furnish to the inspection agency any pertinent information regarding the drainage system or systems on such property. The refusal of such information or refusal of access, when requested, shall be deemed evidence of the presence of unlawful discharge.

3. Pipes, conduits, ditches, drains, or other conveyance facilities shall not discharge directly to the following receiving waters without providing the minimum treatment volume and channel protection criteria:
  - (a) Any natural watercourses, including lakes, ponds, rivers and streams.
  - (b) Wetlands with unique or natural wildlife or habitat characteristics as defined by a professional wetlands delineation specialist, biologist or ecologist.
  - (c) Wetlands which are within a 500 foot distance of any natural lake or pond.
  - (d) Wetlands which are within a 100 foot distance of any river or stream.
4. Discharges from stormwater conveyance facilities shall be routed through swales, vegetated buffer strips, stormwater basins, hydrologically isolated wetlands, and other facilities designed to decrease runoff velocity and volume, allow for natural infiltration, allow suspended solids to settle, and remove pollutants.
5. If wetlands are proposed for stormwater detention, runoff must be diffused to non-erosive velocities before it reaches the wetlands.
6. Operation and Maintenance. All structural and vegetative best management practices installed as a performance standard for stormwater management shall include a plan for maintaining maximum performance through long-term operation and maintenance (O&M). The plan shall include a schedule for O&M procedures and recordkeeping provisions such as periodic inspections.
7. Records Retention. Inspections and other records pertaining to the O&M of best management practices for stormwater water quality protection shall be maintained by the property owner and retained for a minimum of five years.
8. No stormwater management plan shall be approved if the Village of Vicksburg Planning Commission finds that the action will or is likely to pollute, impair or destroy air, water or other natural resources or the public trust therein, provided that there is a feasible and prudent alternative consistent with the reasonable requirements of the public health, safety and welfare.

#### **§ 75-32. Design Standards.**

The Village shall maintain design standards on file at the Village office. If specific BMPs design standards are not on file, design for such BMPs shall be in accordance with acceptable engineering practices and current design manuals.

**Sec. 75-33 “Hot Spots” Properties.**

If the subject property is a potential “Hot Spot” area with the potential for significant pollutant loading or with the potential for contaminating public water supply (wells), additionally site-specific requirements may apply to address the contaminate(s) of concern. Example of typical “hot spots” areas included, but not limited to gas stations, commercial vehicle maintenance and repair, auto recyclers, recycling centers, and scrap yards.

**Sec. 75-34 Contaminated Properties.**

If the subject property contains soil and/or groundwater contamination, site-specific requirements may apply. See MDEQ Post-Construction Storm Water Runoff Controls Program Compliance Assistance Document (MDEQ, 2014) for specifics regarding stormwater. The property owner or the property owner’s representative shall contact the Kalamazoo District MDEQ Office Remediation and Redevelopment staff prior to approval of the site plan for answers to questions regarding all state environmental regulations and requirements pertaining to site specific requirements. Property owner shall provide documentation and supporting material to the Village regarding aforementioned contact and MDEQ requirements prior to approval. The Village will make any site plan approval contingent to the property owner meeting the MDEQ requirements.

**Sec. 75-35 – 75-39. Reserved.**

## **ARTICLE V. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN AND POST CONSTRUCTION**

### **Sec. 75-40. Stormwater Management Plan.**

No building, grading, or sediment control permit shall be issued until a satisfactory stormwater management plan (or a waiver thereof) shall have undergone a review and been approved by the Village after determining that the plan or waiver is consistent with the requirements of this chapter. After review of the stormwater management plan, and modifications to that plan as deemed necessary by Village, a stormwater management final plan must be submitted to the Village for approval. The stormwater management plan shall at a minimum include the following:

- A. Contact Information: The name, address, and telephone number of all persons having a legal interest in the property and the tax reference number and parcel number of the property or properties affected.
- B. Topographic Base Map: 1" = 200' topographic base map of the site which extends a minimum of 100 feet beyond the limits of the proposed development and indicates existing surface water drainage including streams, ponds, culverts, ditches, and wetlands; current land use including all existing structures; locations of utilities, roads, and easements; and significant natural and manmade features not otherwise shown.
- C. Calculations: Hydrologic and hydraulic design calculations for the pre-development and post-development conditions for the design storms.
- D. Soils Information: If a stormwater BMP depends on the hydrologic properties of soils (e.g., infiltration basins), then a soils report shall be submitted. The soils report shall be based on on-site boring logs or soil pit profiles. The number and location of required soil borings or soil sites shall be determined based on what is needed to determine the suitability and distribution of soil types present at the location of the BMP.
- E. Maintenance and Repair Plan: The design and planning of all stormwater management facilities shall include detailed maintenance and repair procedures to ensure their continued function. These plans will identify the parts or components of a stormwater BMP that need to be maintained and the equipment and skills or training necessary. Provisions for the periodic review and evaluation of the effectiveness of the maintenance program and the need for revisions or additional maintenance procedures shall be included in the plan.
- F. Landscaping Plan: The applicant must present a detailed plan for management of vegetation at the site after construction is finished, including who will be responsible for the maintenance of vegetation at the site and what practices will be employed to ensure that adequate vegetative cover is preserved.

- G. Stormwater Best Management Practices Operations & Maintenance Agreement: Proof of a recorded Stormwater Best Management Practices Operations & Maintenance Agreement binding on all subsequent owners of land served by stormwater BMPs to ensure maintenance and repair in accordance with the specifications of this chapter.

**Sec. 75-41. Maintenance and Repair of Stormwater BMPs.**

- A. Stormwater Best Management Practices Operations & Maintenance Agreement: Prior to the issuance of any permit for development involving any stormwater BMP, the applicant or owner of the site must execute a Stormwater Best Management Practices Operations & Maintenance Agreement that shall be binding on all subsequent owners of land served by the stormwater BMP. The agreement shall provide for access to the BMP and the land it serves at reasonable times for periodic inspection by Village or Village's designee and for regular or special assessments of property owners to ensure that the BMP is maintained in proper working condition to meet Village stormwater requirements. The agreement shall be recorded by Village at the expense of the permit holder or property owners.
- B. Maintenance Covenants: Maintenance of all stormwater BMPs shall be ensured through the creation of a formal maintenance covenant that must be approved by the Village and recorded prior to the stormwater management final plan approval. As part of the covenant, a schedule shall be developed for when and how often maintenance will occur to ensure proper function of the stormwater BMPs. The covenant shall also include plans for periodic inspections to ensure proper performance of the BMPs between scheduled cleanouts.
- C. Requirements for Maintenance Covenants: All stormwater BMPs must undergo, at the minimum, an annual inspection to document maintenance and repair needs and ensure compliance with the requirements of this chapter and accomplishment of its purposes. These needs may include (but are not limited to) removal of silt, litter, and other debris from all stormwater treatment and conveyance facilities including ponds, infiltration basins, raingardens, catch basins, inlets, and drainage pipes, grass cutting and vegetation removal, and necessary replacement of landscape vegetation. Any maintenance or repair needs detected must be corrected by the developer or entity responsible under a written maintenance agreement within 30 days, as determined by Village, and the inspection and maintenance requirement may be increased as deemed necessary to ensure proper functioning of the stormwater BMPs.
- D. Inspection of Stormwater BMPs: Inspection programs may be established on any reasonable basis, including but not limited to: routine inspections; random inspections; inspections based upon complaints or other notice of possible violations; inspection of drainage basins or areas identified as higher than typical sources of sediment or other contaminants or pollutants; inspections of businesses or industries of a type associated with higher than usual discharges of contaminants

or pollutants or with discharges of a type which are more likely than the typical discharge to cause violations of State or Federal water or sediment quality standards or the NPDES stormwater permit; and joint inspections with other agencies inspecting under environmental or safety laws. Inspections may include but are not limited to: reviewing maintenance and repair records; sampling discharges, surface water, groundwater, and material or water in stormwater BMPs, and evaluating the condition of stormwater BMPs.

- E. Right of Entry for Inspection, Investigation, or Monitoring: When any new stormwater BMP is installed on private property, or when any new connection is made between private property and a public stormwater management facility, sanitary sewer or combined sewer, the property owner shall grant to Village the right to enter the property at reasonable times and in a reasonable manner for the purpose of inspection, investigation, or monitoring. This includes the right to enter a property when Village has a reasonable basis to believe that a violation of this chapter is occurring or has occurred, and to enter when necessary for abatement of a public nuisance or correction of a violation of this chapter.
- G. Records of Installation and Maintenance and Repair Activities: Parties responsible for the operation and maintenance of stormwater BMPs shall submit to the Village Clerk an annual maintenance and inspection report including all records of the installation and of all maintenance and repairs conducted. The responsible parties shall retain the records for at least five (5) years or longer if the Village Inspector deems it necessary. These records shall be made available to Village during inspection of the facility and at other reasonable times upon request.
- H. Failure to Maintain Stormwater BMPs: If a responsible party fails or refuses to meet the requirements of the maintenance covenant or any provision of this chapter, the Village, after reasonable notice, may correct a violation by performing all necessary work to place the BMP in proper working condition. In the event that the stormwater BMP becomes a danger to public safety or public health, the Village shall notify the party responsible for maintenance of the stormwater BMP in writing. Upon receipt of that notice, the responsible person shall have thirty (30) days to effect maintenance and repair of the stormwater BMP in an approved manner. After proper notice, the Village may assess, jointly and severally, the owners of the stormwater BMP or the property owners or the parties responsible for maintenance under any applicable written agreement for the cost of repair work and any penalties; and the cost of the work shall be a lien on the property, or prorated against the beneficial users of the property, and may be placed on the tax bill and collected as ordinary taxes.

**Sec. 75-42 – 75-49. Reserved.**

## **ARTICLE VI. ENFORCEMENT**

### **Sec. 75-50. Sanctions for violation.**

Violation: Any person who: 1) knew or should have known that a pollutant or substance was discharged contrary to any provision of this part or contrary to any notice, order, permit, decision or determination promulgated, issued or made by the authorized enforcement agency under this part; or 2) intentionally makes a false statement, representation or certification in an application for or form pertaining to a permit, or in a notice, report or record required by this part, or in any other correspondence or communication, written or oral, with the authorized enforcement agency regarding matters regulated by this part; or 3) intentionally falsifies, tampers with or renders inaccurate any sampling or monitoring device or record required to be maintained by this part; or 4) commits any other act that is punishable under state law by imprisonment for more than 90 days shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of \$500 per violation, per day, or imprisonment for up to 90 days, or both, in the discretion of the Court.

### **Sec. 75-51. Failure to comply; completion.**

The authorized enforcement agency is authorized, after giving reasonable notice and opportunity for compliance, to correct any violation of this part or damage or impairment to the stormwater drainage system caused by a discharge and to bill the person causing the violation or discharge for the costs of the work to be reimbursed. The costs reimbursable under this section shall be in addition to fees, amounts or other costs and expenses required to be paid to the authorized enforcement agency under other sections of this part.

### **Sec. 75-52. Emergency measures.**

If emergency measures are necessary to respond to a nuisance; to protect public safety, health and welfare; and/or to prevent loss of life, injury or damage to property, the authorized enforcement agency is authorized to carry out or arrange for all such emergency measures. Property owners shall be responsible for the cost of such measures made necessary as a result of a violation of this part and shall promptly reimburse the Village for all of such costs.

### **Sec. 75-53. Cost recovery for damage to stormwater drainage system.**

Any person who discharges to a stormwater drainage system or a water body, including, but not limited to, any person who causes or creates a discharge that violates any provision of this part, produces a deposit or obstruction or otherwise damages or impairs a stormwater drainage system, or causes or contributes to a violation of any federal, state or local law governing the Village, shall be liable to and shall fully reimburse the Village for all expenses, costs, losses or damages (direct or indirect) payable or incurred by the Village as a result of any such discharge, deposit,



obstruction, damage, impairment, violation, exceedance or noncompliance. The costs that must be reimbursed to the Village shall include, but shall not be limited to, all of the following:

- A. All costs incurred by the Village in responding to the violation or discharge, including expenses for any cleaning, repair or replacement work, and the costs of sampling, monitoring and treatment, as a result of the discharge, violation, exceedance or noncompliance.
- B. All costs to the Village of monitoring, surveillance and enforcement in connection with investigating, verifying and prosecuting any discharge, violation, exceedance or noncompliance.
- C. The full amount of any fines, assessments, penalties and claims, including natural resource damages, levied against the Village or any Village representative by any governmental agency or third party as a result of a violation of applicable laws or regulations that is caused by or contributed to by any discharge, violation, exceedance or noncompliance.
- D. The full value of any Village staff time (including any required overtime), consultant and engineering fees, and actual attorneys' fees and defense costs (including the Village legal counsel and any special legal counsel) associated with responding to, investigating, verifying and prosecuting any discharge, violation, exceedance or noncompliance, or otherwise enforcing the requirements of this part.

**Sec. 75-54. Collection of costs; lien.**

Costs incurred by the Village pursuant to §§ 75-51, 75-52, 75-53 and 75-55A shall constitute a lien on the property or premises, which shall be enforceable in accordance with Act No. 94 of the Public Acts of 1933, as amended from time to time, or as otherwise authorized by law. Any such charges that are delinquent for six months or more may be certified to the Village of Vicksburg Treasurer, who shall enter the lien on the next tax roll against the property or premises, the costs shall be collected and the lien shall be enforced in the same manner as provided for in the collection of taxes assessed upon the roll and the enforcement of a lien for taxes. In addition to any other lawful enforcement methods, the Village shall have all remedies authorized by Act No. 94 of the Public Acts of 1933, as amended, and by other applicable laws.

The failure by any person to pay any amounts required to be reimbursed to the Village as provided by this part shall constitute an additional violation of this part.

**Sec. 75-55. Suspension of access to stormwater drainage system.**

- A. Suspension due to illicit discharges in emergency situations. The authorized enforcement agency may, without prior notice, suspend access to the stormwater drainage system to any property or premises when such suspension is necessary to

stop an actual or threatened discharge that presents or may present imminent and substantial danger to the environment or to the health or welfare of persons or to the stormwater drainage system or a water body. If the property or premises owner fails to comply with a suspension order issued in an emergency, the authorized enforcement agency may take such steps as deemed necessary to prevent or minimize damage to the stormwater drainage system or the environment or to minimize danger to persons, and bill the property or premises owner for the costs incurred by the Village.

- B. Suspension due to the detection of illicit discharge. Any person discharging to the stormwater drainage system in violation of this part may have his access to the system terminated, if the authorized enforcement agency determines that such termination would abate or reduce an illicit discharge. The authorized enforcement agency will notify a discharger of the proposed termination of access. It shall be unlawful for any person to reinstate access of the stormwater drainage system to a property or premises terminated pursuant to this section without the prior written approval of the authorized enforcement agency.

#### **Sec. 75-56. Appeals.**

Any person who has been cited for a violation of this part or has been ordered to take action to comply with the provisions of this part may appeal in writing to the Village Council of the Village of Vicksburg not later than 30 days after the action or decision being appealed. Such appeal shall identify the matter being appealed and the basis for the appeal. The Village Council shall consider the appeal and make a decision whereby it affirms, rejects or modifies the action being appealed. In considering any such appeal, the Village Council may consider the recommendations of the authorized enforcement agency and the comments of other persons having knowledge or expertise regarding the matter. In considering any such appeal, the Village Council may grant a temporary variance from the terms of this part so as to provide relief, in whole or in part, from the action being appealed, but only upon finding that the following requirements are satisfied:

- A. The application of the ordinance provisions being appealed will present or cause unnecessary hardship for the property or premises owner appealing; provided, however, that unnecessary hardship shall not include the need for a property or premises owner to incur additional reasonable expenses in order to comply with the part; and
- B. The granting of the relief requested will not prevent accomplishment of the goals and purposes of this part, nor result in less effective management of stormwater runoff.

#### **Sec. 75-57. Judicial relief.**

The Village may institute legal proceedings in a court of competent jurisdiction to seek all appropriate relief for violations of this part or of any permit, order, notice or

agreement issued or entered into under this part. The action may seek temporary or permanent injunctive relief, damages, penalties, costs and any other relief, at law or equity, that a court may order. The Village may also seek collection of fines, penalties and any other amounts assessed and due to the Village that remain unpaid.

**Sec. 75-58. Civil Infraction.**

Any violation of this Ordinance shall be considered a civil infraction, subject to a fine of not more than \$500.00 .together with costs as provided for by ordinance. Each day a violation exists shall be deemed a separate violation. A citation charging such a violation may be issued by the Village Ordinance Enforcement Officer, or his or her designee.

**Sec. 75-59. Remedies not exclusive.**

The remedies listed in this chapter are not exclusive of any other remedies available under any applicable federal, state, or local law and it is within the discretion of the Village to seek cumulative remedies.

**Sec. 75-60. Cumulative remedies.**

The imposition of a single penalty, fine, order, damage or surcharge upon any person for a violation of this part or of any permit, order, notice or agreement issued or entered into under this part shall not preclude the imposition by the Village, the authorized enforcement agency, or a court of competent jurisdiction of a combination of any or all of those sanctions and remedies or additional sanctions and remedies with respect to the same violation, consistent with applicable limitations on penalty amounts under state or federal laws or regulations. A criminal citation and prosecution of a criminal action against a person shall not be dependent upon and need not be held in abeyance during any civil, judicial or administrative proceeding, conference or hearing regarding the person.

**Sec. 75-61 – 75-69. Reserved.**

## **ARTICLE VII. INTERPRETATION**

### **Sec. 75-70. Interpretation of words and phrases.**

Words and phrases in this part shall be construed according to their common and accepted meanings, except those words and phrases that are defined in Sec. **75-5** shall be construed according to the respective definitions given in that section. Technical words and technical phrases not defined in this part, but which have acquired particular meanings in law or in technical usage, shall be construed according to such meanings.

### **Sec. 75-71. Catch-line headings.**

The catch-line headings of the articles and sections of this part are intended for convenience only and shall not be construed as affecting the meaning or interpretation of the text of the articles or sections to which they may refer.

### **Sec. 75-72 – 75-99. Reserved.**

# Chapter 14 – Site Plan Checklist & Environmental Checklist

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Village of Vicksburg

## National Pollution Discharge Elimination System

July 2018

2150121

## **Sec. 82-168. Application procedure.**

A request for site plan review shall be made by filing with the village manager the following:

- (1) Fee. A review fee, the schedule of which shall be determined by the village council, will be paid for by the applicant to cover the cost of processing the site plan.
- (2) Application. One (1) copy of the application for site plan review shall be filled out completely and returned to the village manager's office.
- (3) Site Plan. Ten (10) full size prints of the site plan shall be submitted to the village manager's office. Each print shall contain the following data:
  - a) It shall be of a scale not greater than one (1) inch equals twenty (20) feet nor smaller than one (1) inch equals two hundred (200) feet and of such accuracy that the Planning Commission can readily interpret the plan.
  - b) It shall show an appropriate descriptive legend, north arrow, scale, etc.
  - c) A vicinity map shall be submitted showing the location of the site in relation to the surrounding street system.
  - d) It shall identify subject property by lot lines and location, including dimensions, angles and size, correlated with the legal description of said property.
  - e) It shall show the topography (at least 2 foot contour intervals), natural features such as woodlots, streams, rivers, lakes, drains and similar features.
  - f) It shall show existing manmade features on, and within one hundred (100) feet of the site, such as buildings, structures, high tension towers, pipe lines, existing utilities, such as water and sewer lines, etc., excavations, bridges, culverts, drains and easements and shall identify the existing uses and zoning of adjacent properties.
  - g) It shall show the location, proposed finished floor and grade line elevations, size of proposed main and accessory buildings, their relation to one another and to any existing structures on the site, the height of all buildings and square footage of floor space. Site plans for multiple-family residential development shall include a density schedule showing the number of dwelling units per net acre, including a dwelling schedule showing the unit type and number of each unit type.
  - h) It shall show the proposed streets, driveways, sidewalks and other vehicular and pedestrian circulation features within and adjacent to the site; also the location, size and number of parking spaces in the off-street parking areas and the identification of service lanes, and service parking and loading and unloading areas.
  - i) It shall show the proposed location, use, and size of open spaces and the location of any landscaping, screening, fences or walls on the site. Any proposed alterations to the topography and other natural features shall be indicated.

- j) Architect's or Engineer's seal.
  - k) Any other information deemed necessary by the Planning Commission.
- (4) Environmental Checklist. The Applicant or Owner shall submit to the village manager's office a completed Environmental Checklist.
- (5) Stormwater Management Plan. The Applicant or Owner shall submit to the village manager's office a Stormwater Management Plan and stormwater calculations.
- (6) Stormwater Best Management Practices Operations & Maintenance Agreement. The Applicant or Owner shall submit to the clerk's office a signed Stormwater Best Management Practices Operations & Maintenance Agreement between the Village and the Landowner or Designee and the applicable recording fee.



## Village of Vicksburg Site Plan Review Application

Return completed application to 126 N. Kalamazoo, Vicksburg,  
Michigan 49097 with:

- Site Plan Fee
- Ten (10) full size copies of the site plan
- Environmental Checklist
- Stormwater Management Plan and Stormwater Calculations
- Stormwater BMP O&M Agreement and Recording fee

Office Use Only:

Date Application Received: \_\_\_\_\_

Date of PC Meeting: \_\_\_\_\_

Notices Published/Mailed: \_\_\_\_\_

### *APPLICANT*

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Address: \_\_\_\_\_

Phone: \_\_\_\_\_ Email: \_\_\_\_\_

### *OWNER (if different than Applicant)*

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Address: \_\_\_\_\_

Phone: \_\_\_\_\_ Email: \_\_\_\_\_

### *PROPERTY*

Address of Property: \_\_\_\_\_

Tax ID #(s) of Property: \_\_\_\_\_

Legal Description (attach additional sheets if necessary):

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### *REQUEST*

Briefly describe the request (attach additional sheets if necessary):

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Applicant Signature

Date

**Village of Vicksburg  
Environmental Checklist**

This checklist has been designed to assist businesses and developers in identifying and complying with state, county and local environmental permits and requirements. Please note that this checklist generally pertains only to state, county and local environmental permits. Additional permits and approvals may be required from the Village of Vicksburg or other government agencies. **This form must be completed and returned to the Village when a site plan is submitted.**

This checklist is not a permit application form; businesses are responsible for obtaining information and permit application forms from the appropriate government offices. Compliance and proper registration with applicable state, county and local requirements is required for site plan approval in the Village of Vicksburg. The Village will forward a copy of this form to the South County Fire Authority.

**Name of Business:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Property Address:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Name of Business Owner:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Mailing Address:** \_\_\_\_\_

**City:** \_\_\_\_\_ **State:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Zip Code:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Telephone:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Fax:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Email address:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Business Manager / Operator:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Type of Business** (type of activities to be carried out at the proposed business– include all processes and operations): \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

**I affirm that the information submitted in this form is accurate.**

**Owner's Signature:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Date:** \_\_\_\_\_

Circle  
Applicable

- |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| 1. Does the project involve renovating or demolishing all or portions of a building?  | Y | N |
| 2. Does the existing building (if applicable) contain asbestos?   | Y | N |
| 3. Are there wetlands present on the property?  | Y | N |
| 4. Has a wetlands determination been made?  | Y | N |
| 5. Is the property within the 100-year flood plain?   | Y | N |
| 6. Does the project involve any work (dredging, filling, draining, construction, etc.) in, across or under:   | Y | N |
| ○ river, stream, creek, ditch, drain, lake, pond or swamp; or   |   |   |
| ○ wetlands; or  |   |   |
| ○ floodplain (i.e. an area that may have or has ever had standing or flowing water)?  |   |   |
| 7. Does the project involve any earth change activity, including the disturbance of the natural cover, within 500 feet of a lake or stream?   | Y | N |
| 8. Will the project change the natural cover or change the natural land topography (including cut and fill), or otherwise disturb an area greater than one acre in size?  | Y | N |
| 9. Does the project involve construction which will disturb five or more acres?   | Y | N |
| 10. Does the project involve any clearing, grading or earth moving in a public road right-of-way?   | Y | N |
| 11. Does the project involve new curb cuts or improved access to a public road?   | Y | N |
| 12. Has the on-site retention of all storm water runoff been provided?  | Y | N |
| 13. Does the project discharge storm water runoff off site? If Yes, where?  | Y | N |
| ○ Third party   |   |   |
| ○ County drain  |   |   |
| ○ Vicksburg storm sewer system  |   |   |
| ○ Lake, river or stream   |   |   |
| ○ Wetland   |   |   |
| ○ Other (please specify) _____  |   |   |
| 14. Are stream, drain and lake edges to be protected with natural vegetative buffer strips; are protective buffer strips 20-feet in width or greater? <i>(Note: Site conditions such as slope angle, slope length and soil type may need greater widths for adequate environmental protection.)</i> | Y | N |
| 15. Has pre-treatment been provided of storm water discharges?  | Y | N |
| 16. Have design provisions been made to accommodate periodic access of heavy equipment needed for regular maintenance of the storm water management system?   | Y | N |
| 17. Does the project involve the discharge of any type of wastewater or cooling water (including air conditioning) to a storm sewer, drain, lake, stream, or other surface water?   | Y | N |

- |  |   |   |
|--|---|---|
| <p>18. Does or will the property contain a water well? If yes, please identify the type of well and the number (if known): _____</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ single family well(s); _____ active _____ abandoned _____ sealed/closed wells</li> <li>○ multi-family or multi-unit water well system, or a facility (such as a factory or restaurant) which serves a large number of employees/customers; _____ active _____ abandoned _____ sealed/closed wells</li> <li>○ irrigation well(s) _____ active _____ abandoned _____ sealed/closed wells</li> <li>○ monitoring well(s) _____ active _____ abandoned _____ sealed/closed wells</li> </ul> | Y | N |
| <p>19. Does the project involve the installation, connection or alteration of any sanitary waste collection or connection to a public sanitary sewer line?</p>   | Y | N |
| <p>20. Does the project involve construction or alteration of the community water system or extension of a public water main or the addition, removal or relocation of a fire hydrant?</p>   | Y | N |
| <p>21. Will the project or facility discharge anything other than sanitary waste to the municipal sewer?</p>   | Y | N |
| <p>22. Does the project have floor drains? If yes, to which system will they be connected? (<i>Note: Floor drains are not allowed to be connected to a storm sewer/drain, drywell, leaching basin, or septic system.</i>)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ sanitary sewer;</li> <li>○ on-site holding tanks;</li> <li>○ state approved discharge system; or</li> <li>○ other (please specify) _____</li> </ul>   | Y | N |
| <p>23. Does the project involve the generation of large quantities of dust?</p>  | Y | N |
| <p>24. Does the project involve the discharge of liquids, sludge, wastewater and/or wastewater residuals into or onto the ground?</p>  | Y | N |
| <p>25. Does the project involve the on-site reuse, treatment, storage or disposal of hazardous waste?</p>  | Y | N |
| <p>26. Is the project site to be used for asphalt emulsion, cement manufacturing, feedlots, fertilizer manufacturing, petroleum refining, phosphate manufacturing, steam electric, or coal or mineral mining, processing or dressing?</p>  | Y | N |
| <p>27. Does the project involve burning, landfilling, transferring or processing of any type of solid non-hazardous wastes on site?</p>  | Y | N |
| <p>28. Does the project involve installation, construction, reconstruction, relocation, or alteration of any process or process equipment (including air pollution control equipment) which has the potential to emit air contaminants?</p>  | Y | N |
| <p>29. Does the project involve transport of the contents of a holding tank, special waste or the transport of hazardous or non-hazardous liquid industrial waste?</p>   | Y | N |
| <p>30. Does the site use storage tanks for holding petroleum products or other hazardous chemicals? If yes, are the tanks:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Underground Storage Tank(s)      _____ Quantity      _____ Capacity</li> <li>○ Above Ground Storage Tank(s)      _____ Quantity      _____ Capacity</li> </ul>   | Y | N |

Circle  
Applicable

31. Does the project involve a facility for the storage or mixing of agricultural chemicals, or the storage or handling of agricultural manure? Y    N
32. Does the project involve the storage of other chemicals, petroleum products or salt on the property? Y    N
33. Does evidence exist that the project site is, or may be affected by environmental contamination from previous activities? Y    N  
 - If yes, has an Environmental Survey been completed for the project site? Y    N  
*Contact your legal advisor.—An Environmental Survey can identify the need to conduct a Phase I Environmental Site Assessment for purposes of environmental liability protection.*
34. Does any portion of the site fall under MI Part 201 of PA 451 1994, “Michigan Sites of Environmental Contamination”? Y    N
35. Is any portion of the site subject to corrective action under the MI “Leaking Underground Storage Tank Program”? Y    N
36. Are you or the site owner currently involved in any compliance discussion with the Office of the Attorney General regarding this project or any other facilities under your ownership? Y    N

Please list hazardous substances (see definition), hazardous waste, industrial waste, oil, or salt products expected to be used, stored, generated, or recycled on site, or transported to/from site. Quantities should reflect maximum volumes on site at any one time. Attach Material Safety Data Sheets for each chemical or provide on computer disc. Attach additional pages if necessary.

	<b>Chemical Common or Trade Name</b>	<b>Chemical Components</b>	<b>Form*</b>	<b>Maximum Quantity</b>	<b>Storage**</b>
1					
2					
3					
4					

\*Form:            L = Liquid; PL = Pressurized Liquid; PG = Pressurized Gas; S = Solid

\*\*Storage:        AST = Above-ground Storage Tank; UST = Underground Storage Tank;  
 PT = Portable Tank D = Drum; WC = Wooden Container; O = Other (specify)

# Chapter 15 – Stormwater BMP Operations and Maintenance Agreement

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Village of Vicksburg

**National Pollution Discharge Elimination System**

July 2018

2150121

## **STORMWATER BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES OPERATIONS & MAINTENANCE AGREEMENT**

THIS AGREEMENT, effective \_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_, between the Village of Vicksburg, a Michigan municipal corporation, whose address is 126 North Kalamazoo Avenue, Vicksburg, Michigan 49097 (Village) and \_\_\_\_\_, [status of landowner; i.e. individual(s) or companies] whose address is \_\_\_\_\_ (Landowner).

### *Recitals:*

- A. The Village is regulated under the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Phase II Stormwater Program since it has a municipal separate storm sewer system (identified in the Performance Standards as MS4). Therefore, the Village is required to have a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Permit for its discharge of stormwater. The Michigan Department of Environmental Quality (MDEQ) administers the NPDES permit program for the State of Michigan (33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq., P.L. 92-500, 95-217) under Part 31, Water Resources Protection, of Michigan's "Natural Resources and Environmental Protection Act", 1994 PA 451 (NREPA).
- B. Landowner owns real estate in the Village at \_\_\_\_\_, Vicksburg, MI 490\_\_ - Parcel No(s) \_\_\_\_\_ - and which is more specifically described in Exhibit A (Property).
- C. Landowner uses the Property for multi-family residential, commercial, industrial purposes, or a combination of those uses. Landowner is making improvements to the Property that requires approval under the Village's Site Plan Review process, or is modifying the existing stormwater discharge system on the Property that either impacts the Village's system or the retention of stormwater on the Property. As a result of those uses, improvements or modifications, Landowner agrees: (i) to install and maintain stormwater best management practices (BMPs) on the Property in accordance with approved plans and conditions; and (ii) to ensure that the BMPs continue serving the intended function in perpetuity.
- D. Before signing this Agreement the Landowner, including its representatives, contractors or agents, has reviewed or had the opportunity to review the Performance Standards, work sheets or other documents maintained by the Village relating to the Village's regulation of its Stormwater Program and this Agreement.



THEREFORE, in consideration of the above recitals and the covenants, conditions, and restrictions stated below, the parties agree as follows:

1. Recitals. The above recitals are acknowledged as true and correct, and are incorporated by reference into this paragraph.
2. Installation and Maintenance. Landowner is solely responsible for the installation, maintenance and repair of the stormwater BMPs.
3. Inspections and Repairs. Landowner shall regularly inspect, maintain, repair or replace the private stormwater BMPs consistent with the Manufactured Treatment Device (identified in the Performance Standards as MTD) as recommended by the manufacturer, and those recommendations provided in the “Low Impact Development Manual for Michigan – A Design Guide for Implementers and Reviewers” (Southeast Michigan Council of Governments and MDEQ, 2008), and “Michigan Nonpoint Source Best Management Practices Manual” (MDEQ, 2014).
4. Submittal of Reports. Landowner shall annually submit a report to the Village – on the form provided by the Village – regarding stormwater BMPs Operation & Maintenance for each of the MTDs and other BMPs. Landowner shall deliver the report to the Village’s Clerk either by mail to 126 North Kalamazoo Avenue, Vicksburg, MI 49097, via fax at 269-649-3997, or via e-mail to the current clerk, [tlacey@vicksburgmi.org](mailto:tlacey@vicksburgmi.org), within 30 calendar days of the inspection date.
5. Modifications to the Stormwater System. Landowner shall contact the Village for approval prior to any design modifications to the stormwater treatment and/or conveyance system on the Property.
6. Village’s Access to the Property. Landowner, its successors and assigns, hereby grants the Village, its authorized agents and employees, the right to enter upon the Property to inspect the stormwater BMPs whenever the Village reasonably considers an inspection necessary in carrying out the intent and purpose of this Agreement. For example, an inspection may occur: (i) to follow-up on reported deficiencies in Landowner’s exercise of stormwater BMPs; or (ii) to address lack of submitted documentation Landlord is required to submit to the Village; or (iii) to respond to citizen complaints. The Village shall provide Landowner with copies of the inspection findings, including any directive to perform maintenance, repairs or replacements, if necessary, to the stormwater conveyance system on the Property.
7. Default by Landowner/Remedies. If Landowner fails to maintain the stormwater BMPs and associated stormwater conveyance system in good working condition acceptable to the Village, the Village may enter upon the Property and take whatever steps necessary to correct deficiencies, including those identified in the inspection report. Landowner is responsible to pay the costs the Village incurred for those repairs. The Village will provide an itemized list of the repairs in an

invoice to Landowner, which is due within 30 days of the date on the invoice. To secure any amount owed by Landowner to the Village under this Paragraph, the Village has the right to place a lien against the Property in the same manner as delinquent taxes, including accruing interest, penalties and administrative expenses until the lien is fully satisfied.

It is expressly understood and agreed that the Village is under no obligation to routinely inspect, maintain or repair the stormwater BMPs or stormwater conveyance system; and in no event shall this Agreement be construed to impose those obligations on the Village.

8. **No Liability of the Village.** This Agreement imposes no liability of any kind whatsoever on the Village and the Landowner agrees to hold the Village harmless from any liability if the stormwater BMPs and/or stormwater conveyance system failure to operate properly.
9. **Compliance with other Laws.** This Agreement does not replace or change the requirements of the Landowner to comply with all other applicable federal, state and local laws, rules and regulations; specifically including, without limitation, Chapter 75 of the Code of Ordinances (Stormwater Management).
10. **Binding Effect/Third Parties.** This Agreement is binding on and shall inure to the benefit of the parties to this Agreement and their respective successors. Neither party may assign this Agreement without the prior written consent of the other party. The parties do not intend to confer any benefits on any person, firm, corporation, or other entity which is not party to this Agreement.
11. **Governing Law.** This Agreement is governed under applicable Michigan law. Both parties had the assistance of or the opportunity to seek legal counsel regarding the signing of this Agreement. Therefore, no construction or ambiguity of this Agreement is resolved against either party.
12. **Waiver.** A party does not waive any of its rights under this Agreement if that party fails to complain about an act or omission by the other party, no matter the duration of that act or omission. And a waiver by either party, whether expressed or implied, of any breach of a provision in this Agreement is not considered a waiver or consent to any subsequent breach of this same or other provision.
13. **Exhibits.** This Agreement includes the following exhibits Landowner agrees to provide:

**Exhibit A:** Legal description of the real estate for which this Agreement applies ("Property").

**Exhibit B:** Location map(s) showing a location of the Property and an accurate location of each stormwater BMP affected by this Agreement.

**Exhibit C:** A List of all stormwater BMPs, including Manufacturer, Model, and locational reference to Exhibit B.

14. Headings. Headings in this Agreement are for convenience only and are not intended to interpret or construe its provisions.
15. Entire Agreement/Counterparts. This Agreement supersedes all agreements previously made between the parties relating to the subject matter. There are no other understandings or agreements between them. The parties may sign this Agreement in counterparts, which together shall comprise a single agreement, and the effective date for which is the date it is signed by both parties.
16. Authorization. Each of the parties represents and warrants to the other that this Agreement and its execution by the individual(s) on its behalf are authorized by the Village commission, the board of directors or other governing body or organizational agreement of that party.
17. Definitions. The terms set forth in this Agreement shall have the same meaning as commonly used, except any term that is defined under statutes, ordinances or laws identified above, or any other applicable state statute shall have the meaning set forth under that ordinance, statute or law, including any subsequent amendments.
18. Recording. The Village shall file this agreement with the Kalamazoo County Register of Deeds.

Dated: \_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_

LANDOWNER  
[Insert Name(s)]

\_\_\_\_\_  
By:  
Its:

Dated: \_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_

VILLAGE OF VICKSBURG

\_\_\_\_\_  
By:  
Its: Village Manager

Prepared By:  
Village of Vicksburg  
126 North Kalamazoo Avenue  
Vicksburg, MI 49097  
(269) 649-1919  
09/08/17

# Chapter 16 – Stormwater Design Standards

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Village of Vicksburg

**National Pollution Discharge Elimination System**

July 2018

2150121

## **SECTION 19**

### **STORMWATER DESIGN STANDARDS**

#### **19.01 INTRODUCTION**

This document provides Design Standards related to stormwater quality management throughout the Village of Vicksburg (Village), Michigan. The objectives of this document are to define technical standards for site development to protect surface water quality by establishing acceptable stormwater quality management strategies throughout the Village. The Standards are designed to be consistent with the objectives of the Village's municipal separate storm sewer system (MS4) National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Permit Certificate of Coverage.

These Standards were developed primarily for use of the Site Plan Review and to supplement the Village's Stormwater Management Ordinance (Chapter 75 of the Village of Vicksburg Code of Ordinances).

The objectives of the Stormwater Management Ordinance are to provide environmental protection to surface waters by regulating discharges into the Village's stormwater system, and provide the Village with specific legal authority to find and eliminate illicit stormwater connections and discharges.

This document includes a variety of Best Management Practices (BMPs) related to groundwater and surface water protection and are considered commonly-accepted practices associated with groundwater and/or surface water protection. These BMPs were derived from a variety of sources, including "Low Impact Development Manual for Michigan - A Design Guide for Implementers and Reviewers" (SEMCOG, 2008), and "Michigan Nonpoint Source Best Management Practices Manual" (MDEQ, 2014).

#### **19.02 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT CRITERIA**

The general objectives of stormwater quality management in the Village are to achieve predevelopment conditions with respect to stormwater runoff rates and volume to reduce/control flooding, maintain or increase the quality of surface water and groundwater resources and maintain compliance with its Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4) Stormwater Program National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Permit and associated Certificate of Coverage (COC). It is also recognized that the quality and sustainability of the Village's drinking water (groundwater) resources can depend to some extent on the management of stormwater runoff.

Some general strategies for minimizing stormwater volume and improving stormwater quality management that should be included wherever possible are listed below:

- Accommodate stormwater that complements the natural drainage patterns, maintains the integrity of stream channels for both their drainage and biological functions, and protects wetlands.
- Reduce or maintain impervious surface area.
- Prevent erosion and sedimentation.
- Provide naturalized stormwater treatment for parking lot runoff using bioretention basins, rain gardens, filter strips, and/or other practices that can be integrated into landscaped areas and traffic islands where allowed and appropriate.
- Direct rooftop runoff to pervious areas such as yards, open areas, or vegetated areas (e.g., rain gardens), thus avoiding rooftop runoff to the roadway and stormwater collection system.
- Use native vegetation, where practical, to reduce the need for chemical applications and to enhance plant root absorption of infiltrated stormwater. Non-vegetative stormwater treatment structures will be incorporated, if naturalized treatment systems are not practical or consistent with the Standards discussed below.
- Maintain or increase groundwater recharge by allowing non-polluted stormwater infiltration in designated areas.

## **19.03 KEY DEFINITIONS**

*Best Management Practice (BMP):* A structural or non-structural practice or combination of practices that are designed to prevent or reduce stormwater runoff and/or associated pollutants.

*Bioretention (Rain Gardens):* Shallow surface depressions planted with specially selected native vegetation to capture and treat stormwater runoff from rooftops, parking lots, and streets.

*Buffer Strip:* A defined zone of selected plantings along a surface water features capable of filtering stormwater.

*Catch Basin:* A solid-walled stormwater inlet to the stormwater collection system that includes a sump to capture coarse sediments.

*Channel Protection Performance Standard:* Criteria that requires maintaining at the post-development project site runoff volume and peak flow rate at or below pre-development levels for all storms up to the 2-year, 24-hour event

*Constructed Filter:* Structures or an excavated area containing a layer of sand, compost, organic material peat, or other media that reduces pollutant levels in stormwater runoff by filtering sediments, metals, hydrocarbons, and other pollutants.

*Detention:* The temporary storage of stormwater runoff to control peak discharge rates and provide gravity settling of sediments.

*Detention Basin:* A constructed basin that temporarily stores water before discharging into a surface water feature (e.g., dry basin: <24 hour drain-time; extended dry basin: 24-40 hours drain time; and wet detention basin: permanent pool of water).

*First Flush:* The delivery of a highly concentrated pollutant loading during the early stages of a storm due to the washing effect of runoff on pollutants that accumulated on the land.

*Flood Control Volume:* The stormwater volume detained or infiltrated to protect downstream areas from flooding.

*Green Roofs:* Conventional rooftops that include a thin covering of vegetation allowing the roof to function more like a vegetated surface.

*Groundwater Recharge:* The replenishment of existing natural water bearing subsurface layers of porous stone, sand, gravel, silt or clay via infiltration.

*Impervious Surface:* A surface that prevents the infiltration of water into the ground such as roofs, streets, sidewalks, driveways, parking lots, and highly compacted soils.

*Infiltration Practices:* Natural or constructed land areas using permeable soils that capture, store, and infiltrate the volume of stormwater runoff into surrounding soil. Examples include but are not limited to dry wells, infiltration basins, infiltration trenches, and subsurface infiltration beds.

*Infiltration/Retention Basin:* A facility without a positive outlet in which stormwater runoff is collected and allowed to infiltrate into the ground.

*Manufactured Treatment Devices (MTDs):* A pre-fabricated stormwater treatment structure utilizing settling, filtration, absorptive/absorptive materials, vortex separation (hydrodynamic separator), vegetative components, and/or other appropriate technology to remove pollutants from stormwater runoff.

*New Jersey Corporation for Advanced Technology (NJCAT) Program:* A private/public partnership that pools the best talents and diverse resources of



business and industry, entrepreneurs, university research centers, utilities and government to promote the development and commercialization of exciting, new energy and environmental technologies, including the verification of stormwater MTDs.

*New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (NJDEP) Standard for Manufactured Treatment Devices:* A list of third-party certified Manufactured Treatment Devices (MTDs) that were laboratory and/or filed tested by the NJCAT Program and approved by the NJDEP to serve as acceptable BMPs. The most current listing available will be used as the list of acceptable MTDs for use in the Village of Vicksburg for removing pollutants from stormwater runoff.

*Peak Discharge Rate:* The maximum instantaneous rate of flow (volume of water passing a given point over a specific duration (such as cubic feet per second) during a storm, usually in reference to a specific design storm event.

*Pervious Pavement:* Infiltration technique that combines stormwater infiltration, storage, and structural pavement consisting of a permeable surface underlain by a storage reservoir.

*Pretreatment:* The additional measures taken to protect groundwater and/or surface water quality by removing pollutants from collected stormwater beyond those required to adequately collect and remove stormwater. Typically, pretreatment is accomplished by a BMP designed to provide controlled removal of oils and grease, coarse to fine sediments, and may provide for a containment area in the case of an accidental spill or other release.

*Runoff:* That portion of precipitation that does not infiltrate or evaporate but runs off to a surface water feature or stormwater collection system.

*Sediment Basin:* A man-made depression in the ground surface where runoff is collected and stored to allow suspended solids to settle out. Sediment basins may be wet or dry.

*Sediment Forebay:* A small, separate storage area located upstream to the inlet to a stormwater facility used to trap and settle incoming sediments.

*Sediment Sump:* A constructed sump or surface depression used to trap and settle incoming sediments. Generally smaller than a sediment basin or forebay.

*Spill Containment Cell:* A BMP designed to provide controlled removal of oils and grease, coarse to fine sediments, and other subject pollutants to protect groundwater and surface water resources, and to provide for a containment area in the case of a spill or other pollutant release.

*Spill Containment Volume:* The containment volume of stormwater required to protect groundwater and surface water from a release of regulated substances.

*Stormwater Filter:* An open drainage channel or depression, explicitly designed to filter runoff through a self-contained bed of sand to provide water quality treatment and spill containment.

*Vegetated Filter Strip:* A permanent, maintained strip of vegetation designed to slow runoff velocities and filter out sediment and other pollutants from stormwater

*Water Quality Swale:* An open drainage channel or depression with an impermeable liner, explicitly designed to filter runoff through a self-contained bed of sand to provide water quality treatment and spill containment.

*Water Quality Treatment Volume Standard:* Criteria that requires a stormwater treatment volume that is intended to reduce or prevent water quality impacts of stormwater runoff by capturing and treating the initial "first flush" volume expected to contain the majority of pollutants.

## **19.04 STORMWATER DESIGN STANDARDS**

The preferred method of stormwater management within the Village is for Landowners to maintain their stormwater on-site and utilize infiltration. Infiltration systems should be designed to accommodate the 100-yr storm event.

For all projects with off-site stormwater discharges, the Stormwater Standard 1: Water Quality Treatment Volume Worksheet and the Stormwater Standard 2: Channel Protection Volume Worksheet is required to be completed.

Also, if Manufactured Treatment Devices (MTDs) are being proposed for the site, the (MTD) Worksheet is required. In addition, the following information must also be provided on the Site Plan or as an attachment to the Site Plan: Percentage and volume of stormwater runoff proposed to be infiltrated; percentage and volume of stormwater runoff to be discharged to Village storm sewer; percentage and volume of stormwater runoff to be discharged *directly* to surface water: and off-site surface water features (river, creek, pond) to *directly* receive stormwater runoff.

All Landowner making improvements to the Property that requires approval under the Village's Site Plan Review process (multi-family residential, commercial, industrial purposes, or a combination of those uses, etc.), or is modifying the existing stormwater discharge system on the Property that either impacts the Village's system or the retention of stormwater on the Property shall execute a Stormwater Best Management Practices Operations & Maintenance Agreement.

The purpose of such document is for the Landowner (i) to install and maintain stormwater best management practices (BMPs) on the Property in accordance with approved plans and conditions; and (ii) to ensure that the BMPs continue serving the intended function in perpetuity.

19.04.01 Stormwater Standard 1 – Water Quality Treatment Volume

A water quality treatment volume of one-inch generated from the entire site that contributes to runoff is required for all sites, and parking areas. One inch also equals the 90 Percent Non-Exceedance Storm based on the closest weather station (Gull Lake).

To calculate the *volume* in cubic feet of one inch of stormwater runoff: Multiply area contributing stormwater runoff (square feet) by 1/12 feet (0.083).

For the purpose of selecting the appropriate size of a stormwater Manufactured Treatment Device (MTD), the Water Quality Treatment *Flow Rate* (Wq) shall be calculated based on the Rational Method Equation:  $Wq = CIA$ , where

Wq = Discharge in cubic feet per second (cfs)

C = Runoff coefficient depending on the characteristics of the drainage area

I = Rainfall intensity in inches/hour

A = Drainage area in acres

The runoff coefficient (C) shall be a weighted average that is based on the percentage of different surface types shown in the Stormwater Standard 1: Water Quality Treatment Volume Worksheet.

The rainfall intensity (I) to be used shall be 1.44 inches/hour (using 0.72 inches of the 1-year/30- minute storm for the area that represents a treatment volume equivalent to the 90 percent annual non-exceedance storm)

The drainage area (A) means the entire upstream land area which drains to and from that location (in acres).

In addition:

- The MTD shall be designed to treat 100% of the flow without bypass at the calculated water quality treatment flow rate.
- The storm pipe shall be designed at a 10-year storm event.
- The MTD shall have the capacity to handle the designed 10-year storm pipe flows without losing floatables or sediment.

Village-approved catch basin inserts may only be used on sites as a water quality treatment BMP and when hydrodynamic separators and other BMPs are not physically practical due to site characteristics, such as depth to storm sewer, hydraulics, etc.

To meet the objective of Standard 1, the BMP method(s) selected to treat the water quality volume shall be designed on a site-specific basis to achieve a minimum of 80 percent removal of Total Suspended Solids (TSS), as compared with uncontrolled runoff, or a discharge concentration of TSS that does not exceed 80 mg/L. Many BMPs are sufficient individually to achieve the required removal of TSS, or compliance can also be achieved through the use of a system of BMPs that communally, reach the 80% reduction factor. If MTDs are selected as BMPs, they are required to be NJCAT verified and NJDEP certified to satisfy the Water Quality Treatment Volume Standard. The model/size of the certified unit shall be selected on the basis to effectively pre-treat stormwater at the calculated water quality now rate. The NJDEP 50% Certified TSS Removal Rate approximates 80% net TSS reduction for the Kalamazoo region.

The effective removal of TSS and implementation of other stormwater control strategies by other proposed BMPs will be estimated by reference sources such as: "Low Impact Development Manual for Michigan," SEMCOG, 2008; "Non-Point Source Best Management Practices Manual," MDEQ, 2014; "Urban Runoff BMP Pollutant Load Reduction Worksheet Calculator," MDEQ, 1999; and any other Village of Vicksburg acceptable industry standard technical manuals used for estimating stormwater pollutant load reductions by BMPs. The Stormwater Standard 1: Water Quality Treatment Volume Worksheet must be prepared and submitted to demonstrate compliance with this Standard.

#### 19.04.02 Stormwater Standard 2 – Channel Protection Volume

A Channel Protection Performance Standard is required to maintain the post-development project site *runoff volume and peak flow rate* at or below pre-development levels for all storms up to the 2-year, 24-hour event, or 2.37 inches (Source: Rainfall Frequency Atlas of the Midwest, Bulletin 71, Midwestern Climate Center, 1992). If the post-development volume of runoff is equal to or less than the volume of runoff from the existing site then the channel protection performance standard is met. The intent of the Channel Protection Performance Standard is to prevent excess sediment and channel instability caused by the increased rate and volume of stormwater runoff that can result from development.

Compliance with this requirement is determined by calculating the existing ("pre-development") and post-development runoff volume and rate for the 2-year and smaller events. If the post-development volume or rate exceeds the existing volume or rate, then appropriate controls or design changes shall be implemented to make post-development runoff volume and rate equal to or less than the existing levels for all storms up to the 2-year, 24-hour event. If site conditions

challenge or prohibit feasibility of meeting this standard, the applicant should consider the incorporation of green infrastructure requirements. If extended detention is used as a post-construction stormwater runoff control, additional BMPs will likely be needed to maintain the pre-development volume and peak rate levels for all storms up to the 2-year, 24-hour event. The Rational Method Equation will be used to calculate whether BMPs are necessary to meet the Channel Protection Performance Standard.

The appropriate use, implementation, and estimated effectiveness stormwater control strategies by proposed BMPs will be determined by reference sources such as: "Low Impact Development Manual for Michigan," SEMCOG, 2008, and "Non-Point Source Best Management Practices Manual," MDEQ, 2014, and any other Village of Vicksburg acceptable industry standard technical manuals. The Stormwater Standard 2: Channel Protection Volume Worksheet is required to demonstrate compliance with this Standard.

#### 19.04.03 Stormwater Standard 3 – Flood Control

A flood control performance standard is required to ensure stormwater entering the Village MS4 is  $\leq$  than the existing (pre-development) conditions and on-site retainage is properly designed to protect neighboring properties. The Village Engineer or designee will review each site plan for approval on a case-by-case basis to determine if the proposed strategy meets industry standards and is appropriate for the specific site.

### 19.05 **MANUFACTURED TREATMENT DEVICES (MTDs)**

If Manufactured Treatment Devices (MTDs) are proposed to be used, the MTD Worksheet is required to be prepared and submitted to determine compliance with these Standards. In addition, a Stormwater Best Management Practice Operations and Maintenance Agreement between the Village and the Landowner or Designee is required

#### 19.05.01 Catch Basin/Inlet Inserts

Only by review and approval of the Village, a site may be allowed to use Village-approved catch basin inlet inserts that provide treatment through vertical (gravity-based) flow *only*. These systems require a suitable treatment media (filter) for the subject contaminants of concern at the subject site. Typically, these systems are used for small higher-risk sites (e.g., gasoline stations or larger parking lots) where the larger hydrodynamic separators are not practical. Detailed hydraulic calculations shall be provided to demonstrate that the system will treat the first one inch of rainfall (the first flush) and have the capacity to allow flows from the 10-year storm to pass without causing surface ponding.

#### 19.05.02 Hydrodynamic Separators

Many proprietary stormwater systems may not achieve full spill containment volumes as a stand-alone practice. Proprietary stormwater treatment systems can be used alone or in combination with other BMPs to meet the treatment criteria. Acceptable proprietary stormwater treatment systems must be NJCAT verified and NJDEP certified. See the Manufactured Treatment Device requirements in the Stormwater Standard 1 section.

#### **19.06 “HOT SPOTS” PROPERTIES**

If the subject property is a potential “Hot Spot” area with the potential for significant pollutant loading or with the potential for contaminating public water supply (wells), additionally site-specific requirements may apply to address the contaminate(s) of concern. Example of typical “hot spots” areas included, but not limited to gas stations, commercial vehicle maintenance and repair, auto recyclers, recycling centers, and scrap yards.

#### **19.07 CONTAMINATED PROPERTIES**

If the subject property contains soil and/or groundwater contamination, site-specific requirements may apply. See MDEQ Post-Construction Storm Water Runoff Controls Program Compliance Assistance Document (MDEQ, 2014) for specifics regarding stormwater. The property owner or the property owner’s representative shall contact the Kalamazoo District MDEQ Office Remediation and Redevelopment staff prior to approval of the site plan for answers to questions regarding all state environmental regulations and requirements pertaining to site specific requirements. Property owner shall provide documentation and supporting material to the Village regarding aforementioned contact and MDEQ requirements prior to approval. The Village will make any site plan approval contingent to the property owner meeting the MDEQ requirements.

STORMWATER STANDARD 1: WATER QUALITY TREATMENT VOLUME WORKSHEET	
Option 1: Based on Volume Calculation	
Applies to all development/re-development sites and parking lots	
Developer must treat first 1-inch of stormwater runoff to remove 80% of total suspended solids (TSS) and any other identified pollutant of concern. One-inch of runoff also equals the 90% non-exceedance storm, based on the closest weather station (Gull Lake).	
	<b>Result</b>
<b>1. Calculate the <i>volume</i> of one inch of stormwater runoff, multiply area contributing runoff (ft<sup>2</sup> by 1/12 foot (0.083)).</b>	ft <sup>3</sup>
<b>2. List and provide a Figure showing the locations of all proposed BMPs to meet the Water Quality Treatment Volume.</b>	<b>BMP Treatment Volume (ft<sup>3</sup>)</b>
Constructed Wetlands	
Wet Ponds/Retention Basins	
Extended Detention / Dry Pond	
Vegetated Filter Strip	
Vegetated Filter Swale	
Constructed Filters	
Vegetated Roofs	
Other (List)	
<b>Total Treatment Volume (ft<sup>3</sup>):</b>	
If Treatment Volume ≥ 1-inch volume for the project site, Stormwater Standard 1 is met.	
<b>3. A signed Stormwater Best Management Practices Operations &amp; Maintenance Agreement between the Village and the Landowner or Designee is required (Village Form provided).</b>	
<b>PROJECT NAME:</b>	
<b>PROJECT ADDRESS:</b>	<b>DATE</b>

STORMWATER STANDARD 1: WATER QUALITY TREATMENT VOLUME WORKSHEET	
Option 2: Based on Flow-Rate Calculation (MTD)	
Applies to all development/re-development sites and parking lots	
	<b>Result</b>
The Rational Method Equation will be used to calculate BMP design flow rates: $Wq = CIA$ , where C = Runoff Coefficient; I = Rainfall Intensity (inches per hour); A = Drainage Area (Acres)	
<b>1. Calculate Area (A) of the site in square feet and divide by 43,560 ft<sup>2</sup>.</b>	acres
<b>2. Rainfall intensity (I) in inches/hour by using 1.44 inches/hour (1-year/30 minute storm).</b>	1.44 inches/hour
<b>3. Calculate Runoff Coefficient by using a weighted average that is based on the appropriate percentage of different surface types existing at the site. Runoff Coefficient ranges for various ground cover are shown in table below.</b>	
<b>4. Use the Rational Method Equation: <math>Wq = \text{Area (acres)} \times 1.44 \text{ inches/hour} \times \text{Runoff Coefficient} =</math></b>	ft <sup>3</sup> /sec
	(treatment rate)
<b>Simplified Table of Rational Method Runoff Coefficients (C)</b>	Runoff Coefficient, c
Surface Cover	0.1
Lawns	0.15
Forest	0.25
Cultivated land/gardens	0.3
Meadow	0.9
Asphalt Streets and parking lots	0.8
Brick Streets	0.9
Roofs	0.9
Concrete street and parking lots	
<b>5. List and provide a Figure showing the locations of all proposed BMPs to meet the Water Quality Treatment Volume.</b>	<b>BMP Treatment Rate (ft<sup>3</sup>/sec)</b>
Manufactured Treatment Device (MTD) (e.g. Hydrodynamic Separators)[See MTD WORKSHEET]	
Other (List)	
<b>Total Treatment Rate (ft<sup>3</sup>/sec):</b>	
If MTD Certified Treatment Rate $\geq$ Calculated Rate for the project site, Stormwater Standard 1 is met.	
<b>6. A signed Stormwater Best Management Practices Operations &amp; Maintenance Agreement between the Village and the Landowner or Designee is required (Village Form provided).</b>	
<b>PROJECT NAME:</b>	
<b>PROJECT ADDRESS:</b>	<b>DATE</b>

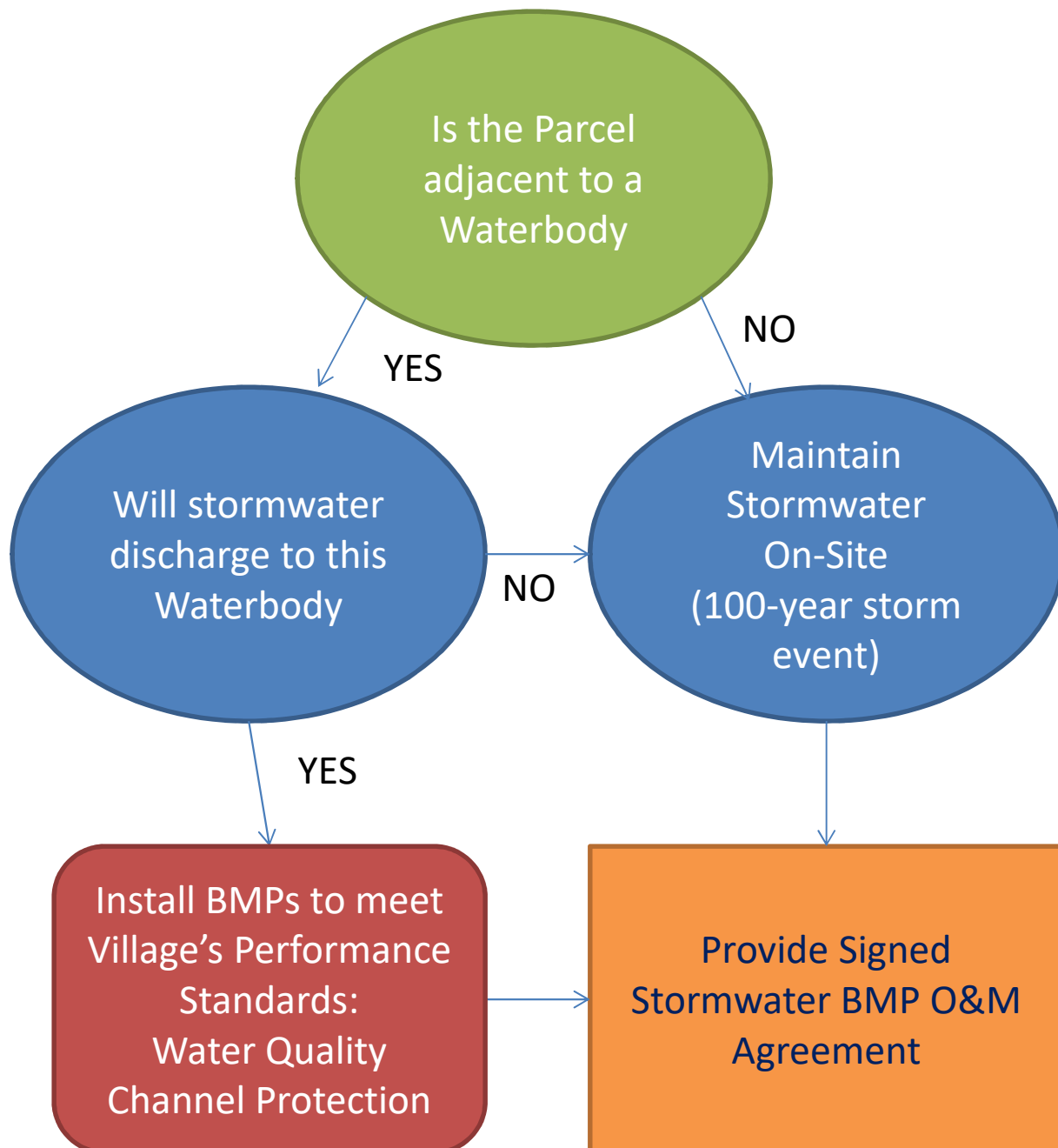


MANUFACTURED TREATMENT DEVICE WORKSHEET	
Applies to all projects that propose to use Manufactured Treatment Devices (MTDs).	
<b>1. All MTDs must be verified by the New Jersey Corporation for Advance Technology (NJCAT) and certified by the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (NJDEP)</b>	
<b>2. The NJDEP 50% Certified TSS Removal Rate approximates 80% TSS reduction for the Kalamazoo area (the required TSS removal rate)</b>	
<b>3. All MTDs are based on treatment flow rates. The required MTD flow rate will be determined by the completion of the Stormwater Standard 1: Water Quality Treatment Volume Worksheet.</b>	
<b>4. The MTS shall be designed to treat 100% of the flow without bypass at the calculated water quality treatment flow rate.</b>	
<b>5. The storm pipe shall be designed at a 10-year storm event</b>	
<b>6. The MTD shall have the capacity to handle the design 10-year storm pipe flows without losing floatables or sediment.</b>	
<b>7. MTD Selection Details</b>	<b>Result</b>
Selected MTD Manufacturer(s)	
Selected MTD Manufacturer Model(s)	
Selected MTD Water Quality Treatment Flow Rate(s) (cfs)	
Cumulative MTD Water Treatment Flow Rate	
Total BMP Treatment Flow Rate from Water Quality Volume Worksheet	
Required Water Quality Treatment Volume from Water Quality Volume Worksheet	
NJDEQ Certified Flow Rate for selected manufacturer and model selection	
<b>8. A signed Stormwater Best Management Practices Operations &amp; Maintenance Agreement between the Village and the Landowner or Designee is required (Village Form provided).</b>	
<b>PROJECT NAME:</b>	
<b>PROJECT ADDRESS:</b>	<b>DATE:</b>

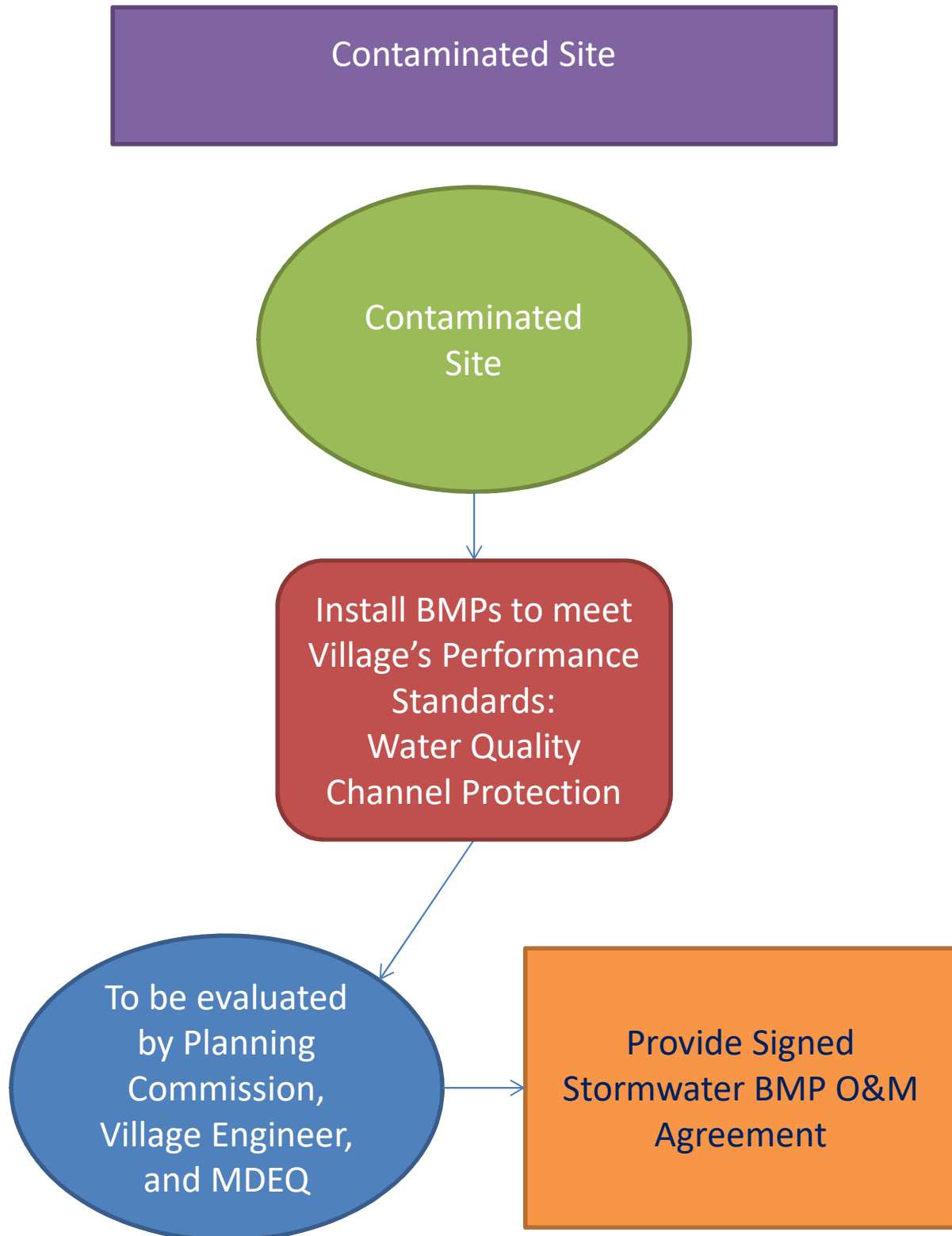
STORMWATER STANDARD 2: CHANNEL PROTECTION VOLUME WORKSHEET	
Applies to all development/re-development sites and parking lots	
	<b>Result</b>
<b>1. Calculate pre-development stormwater runoff volume.</b>	ft <sup>3</sup>
<b>2. Calculate post-development stormwater runoff volume.</b>	ft <sup>3</sup>
<b>3. Difference in pre and post development stormwater runoff volume.</b>	ft <sup>3</sup>
If post-development stormwater runoff volume is $\leq$ pre-development stormwater runoff volume, Stormwater Standard 2 is met (#4 and #5 below are not necessary)	
If post-development stormwater runoff volume is $>$ pre-development stormwater runoff volume, appropriate controls/BMPs or site design changes have to be implemented to make post-development runoff volume and rate $\leq$ the site pre-development levels for all storms up to the 2-year, 24-hour event, or 2.37 inches.	
<b>4. Calculate the <i>volume</i> of 2.37 inches of stormwater runoff by multiplying area contributing runoff (ft<sup>2</sup>) by 0.2 feet</b>	ft <sup>3</sup>
<b>5. List and provide a Figure showing the locations of all proposed BMPs to meet the Channel Protection Volume.</b>	<b>BMP Treatment Volume (ft<sup>3</sup>)</b>
Bioretention (e.g. rain gardens)	
Vegetated Filter Strip	
Vegetated Filter Swale	
Vegetated Roofs	
Infiltration Basin	
Infiltration Trench	
Subsurface Infiltration Bed	
Dry Well	
Pervious Pavement	
Capture/Reuse	
Other (List)	
<b>Total Protection Volume (ft<sup>3</sup>):</b>	
If Protection Volume $\geq$ 2.37 inches for the project site, Stormwater Standard 2 is met.	
<b>6. A signed Stormwater Best Management Practices Operations &amp; Maintenance Agreement between the Village and the Landowner or Designee is required (Village Form provided).</b>	
<b>PROJECT NAME:</b>	
<b>PROJECT ADDRESS:</b>	<b>DATE:</b>

## Stormwater Criteria Flow Chart

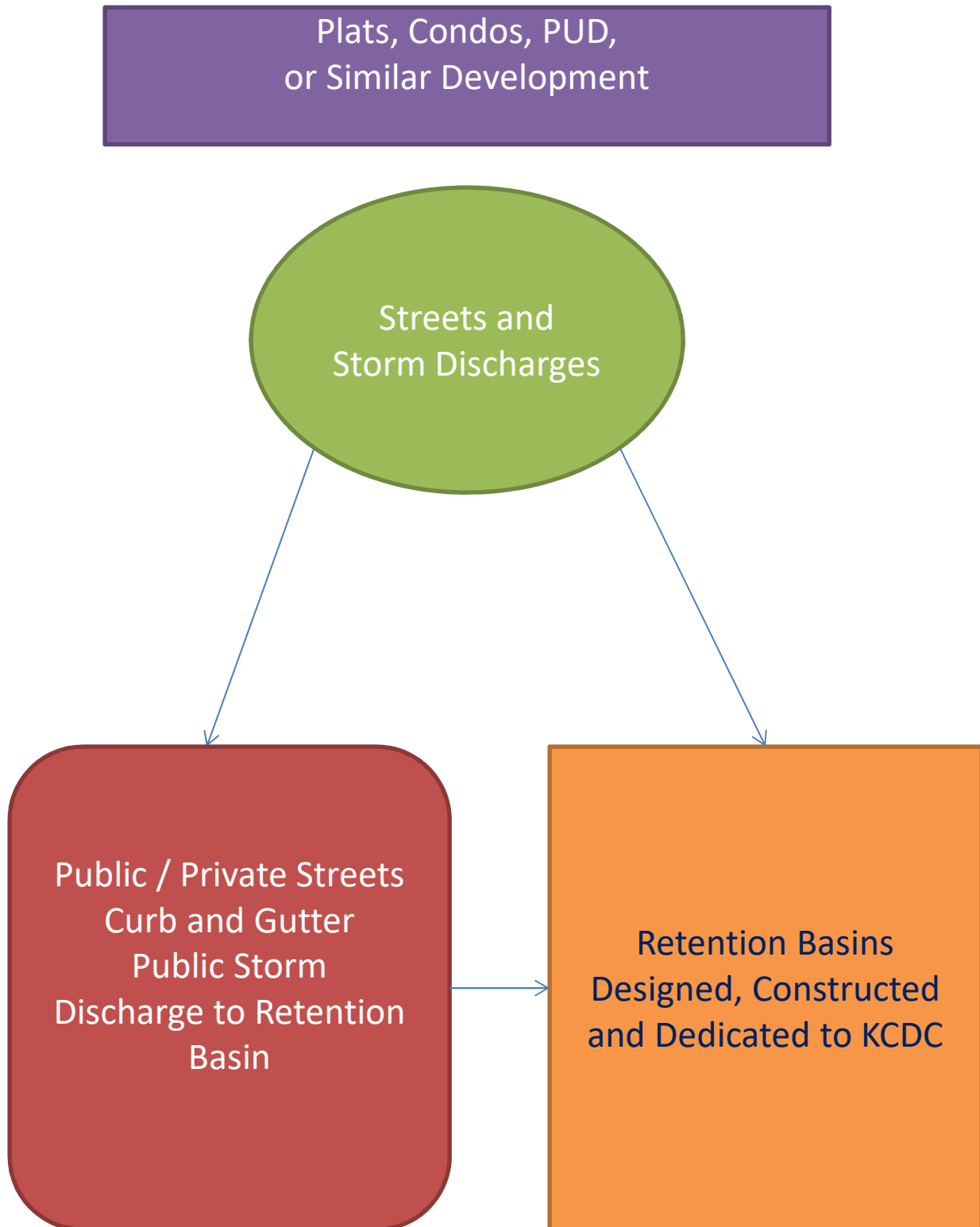
Vacant Undeveloped Parcel  
(Commercial / Industrial / Multi-Family)



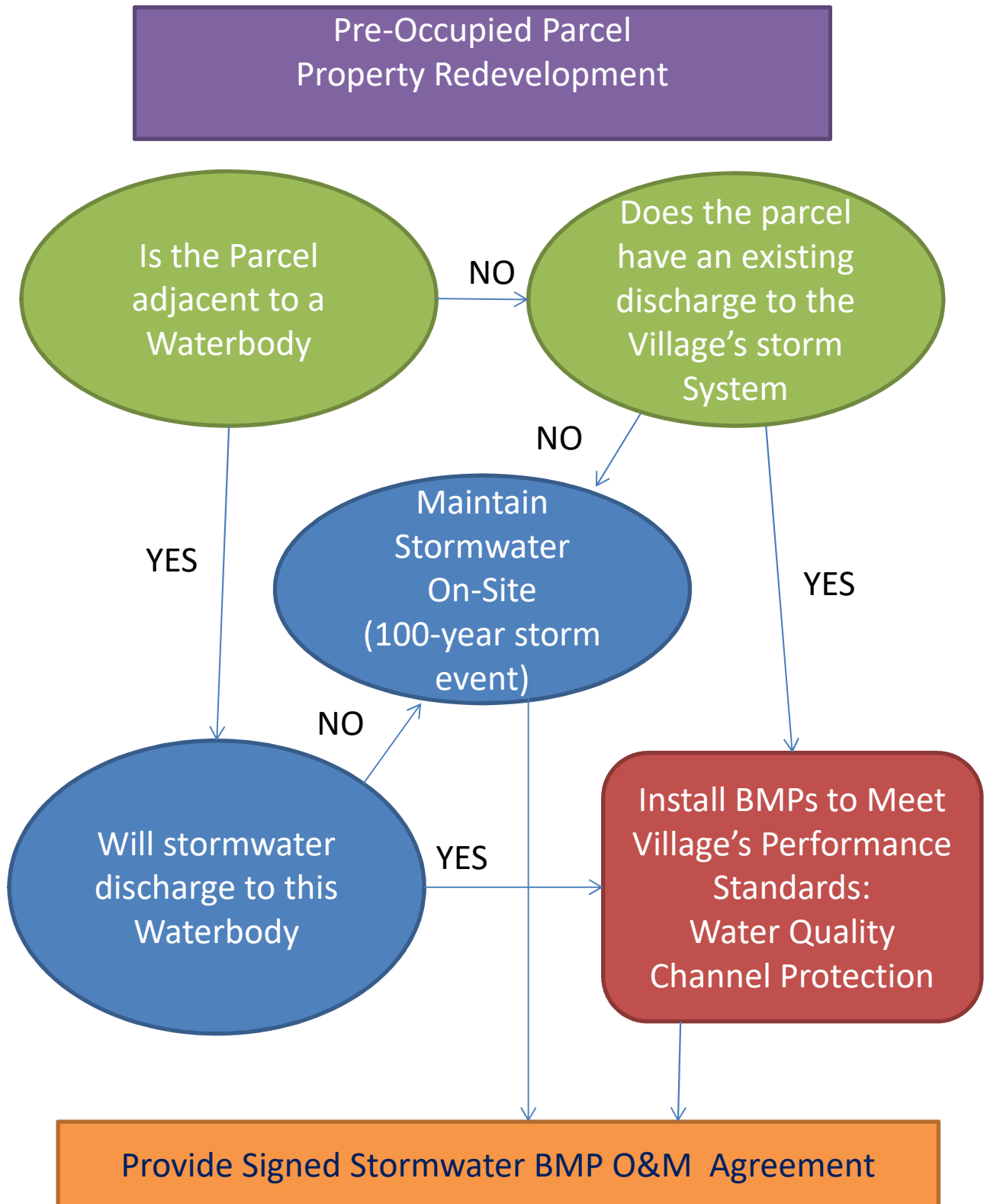
## Stormwater Criteria Flow Chart



## Stormwater Criteria Flow Chart



## Stormwater Criteria Flow Chart



## **SECTION 10**

### **SPECIFICATIONS FOR DRAINAGE**

#### **10.01 STORM SEWER FACILITIES**

Storm sewer facilities located in the road right-of-way shall become the property of the Village of Vicksburg. Storm sewer facilities located outside the road right-of-way may become the property of the Kalamazoo County Drain Commission (KCDC). The following storm sewer system requirements are established as minimums necessary to meet the concerns of the Village of Vicksburg. Meeting these requirements does not in any way substitute for the necessity for obtaining any required permit from and meeting all requirements of, other regulatory agencies, including the Kalamazoo County Drain Commissioner and the Michigan Department of Environmental Quality.

#### **10.02 STORM SEWER DESIGN CRITERIA**

- 10.02.01 Storm sewer collector system design shall be based on a ten-year frequency design rainfall event with a minimum time of concentration equal to 15 minutes, at the ultimate design imperviousness. A complete engineering analysis supporting the design concept utilized will be required for all developments and must be submitted with construction plans.
- 10.02.02 The storm sewer system shall have a positive outlet. If a natural outlet area is not available, a storm water disposal retention area must be constructed.
- 10.02.03 The maximum surface run for storm water in streets or pavement shall be no longer than 300 feet. The surface run shall not be longer than 200' for street grades exceeding 4%. For the purpose of storm sewer cleanout, structures must be placed no further than 400' apart. Drainage structures must be provided at the highest end of radii where drainage may cross an intersected roadway.
- 10.02.04 Drainage structures must be constructed with 2' sumps.
- 10.02.05 During construction and until the Village approves its removal, all drainage structures must be protected from receiving sediment bearing run-off. Inlets shall be covered with an approved filter fabric or other approved method to eliminate soils from infiltrating into the storm sewer system. Routine cleaning of the fabric while it is in place must be accomplished as needed by the Proprietor.
- 10.02.06 Reinforced Concrete Pipe or Smooth-Lined Corrugated Plastic Pipe conforming to Village of Vicksburg "Section 5, Specifications for Storm Sewer", of appropriate size and class is acceptable. Storm sewer less than 12" diameter

shall not be permitted. For plastic pipe the following additional requirements apply. When using plastic pipe, a minimum of 3' of earth cover must be maintained over top of pipe. All installed pipes may be subject to testing per MDOT specifications; documentation of testing must be submitted to the Village of Vicksburg. Typical tests include mandrel, television inspection and backfill compaction. Tests shall be completed prior to paving.

- 10.02.07 Concrete pipe joints must be sealed with cold applied bituminous sealer, flexible watertight rubber gaskets or external-type rubber gaskets. Plastic pipe must have a premium joint sealing system per current MDOT specifications.
- 10.02.08 Only under very special circumstances, leaching basins will be allowed. A full written justification must be submitted with the plans if they are proposed for use. A suggested leaching basin detail may be obtained from the Village of Vicksburg.
- 10.02.09 Edge drains may be required by the Village's Engineer as soil borings and/or field observations warrant. Required edge drains shall meet the material and installation specifications of the MDOT.
- 10.02.10 Prior to acceptance by the Village, all catch basin sumps and other system components shall be inspected and cleaned out of collected materials.

### **10.03 STORM WATER / DRAINAGE REGULATIONS**

#### **10.03.01 Regulations**

The Developer shall provide adequate storm water facilities system to manage storm water run-off from the lands developed, platted, condominiumized and outlets thereto. The storm water system shall have an outlet into a natural body of water, stream or previously established County drain, if available. Outlets to these waterbodies will require meeting Federal, State and local regulations, including the Village's Stormwater Management rules, regulations, and performance standards. If none of these outlets are available, the outlet shall be into an area provided and prepared by the Proprietor to serve as a storm water retention basin and be dedicated to the Kalamazoo County Drain Commission (KCDC).

#### **10.03.02 Basin Area to Kalamazoo County Drain Commission (KCDC)**

Size, design details and soil characteristics of the disposal basin must be approved by the Kalamazoo County Drain Commissioner and its Engineer if the area is to become the responsibility of the Kalamazoo County Drain Commission (KCDC).



The developer shall meet all the requirements as set forth by the Kalamazoo County Drain Commission (KCDC) rules, regulations, and/or policy.

- 10.03.03 Each Developer seeking to subdivide land, pursuant to the Land Division Act, PA 288 of 1967, as amended, shall comply with all provisions of the Land Division Act and in seeking approval of the preliminary and of final plats, shall furnish to the office of the Village of Vicksburg a written certificate of a surveyor detailing the compliance with said Act.

Each Developer seeking to develop land, pursuant to the Condominium Act, PA 59 of 1978, as amended, shall comply with all provisions of the Act and, in seeking approval from the Village of Vicksburg for a condominium project, shall furnish a written certificate of a surveyor detailing compliance with said Act.

- 10.03.04 The Developer shall pay all costs, charges and expenses incurred by the office of the Village of Vicksburg in connection with making determination as to whether the Village can approve the proposed development, including when applicable, transfer of the Drainage system to the jurisdiction of the Drain Commissioner. This shall include any monies expended for services of engineer or for legal fees or for supervision of operations relating to the proposed development or any other expense of any nature incurred by the Village of Vicksburg because of such application. The Developer, at time of request made for approval of a development, shall pay all applicable fees and also deposit with the Village of Vicksburg the sum of \$500 and, upon notice of need of further funds, shall supply same prior to obtaining project approval.

- 10.03.05 The Developer, in connection with each request for approval, shall furnish the Village of Vicksburg sufficient copies of all drawings and documents so that one copy of same may remain permanently in the office of the office of the Village of Vicksburg. Additionally, the Developer shall provide the Village of Vicksburg with one complete set of details, specifications and plans concerning all improvements needed in relation to drainage facilities in the proposed development.

- 10.03.06 In all instances, the Developer seeking approval shall provide the maps and engineering details concerning the drainage of the area which is to be developed, platted or condominiumized and adjacent thereto which will in any manner be affected by such development. Appropriate construction and facilities shall in all instances be constructed to adequately take care of all storm water drainage indicated to result from the area shown to contribute surface water run-off.

Where the Drain facilities will become a part of a drainage system under the jurisdiction of the Kalamazoo County Drain Commissioner, releases of rights-

of-way consistent with the normal releases obtained by the Drain Commissioner in similar cases shall be provided by Developer.

Where the Drain facilities will become a part of a drainage system under the jurisdiction of the Village of Vicksburg, releases of rights-of-way consistent with the normal releases obtained by the Village of Vicksburg in similar cases shall be provided by Developer.

10.03.07 In any instance where deemed necessary by the Village in order to assure construction in accordance with the plans and proposals, the Developer shall furnish bond as required by the Village to guarantee the construction as per plans, or as per approval granted.

10.03.08 The Developer on request of the Village shall furnish title opinion or other evidence showing ownership of the property within the limits of the proposed development.